

Report on Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) for Contamination

Proposed Harrington Waters Lifestyle Village 26, 48 and 56 Manor Road, Harrington

Prepared for Bayline Homes and Developments

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The undersigned, on behalf of Douglas Partners Pty Ltd, confirm that this document and all attached drawings, logs and test results have been checked and reviewed for errors, omissions and inaccuracies.

Signature		Date
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Report on Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) for Contamination Proposed Harrington Waters Lifestyle Village 26, 48 and 56 Manor Road, Harrington

1. Introduction

This report presents the results of a preliminary site investigation (PSI) for contamination undertaken for the proposed Harrington Waters Lifestyle Village at 26, 48 and 56 Manor Road, Harrington. The investigation was commissioned in an email dated 3 June 2019 by Danny Bayly of Bayline Homes and Developments and was undertaken with reference to Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (DP) proposal PMQ190028 dated 31 May 2019.

It is understood that an eleven (11) stage subdivision is proposed for the site which covers an area of approximately 23 hectares and will include the following:

- 292 residential allotments;
- Upgrade of Manor Road to include kerb and guttering, approximately 380 m in length;
- Approximately 4 km of internal roadways;
- Car parking and caravan storage;
- Wetland areas adjacent to Manor Road;
- Proposed detention basins;
- Sewer pump station;
- Village green including retail shops, short term accommodation and rec centre; and
- Tennis courts, club house, gym, bowling green and a Mens shed.

The aim of the PSI was to undertake and provide comment on the following:

- Desktop review including review of geological, topographic and acid sulfate soil risk maps;
- Brief site history review to assess the potential for contamination at the site;
- Site inspection by a geo-environmental engineer to identify areas of potential contamination and assess current site conditions;
- Collection of near surface soil samples;
- Laboratory testing of selected soil samples for a range of potential organic and inorganic contaminants and for assessment of acid sulfate soil (ASS) conditions;
- Preparation of this report presenting the results of the assessment.

The PSI was undertaken with reference to NSW EPA 'Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites' (EPA, 2011) and NEPC (2013). The acid sulfate soil investigation was undertaken with reference to ASSMAC (1998) and QASSIT (2014).



2. Site Description

The site extends across three lots being Lot 2 DP1219123 (26 Manor Road), Lot 4 DP1219124 (48 Manor Road) and Lot 6 DP1217806 (56 Manor Road), Harrington, NSW, as shown on Drawing 1 in Appendix E. The site covers an area of approximately 23 hectares and has a northern frontage of 520 m to Manor Road and Harrington Road.

The site is bounded to the north by Manor Road and Harrington Road, to the east by existing residential development, to the south and west by rural residential properties and the Manning River beyond to the south.

The site is currently zoned R5 'Large Lot Residential' and E2 'Environmental Conservation' under the current Mid-Coast LEP 2010

At the time of the inspection the site comprised a grassed covered area with a number of mature to semi mature trees along the northern frontage and sporadically across the site but mainly constrained to the northern parts of the site. An existing weatherboard house was present in the north western portion of the site which included numerous stockpiles of demolition waste (including metal sheeting, concrete, bricks, metal scaffolding, timber, concrete and tiles). Near to the house was an above ground metal fuel storage tank on a metal stand. A large stockpile of soil with a smaller stockpile of soil, bricks and concrete was also located within the north western portion of the site.

3. Regional Geology, Soil Landscape and Acid Sulfate Soil Mapping

3.1 Geology

Reference to the 1:25,000 scale NSW NCCA Quaternary Geology data set (Figure 1) indicates the site is underlain by Pleistocene aged coastal barrier (yellow shading), which typically comprises marine sand, indurated sand, silt, clay, gravel, organic mud and peat. The coastal barrier materials are generally characterised as low pyrite, low carbonate and low organic content soils. The southern tip of the site is mapped as comprising Holocene aged estuarine plain (green shading), which typically comprises marine sand, silt, clay, shell and gravel. The estuarine plain materials are generally characterised as moderate pyrite, high carbonate and low organic content.



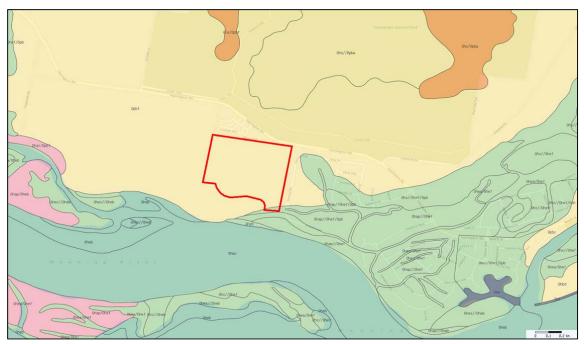


Figure 1: NCCA Quaternary and bedrock geology map with approximate site location (red square)

3.2 Soil Landscape

Reference to the Soil and Land Resources of the Hunter Region (Figure 2) indicates the site is mapped as comprising aeolian soils of the Harrington landscape (green shading). Also within close proximity to the east is mapped as comprising disturbed terrain (purple shading) associated with the previous residential development.

The Harrington landscape is characterised by "level plain to gently undulating plain on Pleistocene backbarrier quartz sands". The soils within this landscape are characterised as "non-cohesive, wind erosion hazard, poor drainage, seasonal waterlogging".





Figure 2: Soil landscape map with approximate site location (red square)

3.3 Acid Sulfate Soils

Reference to the Cundletown 1:25,000 Acid Sulfate Soil Risk Map (Figure 3) indicates the majority of the site is located within an area of "low probability of occurrence at depths between 1 m and 3 m below the ground surface" (yellow shading). The south eastern corner of the site is located within an area of "high probability of occurrence between 1 m and 3 m below the ground surface" (red shading).



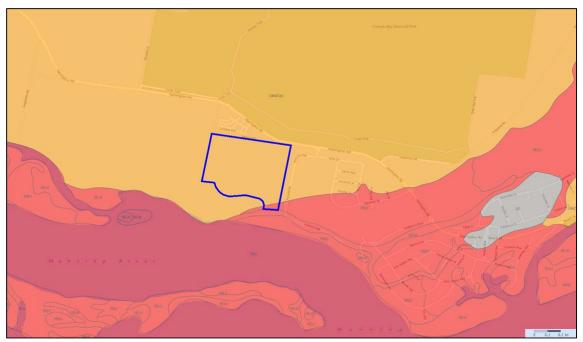


Figure 3: Acid Sulfate Soils Map with approximate site location (red square)

4. Hydrogeology

An online groundwater bore search undertaken with Water NSW indicated that one registered groundwater well is located within 500 m of the site. The nearest registered groundwater well (GW033008.1.1) is located approximately 400 m to the east of the site. The well was drilled to a depth of 3.7 m in 1971, with no further details available. The quality of groundwater in the area is unknown.

Groundwater at the site is expected to flow in a southerly direction towards the Manning River which is located approximately100 m to 250 m to the south of the site. This water body is considered to be the nearest environmentally sensitive receptor.



5. Site History

5.1 Extent of Site History Review

The brief review of site history comprised the following:

- Review of previous DP geotechnical and environmental assessments within the nearby area;
- Historical title deed search;
- Review of historical aerial photos;
- Searches with NSW EPA; and
- Searches of available Council and Government records.

Details are presented in the following sections.

5.2 Previous Douglas Partners Reports

DP has undertaken two previous geotechnical investigations at the site and a number of investigations in the nearby area particularly with the adjacent Harrington Waters development to the east.

The previous investigations undertaken on the site included excavation of 20 test pits, drilling of seven (7) test bores, installation of groundwater monitoring wells at each test bore location to assess water level, assessment of acid sulfate soil conditions, infiltration testing at ten (10) locations, in-situ permeability testing, geotechnical laboratory testing and engineering analysis.

A generalised geotechnical model of the site has been developed based on the previous geotechnical investigations undertaken at the site. The following summarises the generalised geotechnical model for the site:

- Topsoil / Silty Sand to depths ranging from 0.0 m to 0.5m;
- Very loose to loose sand to depths ranging from 0.5 m to 1.5 m;
- Medium dense sand to depths ranging from 1.5 m to 2 m;
- Indurated Sand to depths ranging from 2 m to 3 m;
- Medium dense sand to depths ranging from 3 m to 5 m; and
- Very loose to loose sand and clayey sand from 5 m to 10 m.

Although the previous Test Pits/Bores were not specifically conducted for the assessment of possible site contamination, there were no obvious indications of gross contamination (i.e. odours, staining etc.) within the logs.

Groundwater levels were recorded at depths ranging from 1.2 m to 2.0 m within the pits and bores. It should be noted that groundwater levels are affected by factors such as climatic conditions and soil permeability and will therefore vary with time

The approximate location of the test locations undertaken at the site are shown on Drawing 1 in Appendix E. Copies for previous test pits and test bores are included in Appendix A



A total of 49 ASS screening tests and five (5) detailed ASS tests were carried out on soil samples from the investigation, which indicated that 'actual' acid sulfate conditions were not present at the site in the samples tested. However the results indicated that 'potential' acid sulfate soils were present at the site up to the investigation depths (i.e. 10.5 m) and an acid sulfate soil management plan (ASSMP) is required for any excavation activities.

DP have also undertaken numerous geotechnical and environmental investigations for the adjacent residential development which indicated similar subsurface soil profile and acid sulfate potential.

5.3 Historical Title Search

A historic title deeds search was carried out by InfoTrack, the results of which are provided in Appendix C.

Reference should be made to Figure 4 for the location of the historical lots.



Figure 4: Historical allotment layout

The titles history of the site, shown above, is presented in Table 1 below for the western allotment (yellow shading), Table 2 for the central allotment (green shading) and Table 3 for the eastern allotment (red shading).



Table 1: Historical Title Search - Lot 2, DP1219123 - 26 Manor Road (pink shading)

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available	
17.09.1902 (1902 to 1963)	Alexander Newton (Engineering Student)	
28.06.1963 (1963 to 1982)	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)	
09.07.1982	Terence Charles Clifton	
(1982 to 2016)	Janeen Rhonda Clifton	
17.12.2016 (2016 to date)	# Riverside Manors (Harrington) Pty Ltd	

Notes to Table 1:

No leases were identified during the search

The following easements were found on the allotment

- Right of access (4 metres wide);
- · Easement for services; and
- Easement for overhead power lines (20 metres wide).

[#] Denotes Current Registered Proprietor



Table 2: Historical Title Search - Lot 4, DP1219124 - 48 Manor Road (yellow shading)

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available		
17.09.1902 (1902 to 1963)	Alexander Newton (Engineering Student)		
28.06.1963 (1963 to 1982)	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)		
13.09.1982 (1982 to 1993)	John Andrew Clark Paul Michael Simon Peter James Callaghan		
22.02.1993 (1993 to 1995)	John Andrew Clark (& his bankrupt estate)		
19.12.1995 (1995 to 2016)	J & M MacDonald Pty Limited		
08.12.2016 (2016 to date)	# Riverside Manors (Harrington) Pty Ltd		

Notes to Table 2:

No leases were identified during the search

The following easements were found on the allotment

- Right of access (4 metres wide);
- Easement for services (variable width); and
- Easement for overhead power lines (20 metres wide).

[#] Denotes Current Registered Proprietor



Table 3: Historical Title Search – Lot 6, DP1217806 – 56 Manor Road (red shading)

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available
17.09.1902 (1902 to 1963)	Alexander Newton (Engineering Student)
28.06.1963 (1963 to 1984)	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)
27.04.1984 (1984 to 2016)	Kenneth Edgar Billings Shirley Margaret Billings
29.11.2016 (2016 to 2019)	Riverside Manors (Harrington) Pty Ltd
01.04.2019 (2019 to date)	# Blue Water (Aust) Pty Ltd

Notes to Table 3:

No leases were identified during the search

The following easements were found on the allotment

- Right of access (4 metres wide);
- Easement for services (variable width);
- Right of access (5 metres wide); and
- Easement for overhead power lines (20 metres wide).

A former proposed road within Lot 6 as indicated by the green shading was purchased by William Herbert Sheather in 1969.

The title deed search indicated that the majority of the site has been used for agricultural purposes since 1963 with prior uses unknown.

There were generally no obvious indications of gross potentially contaminating activities based on the results of the title deed search.

[#] Denotes Current Registered Proprietor



5.3.1 Review of Historical Aerial Photos

The following historical aerial photos were reviewed for this assessment:

Table 4: Aerial Photo Review

Year	Approximate Scale	Black and White/Colour
1965	1:40,000	Black and White
1979	1:25,000	Black and White
1981	1:60,000	Black and White
1991	1:25,000	Colour
2002	1:25,000	Colour
2009	NTS	Colour
2011	NTS	Colour
2012	NTS	Colour
2015	NTS	Colour
2018	NTS	Colour

1965 Aerial Photograph

- The site appears to be undeveloped with good coverage of trees across the site;
- Harrington Road and Manor Road are present to the north of the site;
- Surrounding areas appear undeveloped;
- A track is present running from Manor Road along the approximate boundary of Lot 2 to the south
 to approximately half way along the lot before heading east to the approximate boundary of Lot 6
 before heading south towards the Manning River.

1979 Aerial Photograph

- The site appears to be cleared of trees except along Manor Road;
- Pre existing track still present in the north of the site.

1981 Aerial Photograph

Similar to 1979 aerial photo

1991 Aerial Photograph

- House within north western corner of Lot 2 present
- Houses along the river bank present with associated driveways from Manor Road
- Caravan park immediately to the north of Manor Road present
- Harrington Road is sealed with Manor Road unsealed.



2002 Aerial Photograph

- Similar to 1991 aerial photo;
- Further development within caravan park to the north of Manor Road is evident;
- Adjacent residential development commenced.

July 2009 Aerial Photograph

- Similar to 2002 aerial photo
- Grass appears to be brown in colour across the majority of the site with the exception of the northern part of Lot 4 and the western portion of Lot 6;
- Additional trees present across the northern part of the site;
- Above ground storage tank visible adjacent to overhead power pole within north western part of Lot 2;
- Possible stockpiles material adjacent to overhead power pole in Lot 2.

September 2011 Aerial Photograph

- Similar to 2009 aerial photo;
- Dead tree on ground adjacent to house within north western part of Lot 2
- Additional stockpiled material within north western corner of Lot 6.

March 2012 Aerial Photograph

Similar to 2011 aerial photo;

August 2015 Aerial Photograph

- Similar to 2012 aerial photo;
- Dead tree near eastern boundary of Lot 4;

July 2018 Aerial Photograph

- Similar to 2015 aerial photo;
- A number of additional stockpiles of material to the north west and west of the house in the north western part of Lot 2;
- Large stockpile of material to the north east of the house in north western part of Lot 2;
- Other stockpiles of building and construction material present immediately adjacent to the house.

It is noted that data obtained from aerial photos was limited due to the relatively small scale and poor resolution.



5.4 NSW EPA Search

A review of the NSW EPA contaminated land management register indicated the site and immediate surrounds have no notices issued under the Contaminated Land Management Register.

A review of the list of contaminated sites notified to the NSW EPA indicated the site was not listed and immediately surrounding properties were not listed.

A search of the NSW EPA POEO Public Register indicated that there are no POEO Licences for the site, however the register did indicate a number of licences for the adjacent Harrington Waters Estate or immediately nearby properties.

Table 5: NSW EPA POEO Licences for surrounding area

Licence Number	Holder	Purpose	Status
5911	Birdon Sands Pty Ltd	Dredging	Surrendered (2001)
11373	Roche Group Pty Ltd	Dredging	Surrendered (2006)

5.5 SafeWork NSW Search

A search of the stored Chemical Information Database (SCID) and microfiche records at SafeWork NSW regarding licenses to keep dangerous goods did not reveal any records pertaining to the storage of dangerous goods on the site. A copy of the correspondence from SafeWork NSW is provided in Appendix C.

5.6 Council and Government Records Search

A search of the Mid-Coast Council website indicates that no development applications have been submitted on the allotment.

A review of the property reports from the NSW Planning and environment portal was undertaken and indicated the following:

- Lots 2 and 4 are within
 - o Zone R5 Large Lot Residential;
 - Class 3 acid sulfate soils;
- Lot 6 is within:
 - o Zone R5 Large Lot Residential and E2 Environmental Conservation;
 - o Class 2a and 3 acid sulfate soils.

Section 10.7(2) and 10.7(5) certificates were not available whilst preparing this report.



6. Site Condition

A site inspection was conducted on 7, 10 and 12 June 2019 by a senior engineer from DP. Observations made during the inspection are summarised below.

- The site generally had a good covering of grass across the majority of the site (Figure 7);
- Mature to semi mature trees along the northern boundary of the lots, sporadic coverage of trees across the rest of the site;
- Large stockpile of soil, concrete and bricks within the northern part of Lot 2 near the boundary with Lot 4 (Figure 11);
- Weatherboard house within northern part of Lot 2 (Figure 5)
- Above ground metal tank near weatherboard house (Figure 8)
- Stockpiled building and construction materials around weatherboard house, including metal scaffolding poles, bricks, tiles, weatherboard sheets (Figure 5, Figure 6 and Figure 8);
- Below ground concrete septic tank near weatherboard house (Figure 13);
- Small shed with corrugated iron sheeted roof and corrugated asbestos clad walls (Figure 9);
- Evidence of filling or previous fill stockpiles to the west of the weatherboard house with some fibro fragments (i.e. possible asbestos containing materials (ACM)) (Figure 14);
- Grass covered stockpile within Lot 6 near northern boundary;

Refer to Drawing 2 – Site Features in Appendix E for site features and location of the following photographs.

The following photos show parts of the site during the investigation.



Figure 5: View of weatherboard house and surrounding stockpiled material



Figure 6: View of stockpiled concrete fragments, bricks and tiles



Figure 7: View north east from Lot 2 eastern boundary



Figure 8: View of above ground tank and bricks



Figure 9: View of small shed with fibro sheeting (possible ACM) on walls



Figure 10: Fibro fragments around weatherboard house



Figure 11: Large stockpile of soil



Figure 12: Stockpile of soil, bricks and concrete adjacent to large stockpile





Figure 13: View of inside of concrete septic tank



Figure 14: Evidence of Fill and possible ACM fragment

Approximate locations and orientation of photos are shown on Drawing 2 in Appendix E.



7. Potential Contaminants

Based on the available site history information and observations made during the site inspection, the principal on-site sources of potential contamination are considered to be:

- Imported filling within the northern part of Lot 2 and Lot 6, which may contain a range of contaminants depending on the source;
- Presence of stored building materials and other imported materials over unsealed areas of the site;
- Existing structures containing possible hazardous building materials including ACM (i.e. possible damage to cladding/materials);
- Possible hydrocarbon impact from leaking aboveground service tanks (AGST) within northern part of Lot 2;
- Possible pesticide, heavy metal, hydrocarbon impacts from pesticide / herbicide application;
- Possible leaks/migration from onsite septic system.

The risk of gross contamination from off-site land uses is generally considered to be low due to the local topography, the neighbouring residential properties and previous surrounding land uses.

8. Conceptual Site Model

A conceptual site model (CSM) has been prepared for the investigation area with reference to the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 amended 2013 Schedule B2 (NEPC, 2013). The CSM identifies potential contaminant sources and contaminants of concern, contaminant release mechanisms, exposure pathways and potential receptors.



Table 6: Conceptual Site Model

Known and Potential	Primary Release	Sacandary Palagas Machaniam	Potential Impacted	Contaminants of	Evnesure Bethwey	Potential Receptors	
Primary Sources	Mechanism	Secondary Release Mechanism	Media	Concern	Exposure Pathway	Current	Future
Possible imported filling and stored building materials within the site (source unknown)	Placement of filling on- site	Long-term leaching of contaminants via runoff, rain water infiltration / percolation or exposure/disturbance during proposed development	Soil, groundwater, surface water	TRH, BTEX, PAH, Metals, Pesticides, PCB, OCP/OPP, asbestos	Dermal contact, inhalation (dust/vapours), ingestion	Site users, site workers, Consultants, trespassers, surface water bodies, groundwater,	
Hazardous building materials (HBM), including ACM	Possible demolition or damage to existing structures containing HBM including ACM	Exposure/disturbance during proposed development	Soil, groundwater, surface water	Asbestos, PCB, metals	Dermal contact, inhalation (dust/vapours), ingestion		Potential site users, site workers, maintenance workers, construction
Possible pesticide use	Spraying of weeds/pests and/or spills/leaks from stored pesticides	Long-term leaching of contaminants via runoff, rain water infiltration / percolation through soil, exposure/disturbance during proposed development	Soil, groundwater, surface water	OCP, OPP, TRH, PAH, Metals	Dermal contact, inhalation (dust/vapours), ingestion		trespassers, surface water bodies,
Possible Hydrocarbon Contamination from above ground storage tank	Leakage from tank, spills during refuelling	Long term deterioration of metal tank. Long-term leaching of contaminants via runoff, rain water infiltration / percolation or exposure/disturbance during proposed development	Soil, groundwater, surface water	PAH, TRH, BTEX, metals	Dermal contact, inhalation (dust/vapours), ingestion	neighbouring properties	bodies, neighbouring properties, groundwater
On-site septic system	Leakage from system	Long-term leaching of contaminants via runoff, rain water infiltration / percolation or exposure/disturbance during proposed development	Soil, groundwater, surface water	Nutrients, microbiological impacts, hydrocarbons, Metals,	Dermal contact, inhalation (dust/vapours), ingestion		

Notes to Table 6

Heavy Metals = arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, zinc

TRH = total recoverable hydrocarbons, BTEX – benzene, Toluene, ethyl benzene and xylene

PAH = polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, PCB = polychlorinated biphenyls

OCP = organochlorine pesticides OPP = organophosphorus pesticides



9. Field Work

9.1 Methods

Limited field work was undertaken on the 10 June 2019 and comprised the following:

- Collection of three near surface soil samples at targeted locations;
- Collection of two possible asbestos samples and surrounding soil samples

The approximate sample locations are shown on Drawing 1 in Appendix E along with the previous test locations.

The field work and sampling was undertaken by a senior engineer from DP.

It is noted that an accurate survey was not conducted for this investigation. The locations of the samples were recorded using a hand held GPS which are typically accurate to ± 5 m depending on satellite coverage. Sample locations are therefore approximate only. Test locations from the previous investigation where however surveyed by the project surveyors to Map Grid of Australia (MGA). The location and surface levels of the pits and bores from the previous investigation are presented on the logs in Appendix A.

9.2 Sampling Rationale

Potential sources of site contamination identified in the CSM included imported filling (source unknown), hazardous building materials, possible hydrocarbon and possible pesticides application.

A judgemental sampling procedure was conducted for the preliminary investigation to target the following potential contamination sources:

- Possible area of filling Location 301;
- Possible hydrocarbon contamination Location 303; and
- Possible pesticide use Location 302.

Samples were selected for analysis on the basis of the likely presence of contamination, based on visual evidence of possible contamination (i.e. asbestos or evidence of filling), and proximity to a known source of contamination.

It is noted that the site comprises an area of approximately 23 ha. The three targeted locations undertaken within the investigation area provided preliminary assessment of conditions at the locations tested only.

It is noted that the preliminary contamination assessment has not included an assessment of groundwater.



9.3 Sampling Methods

Near surface soil samples for contamination testing were collected with reference to environmental sampling protocols. Soil samples were collected directly by hand, using disposable new gloves or stainless steel sampling equipment. Care was taken to remove any extraneous material deposited on the sample.

The general sampling procedure comprised:

- Decontamination of all sampling equipment (where used) using a 3% solution of phosphate free detergent (Decon 90) and tap water prior to collecting each sample;
- The use of new disposable gloves for each sampling event;
- Transfer of samples into laboratory-prepared jars and capping immediately;
- Collection of replicate samples for Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA / QC) purposes;
- Collection of replicate soil samples in zip-lock plastic bags at each depth for Photo-ionisation Detector (PID) screening;
- · Collection of ASS samples in plastic wrap and plastic bags to exclude air;
- Labelling of sample containers with individual and unique identification, including project number, sample location and sample depth;
- Placement of the sample jars, ASS samples and replicate sample bags into a cooled, insulated and sealed container with ice for transport to the laboratory; and
- Use of chain of custody (C-O-C) documentation ensuring that sample tracking and custody could be cross-checked at any point in the transfer of samples from the field to the laboratory. Copies of the completed forms are provided in Appendix B.

Following each test bore, the augers were decontaminated using tap water and phosphate free detergent (Decon 90) to minimise the potential for cross contamination.

Replicate samples collected in zip-lock bags were screened for the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using a calibrated MiniRAE Lite PID, with a 10.6 eV lamp, calibrated to 100 ppm Isobutylene.

9.4 Data Quality Objectives (DQOs)

The scope of the PSI was devised generally in accordance with the seven step data quality objective (DQO) process, as documented in Appendix C, Schedule B2, National Environmental Protection Council (NEPC) National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 2013 (NEPC 2013). The DQO process is outlined in Table 7.



Table 7: Data Quality Objectives

DQO	Achievement Evaluation Procedure
Step 1 – State the problem	Possible presence of contamination
Step 2 – Identify the decision	Assess whether the site is suitable for the intended land use from a contamination perspective
	Refer Section 11 for adopted site assessment criteria
	Site history review from previous investigation/s
Step 3 - Identify the inputs to	Selection of appropriate contaminants of concern
the decision	Field and laboratory QA/QC data to assess the suitability of the environmental data for the assessment
Step 4 – Define the Boundary of the Assessment	As defined in Section 2 and shown on Drawing 1 in Appendix E.
Step 5 – Develop of decision	Selected soil samples were analysed for the contaminants of concern as outlined in Section 8.
rule	The field and laboratory data was assessed as reliable by reference to the Data Quality Indicators (DQI) as outlined in Step 7.
Ston & Specification	The site assessment criteria was developed through reference to NEPC 1999 (amended 2013).
Step 6 – Specify the acceptance criteria	The acceptance limits for laboratory QA/QC parameters were based on the laboratory reported acceptance limits and those stated in NEPC 2013.
	Design was optimised by the development of a plan for sample collection, handling and analysis, including undertaking quality assurance and quality control measures to allow assessment of the suitability of the data collected.
	Measurement to assess the project DQOs using data quality indicators (DQIs) as follows:
Step 7 – Optimise the design	Completeness – completion of field and laboratory chain of custody documentation, use of experienced field staff, compliance with holding times and documentation correct
for obtaining data	Comparability – consistent sampling procedures, use of NATA certified laboratory and experienced field staff
	Representativeness – appropriate media sampled
	Precision - Analysis of field and laboratory replicates and achievement of acceptable RPDs, acceptable levels for laboratory QC criteria
	Accuracy – Analysis of field duplicates, matrix spikes and surrogate spikes



9.5 Field QA / QC

Quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) procedures were adopted throughout the field sampling programme and comprised the following:

- Following standard operating procedures;
- Storage of samples under secure, temperature controlled conditions; and
- Use of chain of custody documentation for the handling, transport and delivery of samples to the selected laboratory.

9.6 Laboratory QA/QC

The NATA accredited chemical laboratories undertook in-house QA/QC procedures involving the routine testing of:

- Reagent blanks;
- Spike recovery analysis;
- Laboratory duplicate analysis;
- Analysis of control standards;
- · Calibration standards and blanks; and
- Statistical analysis of QC data.

9.7 Contamination Observations

Observations of potential contamination across the site is summarised below in Table 8.

Table 8: Potential Contaminant Observations within Test locations

Potential Contaminant Observation	Observations
Filling	Stockpiled materials
Anthropogenic inclusions (Glass, Steel, Plastic)	Stockpiled materials
Possible Asbestos Containing Material – Fibro fragments	Fibro sheeting on small shed and fragments observed near surface around potential filled areas

PID screening generally indicated the absence of gross volatile hydrocarbon impact (PID <1 ppm) in the samples screened.

There was no visual or olfactory evidence (i.e. staining or odours) to suggest the presence of gross contamination within the soils investigated to the depths investigated (i.e. <0.1 m depth).



10. Proposed Development

It is understood that an eleven (11) stage subdivision is proposed for the site which covers an area of approximately 23 hectares and will include the following:

- 292 residential allotments;
- Upgrade of Manor Road to include kerb and guttering, approximately 380 m in length;
- Approximately 4 km of internal roadways;
- Car parking and caravan storage;
- Wetland areas adjacent to Manor Road;
- Proposed detention basins;
- Sewer pump station;
- Village green including retail shops, short term accommodation and rec centre; and
- Tennis courts, club house, gym, bowling green and a Mens shed.

It is further understood that approximately $150,000 \text{ m}^3$ of fill is proposed to be brought to the site to raise the surface level above the flood zone. The filling is proposed to raise the surface by up to 1.5 m.

11. Site Assessment Criteria

11.1 Introduction

The proposed development includes residential land use.

The assessment and characterisation of the material on the site and the results of laboratory testing have been compared to the following guidelines:

- National Environmental Protection Council (NEPC), 'National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measures' (NEPM), 1999 (amended 2013) (NEPC, 2013);
 and
- NSW EPA, 'Waste Classification Guidelines, Part 1: Classifying Waste', November 2014 (EPA, 2014a).

The investigation and screening levels applied in the current investigation comprise levels adopted for a generic residential with garden / accessible soil use scenario (HIL-A).

11.2 Health Investigation and Screening Levels

The generic health investigation levels (HIL) and health screening levels (HSL) are considered to be appropriate for the assessment of contamination at the site. The adopted soil HIL and HSL for the potential contaminants of concern are presented in Table 9.



Table 9: HIL and HSL in mg/kg Unless Otherwise Indicated

	L and 113L in mg/kg omess otherw	HIL-A	HSL-A ⁴	HSL-A ⁵
Contaminar	nts		Vapour	Direct
			Intrusion	Contact
	Arsenic	100	NC	NC
	Cadmium	20	NC	NC
	Chromium (VI)	100	NC	NC
Metals	Copper	6,000	NC	NC
Wetais	Lead	300	NC	NC
	Mercury (inorganic)	40	NC	NC
	Nickel	400	NC	NC
	Zinc	7.400	NC	NC
PAH	Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ ¹	3	NC	NC
РАП	Naphthalene	3	NL	1,400
	Total PAH	300	NC	NC
	C6 - C10 (less BTEX) [F1]	NC	200	4,400
TOU	>C10-C16 (less Naphthalene) [F2]	NC	NL	3,300
TRH	>C16-C34 [F3]	NC	NC	4,500
	>C34-C40 [F4]	NC	NC	6,300
	Benzene	0.5	0.5	100
DTEV	Toluene	160	540	14,000
BTEX	Ethylbenzene	55	NL	4,500
	Xylenes	40	170	12,000
	Aldrin + Dieldrin	6	NC	NC
	Chlordane	50	NC	NC
	DDT+DDE+DDD	240	NC	NC
ОСР	Endosulfan	2,700	NC	NC
OCP	Endrin	10	NC	NC
	Heptachlor	6	NC	NC
	HCB	10	NC	NC
	Methoxychlor	300	NC	NC
OPP	Chlorpyrifos	160	NC	NC
PCB ²		1	NC	NC

Notes to Table 9:

- 1 Sum of carcinogenic PAHs
- Non dioxin-like PCBs only.
- The soil saturation concentration (Csat) is defined as the soil concentration at which the porewater phase cannot dissolve any more of an individual chemical. The soil vapour that is in equilibrium with the porewater will be at its maximum. If the derived soil HSL exceeds Csat, a soil vapour source concentration for a petroleum mixture could not exceed a level that would results in the maximum allowable vapour risk for the given scenario. For these scenarios, no HSL is presented for these chemicals and the HSL is shown as 'not limiting' or 'NL'.
- 4 The HSL have been calculated for a potential vapour intrusion pathway, a conservative sand soil (based on nature of filling) and an assumed depth to contamination of 0 m to <1.
- 5 The HSL have been calculated for the direct contact pathway

NC - No Criteria.

As shown in Table 9 the HSLs for potential vapour intrusion pathways are non-limiting, due to the land use type (i.e. open space). For this reason, the adopted HSLs are predicated on a potential direct contact pathway identified in the CSM and are therefore the drivers for further assessment and / or remediation (if required).



11.3 Ecological Investigation Levels

EIL and Added Contaminant Limits (ACLs), where appropriate, have been derived in NEPC (2013) for only a short list of contaminants comprising As, Cu, Cr (III), DDT, naphthalene, Ni, Pb and Zn. The adopted EIL, derived using the *Interactive (Excel) Calculation Spreadsheet* (Standing Council on Environment and Water (SCEW) website (http://www.scew.gov.au/node/941)) are shown in the following Table 10.

Table 10: EIL in mg/kg

	Amaluta	EIL	Comments				
1	Analyte	Residential					
	Arsenic	100					
	Cadmium	NC					
	Chromium III	320	Adopted parameters				
Matala	Copper	100	pH = 5 (based on laboratory testing) CEC = 5 cmol _c /kg];				
Metals	Nickel	35	assumed clay content [5%]				
	Lead	1,100	Organic content 1%				
	Mercury	NC	'Aged' (>2 years) source of contamination				
	Zinc	210	L ow traffic volumes in NSW				
PAH	Naphthalene	170					
ОСР	DDT	320					

11.4 Ecological Screening Levels

ESL are used to assess the risk of selected petroleum hydrocarbon compounds, BTEX and benzo(a)pyrene to terrestrial ecosystems. The adopted ESL are shown in the following Table 11.

Table 11: ESL in mg/kg

	Analyte	ESL (Residential) ¹				
	C6 – C10 (less BTEX) [F1]	180				
TRH	>C10-C16 (less Naphthalene) [F2]	120				
IKH	>C16-C34 [F3]	300				
	>C34-C40 [F4]	2,800				
	Benzene	50				
BTEX	Toluene	85				
DIEX	Ethylbenzene	70				
	Xylenes	105				
PAH	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.7				

Notes to Table 11:

^{1.} The ESL have been calculated for a coarse soil based on a conservative sand soil and recreational landuse.



11.5 Management Limits

In addition to appropriate consideration and application of the HSL and ESL, there are additional considerations which reflect the nature and properties of petroleum hydrocarbons, including:

- Formation of observable light non-aqueous phase liquids (LNAPL);
- · Fire and explosion hazards;
- Effects on buried infrastructure e.g. penetration of, or damage to, in-ground services.

The adopted management limits from Schedule B1 of NEPC (2013) are shown in the following Table 12.

Table 12: Management Limits in mg/kg

	Analyte	Management Limit	Comments
TRH	C ₆ – C ₁₀ (F1) [#]	700	The management limits have
	>C ₁₀ -C ₁₆ (F2) [#]	1,000	been calculated for a
	>C ₁₆ -C ₃₄ (F3)	2,500	conservative coarse sand and
	>C ₃₄ -C ₄₀ (F4)	10,000	residential landuse

Notes to Table 12:

11.6 Asbestos in Soil

Asbestos only poses a risk to human health when asbestos fibres are made airborne and inhaled. If asbestos is bound in a matrix such as cement or resin, it is not readily made airborne except through substantial physical damage. Bonded ACM in sound condition represents a low human health risk, whilst both Fibrous Asbestos (FA) and Asbestos Fines (AF) materials have the potential to generate, or be associated with, free asbestos fibres. Consequently, FA and AF must be carefully managed to prevent the release of asbestos fibres into the air.

A detailed asbestos assessment was not undertaken as part of these works. Therefore the presence or absence of asbestos at a limit of reporting of 0.1 g/kg has been adopted for this assessment as an initial screen.

11.7 Waste Classification

The results of chemical testing were also compared against NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines (EPA, 2014a) for a preliminary assessment of possible off-site disposal options to a licenced facility. For comparison purposes the results were also compared to NSW EPA Excavated Natural Material (ENM) criteria (EPA, 2014b).

[#] Separate management limits for BTEX and naphthalene are not available hence these have not been subtracted from the relevant fractions to obtain F1 and F2



12. Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing for the preliminary investigation was undertaken by Envirolab Services, a National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia (NATA) registered laboratory. Analytical Methods used are shown on the laboratory sheets in Appendix B.

12.1 Contamination Testing

A total of three soil samples were selected for analysis for the following potential contaminants:

- Metals (Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Nickel, Zinc);
- Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons (TRH);
- Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylene (BTEX);
- Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH);
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs);
- Organochlorine (OCP) and Organophosphate (OPP) Pesticides; and
- Asbestos Identification.

An additional three samples were submitted for asbestos ID testing with two samples of possible asbestos sheeting fragments and a soil sample collected immediately beneath a fragment.

The detailed results of chemical analysis on the tested samples are presented in the laboratory report sheets in Appendix B, and are summarised in Table 13 to Table 16, below.

Based on a review of the report QC results, it is considered that the laboratory test data obtained are reliable and useable for this assessment. The results of QA/QC testing are presented in Appendix B.



Table 13: Laboratory Results for Metals in Soil

Location	Depth (m)	Fill (F) / Natural (N)	PID (ppm)	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn
	()	ratarar (14)	(ppiii)	mg/kg							
301	0.05	F <1			<0.4	18	8	4	<0.1	14	31
302	0.05	F	<1	<4	<0.4	1	<1	4	<0.1	<1	2
303	0.05	N	<1	<4	<0.4	7	8	6	<0.1	6	32
Laboratory F	PQL	•		4	0.4	1	1	1	0.1	1	1
NEPM HIL A1				100	20	100	6000	300	40	400	7400
Ecological Investigation Levels (ELs) - Urban residential/Public open space					NC	320	100	1100	NC	35	210
NSW EPA - G	eneral Solid	Waste Guide	lines - CT1	100	20	100	NC	100	4	40	NC
NSW EPA - R	estricted So	lid Waste Gu	idelines -	400	80	400	NC	400	16	160	NC
ENM Order (2 Concentration	40	1	150	200	100	NC	60	300			
ENM Order (2 Concentration	20	0.5	75	100	50	NC	30	150			
Average Concentration Fill Natural					<0.4	10	8	4	<0.1	14	17
					<0.4	7	8	6	<0.1	6	32
Maximum C	oncentration	1		4	<0.4	18	8	6	0	14	32

Notes to Table

Total concentration results in mg/kg on a dry w eight basis

CT - Concentration Threshold

NC - No Criteria

PID - Photoionisation Detector

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limits

1 - Health Based Criteria for Recreational Landuse

2 - Chromium (VI) (Conservative)

exceeds NEPM Health Investigation Levels for Recreational Landuse exceeds NSW EPA Excavated Natural Material Order

Bold results exceed NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines for General Solid Waste without leachability testing UNDERLINE results exceed NEPM Ecological Investigation Levels (Urban residential / public open space)



Table 14: Laboratory Results for TRH, BTEXN in Soil

		PID (ppm)							T	TRH				TRH (NEP	M)					BTEXN		
Bore	Depth (m)		C ₆ - C ₉	C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀ -BTEX)	F2 (>C ₁₀ -C ₁₆ - Naphthalene)	F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀)	F2 (>C ₁₀ -C ₁₆)	F3 (>C ₁₆ -C ₃₄)	F4 (>C ₃₄ -C ₄₀)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Xylenes	Naphthalene					
			mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg					
301	0.05	<1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<25	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<3	<1					
302	0.05	<1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<25	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<3	<1					
303	0.05	<1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<25	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<3	<1					
Laboratory I	PQL		25	50	100	100	25	50	25	50	100	100	0.2	0.5	1	3	1					
NEPM HSL A	SAND		NC		NC	•	200	NL	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.5	540	NL	170	NL					
NEPM ESL / E Soils	EL Residential	Coarse	NC	NC NC		180	120	NC	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	170						
	nt limits for TP coarse soils -		NC	NC NC		NC	NC	700	1000	2500	10000	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC						
NSW EPA - G Guidelines -	eneral Solid W CT1	/aste	650		10000 tota	il	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	10	288	600	1000	NC					
NSW EPA - R Guidelines -	estricted Solid	l Waste	2600		40000 tota	ıl	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	40	1152	2400	4000	NC					
	2014) - Absolu oncentration	te	NC	NC 500		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.5	65	25	NC	NC						
ENM Order (2014) - Maximum Average Concentration		NC	NC 250		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC							
Average Concentration <25 <50 <100 <100		NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<3	<1										
Maximum Concentration		<25	<50	<100	<100	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<3	<1						

Notes to Table:

All results in mg/kg on a dry w eight basis

CT - Concentration Threshold

NC - No Criteria

PID - Photoionisation Detector

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limits

exceeds NEPM HSL Health-Based Criteria for Residential Landuse

exceeds NEPM management limits for TPH fractions in coarse soils - Residential Landuse (Landuse)

Underlined results exceed the NEPM ESL guideline values for Residential Landuse

Bold results exceed NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines for General Solid Waste without leachability testing



Table 15: Laboratory Results for PAH, OCP, OPP and PCB

Bore	Depth (m)	Depth (m)		Total	Total PAH*	Benzo(a) Pyrene	Benzo(a) Pyrene TEQ	PCB*	Total *OPP	Chlorpyrifos	Total* OCP	Endos ulphan*	Aldrin + Dieldrin*	Chlordane	DDT+DDE +DDD*	Endrin	Heptachlor	НСВ	Methoxychlor
	()	(PP)		mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg		
301	0.05	<1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		
302	0.05	<1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		
303	0.05	<1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		
Laboratory	PQL	,	0.05	0.05	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		
NEPM HIL A	1		300	NC	4	1	NC	160	NC	270	6	50	240	10	6	10	300		
NEPM ESL/E A,B,C - Coar			NC	0.7	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	320	NC	NC	NC	NC		
NSW EPA - C Waste Guid			200	0.8	NC	50	NC	4	NC	60	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC		
NSW EPA - F Waste Guid			800	3.2	NC	50	NC	16	NC	240	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC		
ENM Order Maximum C	. ,		40	1	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC		
ENM Order Maximum A	verage		20	0.5	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC		
Average Co	ncentrat	ion	<0.05	<0.05	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		
Maximum C	Concentr	aion	0	0	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		

Notes to Table:

Total concentrations in mg/kg on a dry w eight basis

TCLP and ASLP concentrations in mg/L

CT - Concentration Threshold

NC - No Criteria

PID - Photoionisation Detector

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limits

TEQ - Toxicity Equivalent Quotient

1 - Health Based Criteria for Residential Landuse

exceeds NEPM Health Investigation Levels for Residential Landuse

Bold results exceed NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines for General Solid Waste considering leachability testing

<u>UNDERLINE</u> results exceed NEPM Ecological Screening Levels

^{*} Sum of positive values



Table 16: Laboratory Result of Asbestos Identification Testing (soil)

Sample ID Sample		Approx. Sample		Result			
/ Depth (m)	/ Depth Type		Description	Asbestos ID in Soil	Trace Analysis		
301	Soil	25	Brown sandy soil	No asbestos detected at reporting limit of 0.1g/kg: Organic fibres detected	No asbestos detected		
302	Soil	20	Brown sandy soil	No asbestos detected at reporting limit of 0.1g/kg: Organic fibres detected	No asbestos detected		
303	Soil	15	Brown sandy soil	No asbestos detected at reporting limit of 0.1g/kg: Organic fibres detected	No asbestos detected		
305a Soil 20 B		Brown sandy soil	No asbestos detected at reporting limit of 0.1g/kg: Organic fibres detected	No asbestos detected			

Table 17: Laboratory Result of Asbestos Identification Testing (Materials)

Sample ID	Sample		Result		
/ Depth (m)	size (mm)	Description	Asbestos ID in Materials		
304	117 x 18 x 7	Beige compressed fibre cement material	Chrysotile asbestos detected Amosite asbestos detected		
305	65 x 48 x 6	Beige layered fibre cement material	No asbestos detected		

12.2 Acid Sulfate Screening Tests

Acid sulfate soil screening tests were undertaken during a previous investigation by DP at the site. Testing for the preliminary ASS investigation comprised 49 acid sulfate screening tests on samples retrieved from the bores. The results of the previous screening tests are summarised in Table 18.



Table 18: Acid Sulfate Soil Screening Tests

				Screening Test Results			
	Sample		Coil Toydural	рН			
Location	Depth ^a (m)	Sample Description	Soil Textural Classification	рН _F	pH _{FOX}	pH _F - pH _{FOX}	
Bore 1	0.20	TOPSOIL - SILTY SAND	М	5.0	3.1	1.9	
	1-1.45	SAND	С	5.0	4.5	0.5	
	2.5-2.95	SAND	С	5.8	5.0	0.8	
	4-4.45	SAND	С	6.0	5.5	0.5	
	5.5-5.95	SAND	С	6.5	6.0	0.5	
	7-7.45	CLAYEY SAND	М	6.1	2.1	4.0	
	8.5-8.95	CLAYEY SAND	М	6.1	2.1	4.0	
Bore 2	0.20	TOPSOIL - SILTY SAND	М	5.3	3.5	1.8	
	0.40	SILTY SAND	М	5.6	4.3	1.3	
	1-1.45	SAND	С	5.5	4.4	1.1	
	2.5-2.95	SILTY SAND	М	5.5	4.4	1.1	
	4-4.5	SAND	С	6.7	4.7	2.0	
	5.5-5.95	SAND	С	6.5	3.0	3.5	
	7-7.45	CLAYEY SAND	М	5.7	2.1	3.6	
	8.5-8.95	SAND	С	6.1	2.0	4.1	
Bore 3	0.20	TOPSOIL - SILTY SAND	М	5.1	2.4	2.7	
	0.40	SILTY SAND	М	5.1	3.7	1.4	
	0.70	SAND	С	5.3	3.5	1.8	
	1-1.45	INDURATED SAND	С	5.3	4.2	1.1	
	2.5-2.95	SAND	С	5.9	3.9	2.0	
	4-4.45	SAND (some silt and clay)	С	5.9	1.9	4.0	
	5.5-5.95	SAND	С	6.0	2.8	3.2	
	7-7.45	SAND	С	6.0	2.0	4.0	
	8.5-8.95	CLAYEY SAND / SAND CLAY	М	5.9	3.2	2.7	
	10-10.45	SAND	С	5.8	3.5	2.3	
Bore 4	0.20	TOPSOIL - CLAYEY SAND	М	5.0	2.9	2.1	
	0.40	SILTY SAND	М	5.4	3.9	1.5	
	0.80	SAND	С	5.5	3.8	1.7	
	1-1.45	SAND (some clay)	С	5.5	4.4	1.1	
	2.5-2.95	SAND	С	5.5	3.9	1.6	
	4-4.45	SAND (some silt and clay)	С	5.4	2.4	3.0	
	5.5-5.95	SAND (some silt and clay)	С	5.7	2.1	3.6	
Bore 5	0.20	TOPSOIL - SILTY SAND	М	5.0	3.2	1.8	
	0.40	SAND	С	5.0	3.7	1.3	
	1-1.45	SAND	С	5.2	4.0	1.2	
	2.5-2.95	SAND	С	5.6	4.0	1.6	
	4-4.45	SAND	С	5.9	2.8	3.1	
	5.5-5.95	SAND	С	5.9	2.4	3.5	



Table 18: Acid Sulfate Soil Screening Tests (continued)

				Screening Test Results			
	Sam ple		Soil Textural	pH			
Location	Depth ^a (m)	Sample Description	Classification	рН _F	pH _{FOX}	pH _F - pH _{FOX}	
Bore 6	0.20	TOPSOIL - SILTY SAND	М	4.7	3.0	1.7	
	0.40	SAND	С	5.0	3.5	1.5	
	1-1.45	SAND	С	5.0	4.1	0.9	
	2.5-2.95	SAND	С	5.6	3.2	2.4	
Bore 7	0.10	TOPSOIL - CLAYEY SAND	М	5.0	3.0	2.0	
	0.40	SILTY CLAYEY SAND	М	5.0	3.5	1.5	
	0.60	SAND	С	5.3	3.5	1.8	
	1-1.45	SAND	С	5.3	4.1	1.2	
	2.5-2.7	INDURATED SAND	С	5.4	2.7	2.7	
	4-4.45	SAND	С	5.2	1.9	3.3	
	5.5-5.95	SAND	С	5.4	2.1	3.3	
ASSMAC Indicators		Coarse sands, poorly b	uffered				
		Coarse sands to loamy sand	ls and peats	<4°	<3.5 ^d	≥1 ^d	
7.50,111		Medium sandy loams to li	ght clays	\4	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-1	
		Fine medium to heavy clays	& silty clays				

Legend:

- a Depth below ground surface
- b Strength of Reaction
 - 1 denotes no or slight reaction
 - 2 denotes moderate reaction
 - 3 denotes high reaction
 - 4 denotes very vigorous reaction
 - F denotes bubbling/frothy reaction indicative of organics
 - H denotes heat generated
 - C denotes colour change

Bold notates exceedance of net acidity action criteria or ASSMAC indicator

- c For actual acid sulphate soils (ASS)
- d Indicative value only for Potential Acid Sulphate Soils (PASS)

Based on the results of the screening tests, six samples were selected and forwarded to ALS Environmental Pty Ltd to undergo Total Actual Acidity (TAA), Total Potential Acidity (TPA) and Chromium Reducible Sulphur (Scr) testing. The results of these tests are summarised in Table 19, with the laboratory testing certificate provided in Appendix B



Table 19: Results of Detailed Acid Sulfate Soil Testing

Bore	Depth ⁽¹⁾ (m)	RL (m, AHD)	Description	pH _{KCL}	TPA (mol H ⁺ /t)	TAA (mol H ⁺ /t)	Scr (%)
1	7.0 – 7.45	-4.5 to -4.9	Clayey Sand	4.4	180	6	0.27
2	7.00 – 7.45	-4.5 to -4.9	Clayey Sand	4.4	123	6	0.23
3	0.2	2.3	Topsoil – Silty Sand	4.4	26	8	<0.02
3	7.00 – 7.45	-4.5 to -4.9	169	8	0.35		
7	4.00 – 4.45 -1.9 to -2.2 Sand 4.5					15	0.22
	Action criteria for sand (course texture)					18	0.03
Actio	Action criteria for sandy loams to light clays (medium texture) ⁽²⁾					36	0.06

Notes to Table 19:

Shaded samples exceed ASSMAC action criteria (ASSMAC, 1998)

- (1) Depth below existing ground level
- (2) Action criteria level assuming that less than 1000 m3 to be excavated at one time

13. Comments

13.1 Acid Sulfate Soil

The QASSIT guidelines suggest that a soil pH<4 in water (i.e. pH_F) is an indicator of actual acid sulfate soils. The results of screening tests therefore suggest the absence of actual acid sulfate soils at the locations and depths tested.

The QASSIT guidelines also suggest that indicators of potential acid sulfate soils (PASS) include the following:

- Soil pH <3.5 in H₂O₂ (i.e. pH_{FOX}); and
- Drop of 1 pH unit or more between pH_F and pH_{FOX}.

The majority of the samples tested (39) exhibited a pH drop of greater than one unit, however 22 soil samples exhibited a pH below 3.5 following oxidation.

It is noted that the above test method is a qualitative method only and gives an indication of the intensity of total acidification (pH). The ASSMAC guidelines indicate that peroxide may also oxidise organic matter (in addition to pyrite) to produce acids which are unlikely to form under natural conditions, thus giving falsely high indication of acid sulfate potential.

Quantitative results are obtained from laboratory testing by either Suspension Peroxide Oxidation Combined Acidity and Sulfate (SPOCAS) or Chromium reducible sulfur (S_{Cr}) methods. Detailed laboratory testing was carried out on five samples that exceeded the above indicators of acid sulfate soils. The results of these tests are presented in Table 19, Section 12.2.



As outlined in *The Soil Management Guidelines* (Dear, et al., 2014) the action criteria which define the requirement for management of acid sulfate soils vary depending on the amount of soil disturbed and textural classification of the soil.

The results of detailed laboratory analysis confirm that actual acid sulfate soils are not present within the samples tested within the site. However, the results of TPA or %SCr exceed the ASSMAC action criteria (ASSMAC, 1998) for most samples, and is marginal for the topsoil material, and therefore indicate the presence of potential acid sulfate soils (PASS) across the majority of the site.

The results of the acid sulfate soil testing indicates that potential acid sulfate soils (PASS) are generally present in the underlying soils below depths of about 1 m (i.e. below groundwater). The topsoil material does not constitute a significant risk of generating acid upon oxidation.

It is understood that the only excavations at the site are expected to be associated with installation of services and stripping of topsoil prior to placement of filling. An Acid Sulfate Soil Management Plan (ASSMP) is being prepared for the proposed development and will be presented in a separate report. The ASSMP will include details on construction activities involving excavation or possible dewatering and the treatment of acid sulfate soils.

13.2 Contamination Assessment

13.2.1 Contamination Status

The results of the site history review suggested the general absence of gross contaminating landuses or activities for the site, other than historically recent storage of construction materials/waste, former agricultural landuse and the presence of imported filling (source unknown).

The current preliminary assessment comprised collection of near surface samples at limited targeted locations

The current preliminary assessment comprised the collection of near surface soil samples and fibro fragments at targeted locations across the site.

Three soil samples were analysed for the suite of testing outlined in Section 12 for the current preliminary investigation. The results of testing were compared against NEPM for health based investigation / screening levels, ecological investigation / screening levels, total petroleum hydrocarbon management limits for low density residential landuse applicable for urban residential as discussed in Section 11.

All samples tested were below the relevant criteria for the health investigation and screening levels, and environmental investigation and screening levels for the adopted low density residential landuse.

All samples tested returned contaminant concentrations below the total petroleum hydrocarbon management limits.

The laboratory results were generally consistent with the visual and olfactory 'screening' that suggested the absence of gross contamination within the test locations.



Hazardous building materials (HBM) including asbestos, were observed at the surface on the site or on existing structures at the site. Laboratory testing undertaken on collected samples indicated the presence of asbestos to the laboratory reporting limits within one of the samples analysed. Owing to the presence of fill/anthropogenic inclusions and historical demolition activities at the site, there is a risk of HBM (including ACM) in unobserved or untested parts of the site.

No assessment of groundwater was undertaken for the preliminary investigation.

13.2.2 Conclusions

The results of limited testing generally indicated the absence of gross chemical contamination at the near surface locations tested. All samples tested returned contaminant concentrations below the adopted health based investigation / screening levels, ecological investigation / screening levels, total petroleum hydrocarbon management limits for the adopted low density residential land use (refer to Section 11).

Based on the results of the preliminary investigation the site is considered to be suitable for the proposed development from a contamination perspective subject to the following, which should be undertaken prior to the commencement of earthworks construction:

- Additional targeted testing and sampling of fill materials across the site where present to confirm the presence/absence of impacts including HBM. Requirements for remediation/management (if any) would be confirmed following the additional investigation;
- Additional testing over the site to confirm the presence/absence of herbicides and pesticides from previous farm/agricultural site use;
- Appropriate decommissioning of site septic system;
- Incorporation of an unexpected finds protocols into the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) for the development given the presence of filling of unknown origin and possible previous demolition activities.

If additional investigation identifies the presence of contamination requiring remediation/management, remediation and validation of the site should be conducted in accordance with a site specific remediation action plan (RAP).

It is noted that fill materials have been identified within the site (source unknown) together with the presence of anthropogenic inclusions which are considered to be typical of the presence of demolition waste and hazardous building materials (including asbestos containing materials). Additional assessment is therefore recommended to better characterise site conditions. An unexpected finds protocol is also recommended during development to manage this risk.



13.2.3 Preliminary Waste Classification

Based on the site historical information, site investigations and limited laboratory testing the following waste classifications comments are provided:

Existing Filling/Topsoil where tested

- Generally classified as General Solid Waste (GSW) with reference to NSW EPA Waste Classification guidelines (EPA, 2014a).
- Fill materials tested are generally not classified as Excavated Natural Materials (ENM) due to total
 contaminant concentrations and presence of anthropogenic inclusions. It is noted that the
 preliminary sampling and testing conducted to date does not meet the requirements of the NSW
 EPA ENM RRO.
- Although the risk of ASS in filling is considered to be low, ASS conditions should be confirmed prior to disposal or reuse of the soils. Treatment of ASS will be required prior to disposal if ASS are identified.

Materials proposed to be disposed from the site during development should be appropriately classified with reference to NSW EPA Waste Classification guidelines (EPA, 2014a).

During development, it is recommended that appropriate inspections are conducted and if any materials are encountered that are different to the materials sampled and tested or exhibit signs of contamination (e.g. anthropogenic inclusions, fibro fragments, staining or odours etc.), these should be appropriately segregated for further assessment. The handling, transport and disposal / re-use of the materials should be conducted in accordance with regulatory and statutory requirements.

Underlying Natural Soils

Owing to the preliminary nature of the investigation no sampling and testing has been undertaken on underlying natural soils. Underlying natural material won from site excavations (i.e. sandy materials) would likely satisfy the criteria for Virgin Excavated Natural Material (VENM) subject to appropriate segregation and validation from upper fill materials and further assessment to confirm the absence of ASS conditions. Natural soils classified as ASS cannot be classified as VENM.

It is noted that the scope of testing was intended to provide a preliminary indication of contaminant concentrations and waste classification at nominated test locations. The scope of work does not meet the sampling density and testing requirements for classification of fill materials with reference to the NSW EPA ENM RRO (EPA, 2014b), nor the sampling density requirements of the NSW EPA Sampling design guidelines for site characterisation (EPA, 1995).



14. References

- ASSMAC. (1998). Acid Sulfate Soil Manual. NSW Acid Sulfate Soil Management Advisory Committee. Dear, S. W., Ahern, C. R., O'Brien, I. E., Dobos, S. K., McElnea, A. E., Moore, N. G., et al. (2014). Queensland Acid Sulfate Soil Technical Manual: Soil Management Guidlines, Department of Science, Information, Technology, Innovation and the Arts, Queensland Government, Version
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15. Limitations

Douglas Partners (DP) has prepared this report for this project at 26, 48 and 56 Manor Road, Harrington with reference to DP's proposal PMQ190028 dated 31 May 2019 and acceptance received from Danny Bayly dated 3 June 2019. The work was carried out under DP's Conditions of Engagement. This report is provided for the exclusive use of Bayline Homes and Developments Pty Ltd for this project only and for the purposes as described in the report. It should not be used by or relied upon for other projects or purposes on the same or other site or by a third party. Any party so relying upon this report beyond its exclusive use and purpose as stated above, and without the express written consent of DP, does so entirely at its own risk and without recourse to DP for any loss or damage. In preparing this report DP has necessarily relied upon information provided by the client and/or their agents.

The results provided in the report are indicative of the sub-surface conditions on the site only at the specific sampling and/or testing locations, and then only to the depths investigated and at the time the work was carried out. Sub-surface conditions can change abruptly due to variable geological processes and also as a result of human influences. Such changes may occur after DP's field testing has been completed. It is noted that limited sampling and testing was conducted on selected near surface soils. Additional testing will be required to confirm site conditions, as recommended.

DP's advice is based upon the conditions encountered during this investigation. The accuracy of the advice provided by DP in this report may be affected by undetected variations in ground conditions across the site between and beyond the sampling and/or testing locations. The advice may also be limited by budget constraints imposed by others or by site accessibility.



This report must be read in conjunction with all of the attached and should be kept in its entirety without separation of individual pages or sections. DP cannot be held responsible for interpretations or conclusions made by others unless they are supported by an expressed statement, interpretation, outcome or conclusion stated in this report.

This report, or sections from this report, should not be used as part of a specification for a project, without review and agreement by DP. This is because this report has been written as advice and opinion rather than instructions for construction.

Asbestos has been detected by observation and by laboratory analysis, either on the surface of the site, or in fill materials at the test locations sampled and analysed. Building demolition materials, such as concrete, brick, tile, fibro sheeting, were, however, located in previous and current above-ground stockpiles, and these are considered as indicative of the possible presence of hazardous building materials (HBM), including asbestos.

Although the sampling plan adopted for this investigation is considered appropriate to achieve the stated project objectives, there are necessarily parts of the site that have not been sampled and analysed. This is either due to undetected variations in ground conditions or to budget constraints (as discussed above), or to vegetation preventing visual inspection and reasonable access. It is therefore considered possible that HBM, including asbestos, may be present in unobserved or untested parts of the site, between and beyond sampling locations, and hence no warranty can be given that asbestos is not present.

The contents of this report do not constitute formal design components such as are required, by the Health and Safety Legislation and Regulations, to be included in a Safety Report specifying the hazards likely to be encountered during construction and the controls required to mitigate risk. This design process requires risk assessment to be undertaken, with such assessment being dependent upon factors relating to likelihood of occurrence and consequences of damage to property and to life. This, in turn, requires project data and analysis presently beyond the knowledge and project role respectively of DP. DP may be able, however, to assist the client in carrying out a risk assessment of potential hazards contained in the Comments section of this report, as an extension to the current scope of works, if so requested, and provided that suitable additional information is made available to DP. Any such risk assessment would, however, be necessarily restricted to the environmental components set out in this report and to their application by the project designers to project design, construction, maintenance and demolition.

Douglas Partners Pty Ltd

Appendix A

About This Report Sampling Methods Soil Descriptions Symbols and Abbreviations Test Bore Logs (Bores 1 to 7) Test Pit Logs (Pits 101 to 120)

About this Report Douglas Partners O

Introduction

These notes have been provided to amplify DP's report in regard to classification methods, field procedures and the comments section. Not all are necessarily relevant to all reports.

DP's reports are based on information gained from limited subsurface excavations and sampling, supplemented by knowledge of local geology and experience. For this reason, they must be regarded as interpretive rather than factual documents, limited to some extent by the scope of information on which they rely.

Copyright

This report is the property of Douglas Partners Pty Ltd. The report may only be used for the purpose for which it was commissioned and in accordance with the Conditions of Engagement for the commission supplied at the time of proposal. Unauthorised use of this report in any form whatsoever is prohibited.

Borehole and Test Pit Logs

The borehole and test pit logs presented in this report are an engineering and/or geological interpretation of the subsurface conditions, and their reliability will depend to some extent on frequency of sampling and the method of drilling or excavation. Ideally, continuous undisturbed sampling or core drilling will provide the most reliable assessment, but this is not always practicable or possible to justify on economic grounds. In any case the boreholes and test pits represent only a very small sample of the total subsurface profile.

Interpretation of the information and its application to design and construction should therefore take into account the spacing of boreholes or pits, the frequency of sampling, and the possibility of other than 'straight line' variations between the test locations.

Groundwater

Where groundwater levels are measured in boreholes there are several potential problems, namely:

 In low permeability soils groundwater may enter the hole very slowly or perhaps not at all during the time the hole is left open;

- A localised, perched water table may lead to an erroneous indication of the true water table;
- Water table levels will vary from time to time with seasons or recent weather changes. They may not be the same at the time of construction as are indicated in the report;
- The use of water or mud as a drilling fluid will mask any groundwater inflow. Water has to be blown out of the hole and drilling mud must first be washed out of the hole if water measurements are to be made.

More reliable measurements can be made by installing standpipes which are read at intervals over several days, or perhaps weeks for low permeability soils. Piezometers, sealed in a particular stratum, may be advisable in low permeability soils or where there may be interference from a perched water table.

Reports

The report has been prepared by qualified personnel, is based on the information obtained from field and laboratory testing, and has been undertaken to current engineering standards of interpretation and analysis. Where the report has been prepared for a specific design proposal, the information and interpretation may not be relevant if the design proposal is changed. If this happens, DP will be pleased to review the report and the sufficiency of the investigation work.

Every care is taken with the report as it relates to interpretation of subsurface conditions, discussion of geotechnical and environmental aspects, and recommendations or suggestions for design and construction. However, DP cannot always anticipate or assume responsibility for:

- Unexpected variations in ground conditions.
 The potential for this will depend partly on borehole or pit spacing and sampling frequency:
- Changes in policy or interpretations of policy by statutory authorities; or
- The actions of contractors responding to commercial pressures.

If these occur, DP will be pleased to assist with investigations or advice to resolve the matter.

About this Report

Site Anomalies

In the event that conditions encountered on site during construction appear to vary from those which were expected from the information contained in the report, DP requests that it be immediately notified. Most problems are much more readily resolved when conditions are exposed rather than at some later stage, well after the event.

Information for Contractual Purposes

Where information obtained from this report is provided for tendering purposes, it is recommended that all information, including the written report and discussion, be made available. In circumstances where the discussion or comments section is not relevant to the contractual situation, it may be appropriate to prepare a specially edited document. DP would be pleased to assist in this regard and/or to make additional report copies available for contract purposes at a nominal charge.

Site Inspection

The company will always be pleased to provide engineering inspection services for geotechnical and environmental aspects of work to which this report is related. This could range from a site visit to confirm that conditions exposed are as expected, to full time engineering presence on site.

Sampling Methods Douglas Partners The sample of the samp

Sampling

Sampling is carried out during drilling or test pitting to allow engineering examination (and laboratory testing where required) of the soil or rock.

Disturbed samples taken during drilling provide information on colour, type, inclusions and, depending upon the degree of disturbance, some information on strength and structure.

Undisturbed samples are taken by pushing a thinwalled sample tube into the soil and withdrawing it to obtain a sample of the soil in a relatively undisturbed state. Such samples yield information on structure and strength, and are necessary for laboratory determination of shear strength and compressibility. Undisturbed sampling is generally effective only in cohesive soils.

Test Pits

Test pits are usually excavated with a backhoe or an excavator, allowing close examination of the insitu soil if it is safe to enter into the pit. The depth of excavation is limited to about 3 m for a backhoe and up to 6 m for a large excavator. A potential disadvantage of this investigation method is the larger area of disturbance to the site.

Large Diameter Augers

Boreholes can be drilled using a rotating plate or short spiral auger, generally 300 mm or larger in diameter commonly mounted on a standard piling rig. The cuttings are returned to the surface at intervals (generally not more than 0.5 m) and are disturbed but usually unchanged in moisture content. Identification of soil strata is generally much more reliable than with continuous spiral flight augers, and is usually supplemented by occasional undisturbed tube samples.

Continuous Spiral Flight Augers

The borehole is advanced using 90-115 mm diameter continuous spiral flight augers which are withdrawn at intervals to allow sampling or in-situ testing. This is a relatively economical means of drilling in clays and sands above the water table. Samples are returned to the surface, or may be collected after withdrawal of the auger flights, but they are disturbed and may be mixed with soils from the sides of the hole. Information from the drilling (as distinct from specific sampling by SPTs or undisturbed samples) is of relatively low

reliability, due to the remoulding, possible mixing or softening of samples by groundwater.

Non-core Rotary Drilling

The borehole is advanced using a rotary bit, with water or drilling mud being pumped down the drill rods and returned up the annulus, carrying the drill cuttings. Only major changes in stratification can be determined from the cuttings, together with some information from the rate of penetration. Where drilling mud is used this can mask the cuttings and reliable identification is only possible from separate sampling such as SPTs.

Continuous Core Drilling

A continuous core sample can be obtained using a diamond tipped core barrel, usually with a 50 mm internal diameter. Provided full core recovery is achieved (which is not always possible in weak rocks and granular soils), this technique provides a very reliable method of investigation.

Standard Penetration Tests

Standard penetration tests (SPT) are used as a means of estimating the density or strength of soils and also of obtaining a relatively undisturbed sample. The test procedure is described in Australian Standard 1289, Methods of Testing Soils for Engineering Purposes - Test 6.3.1.

The test is carried out in a borehole by driving a 50 mm diameter split sample tube under the impact of a 63 kg hammer with a free fall of 760 mm. It is normal for the tube to be driven in three successive 150 mm increments and the 'N' value is taken as the number of blows for the last 300 mm. In dense sands, very hard clays or weak rock, the full 450 mm penetration may not be practicable and the test is discontinued.

The test results are reported in the following form.

 In the case where full penetration is obtained with successive blow counts for each 150 mm of, say, 4, 6 and 7 as:

> 4,6,7 N=13

In the case where the test is discontinued before the full penetration depth, say after 15 blows for the first 150 mm and 30 blows for the next 40 mm as:

15, 30/40 mm

Sampling Methods

The results of the SPT tests can be related empirically to the engineering properties of the soils.

Dynamic Cone Penetrometer Tests / Perth Sand Penetrometer Tests

Dynamic penetrometer tests (DCP or PSP) are carried out by driving a steel rod into the ground using a standard weight of hammer falling a specified distance. As the rod penetrates the soil the number of blows required to penetrate each successive 150 mm depth are recorded. Normally there is a depth limitation of 1.2 m, but this may be extended in certain conditions by the use of extension rods. Two types of penetrometer are commonly used.

- Perth sand penetrometer a 16 mm diameter flat ended rod is driven using a 9 kg hammer dropping 600 mm (AS 1289, Test 6.3.3). This test was developed for testing the density of sands and is mainly used in granular soils and filling.
- Cone penetrometer a 16 mm diameter rod with a 20 mm diameter cone end is driven using a 9 kg hammer dropping 510 mm (AS 1289, Test 6.3.2). This test was developed initially for pavement subgrade investigations, and correlations of the test results with California Bearing Ratio have been published by various road authorities.

Soil Descriptions



Description and Classification Methods

The methods of description and classification of soils and rocks used in this report are based on Australian Standard AS 1726-1993, Geotechnical Site Investigations Code. In general, the descriptions include strength or density, colour, structure, soil or rock type and inclusions.

Soil Types

Soil types are described according to the predominant particle size, qualified by the grading of other particles present:

Туре	Particle size (mm)
Boulder	>200
Cobble	63 - 200
Gravel	2.36 - 63
Sand	0.075 - 2.36
Silt	0.002 - 0.075
Clay	<0.002

The sand and gravel sizes can be further subdivided as follows:

Туре	Particle size (mm)
Coarse gravel	20 - 63
Medium gravel	6 - 20
Fine gravel	2.36 - 6
Coarse sand	0.6 - 2.36
Medium sand	0.2 - 0.6
Fine sand	0.075 - 0.2

The proportions of secondary constituents of soils are described as:

Term	Proportion	Example
And	Specify	Clay (60%) and Sand (40%)
Adjective	20 - 35%	Sandy Clay
Slightly	12 - 20%	Slightly Sandy Clay
With some	5 - 12%	Clay with some sand
With a trace of	0 - 5%	Clay with a trace of sand

Definitions of grading terms used are:

- Well graded a good representation of all particle sizes
- Poorly graded an excess or deficiency of particular sizes within the specified range
- Uniformly graded an excess of a particular particle size
- Gap graded a deficiency of a particular particle size with the range

Cohesive Soils

Cohesive soils, such as clays, are classified on the basis of undrained shear strength. The strength may be measured by laboratory testing, or estimated by field tests or engineering examination. The strength terms are defined as follows:

Description	Abbreviation	Undrained shear strength (kPa)
Very soft	VS	<12
Soft	S	12 - 25
Firm	f	25 - 50
Stiff	st	50 - 100
Very stiff	vst	100 - 200
Hard	h	>200

Cohesionless Soils

Cohesionless soils, such as clean sands, are classified on the basis of relative density, generally from the results of standard penetration tests (SPT), cone penetration tests (CPT) or dynamic penetrometers (PSP). The relative density terms are given below:

Relative Density	Abbreviation	SPT N value	CPT qc value (MPa)
Very loose	vl	<4	<2
Loose	1	4 - 10	2 -5
Medium dense	md	10 - 30	5 - 15
Dense	d	30 - 50	15 - 25
Very dense	vd	>50	>25

Soil Descriptions

Soil Origin

It is often difficult to accurately determine the origin of a soil. Soils can generally be classified as:

- Residual soil derived from in-situ weathering of the underlying rock;
- Transported soils formed somewhere else and transported by nature to the site; or
- Filling moved by man.

Transported soils may be further subdivided into:

- Alluvium river deposits
- Lacustrine lake deposits
- · Aeolian wind deposits
- · Littoral beach deposits
- Estuarine tidal river deposits
- Talus scree or coarse colluvium
- Slopewash or Colluvium transported downslope by gravity assisted by water.
 Often includes angular rock fragments and boulders.

Symbols & Abbreviations Douglas Partners

Introduction

These notes summarise abbreviations commonly used on borehole logs and test pit reports.

Drilling or Excavation Methods

Diamond core - 81 mm dia

C Core drilling
R Rotary drilling
SFA Spiral flight augers
NMLC Diamond core - 52 mm dia
NQ Diamond core - 47 mm dia
HQ Diamond core - 63 mm dia

Water

PQ

Sampling and Testing

A Auger sample
B Bulk sample
D Disturbed sample
E Environmental sample

U₅₀ Undisturbed tube sample (50mm)

W Water sample

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa)
PID Photo ionisation detector
PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa
S Standard Penetration Test

V Shear vane (kPa)

Description of Defects in Rock

The abbreviated descriptions of the defects should be in the following order: Depth, Type, Orientation, Coating, Shape, Roughness and Other. Drilling and handling breaks are not usually included on the logs.

Defect Type

B Bedding plane
Cs Clay seam
Cv Cleavage
Cz Crushed zone
Ds Decomposed seam

F Fault
J Joint
Lam Lamination
Pt Parting
Sz Sheared Zone

V Vein

Orientation

The inclination of defects is always measured from the perpendicular to the core axis.

h horizontal
v vertical
sh sub-horizontal
sv sub-vertical

Coating or Infilling Term

cln clean
co coating
he healed
inf infilled
stn stained
ti tight
vn veneer

Coating Descriptor

ca calcite
cbs carbonaceous
cly clay
fe iron oxide
mn manganese
slt silty

Shape

cu curved ir irregular pl planar st stepped un undulating

Roughness

po polished ro rough sl slickensided sm smooth vr very rough

Other

fg fragmented bnd band qtz quartz

Symbols & Abbreviations

Graphic Symbols for Soil and Rock

Talus

Graphic Sy	mbols for Soil and Rock		
General		Sedimentary	Rocks
	Asphalt		Boulder conglomerate
	Road base		Conglomerate
A. A. A. A D. D. D. I	Concrete		Conglomeratic sandstone
	Filling		Sandstone
Soils			Siltstone
	Topsoil		Laminite
* * * * ;	Peat		Mudstone, claystone, shale
	Clay		Coal
	Silty clay		Limestone
	Sandy clay	Metamorphic	c Rocks
	Gravelly clay		Slate, phyllite, schist
-/-/-/- -/-/-/-	Shaly clay	 - + + +	Gneiss
	Silt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Quartzite
	Clayey silt	Igneous Roc	ks
	Sandy silt	+++++	Granite
	Sand	<	Dolerite, basalt, andesite
	Clayey sand	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	Dacite, epidote
.	Silty sand	V V V	Tuff, breccia
	Gravel	P P	Porphyry
	Sandy gravel		
	Cobbles, boulders		

BORE No: 1 CLIENT: Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd PROJECT No: 31872 **DATE: 15 Dec 03** PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision **SURFACE LEVEL: 2.52 AHD** SHEET 1 OF 1 LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington DIP OF HOLE: 90° AZIMUTH: --

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	j≟ ‰	Rock Strength		ntinuities	Fracture Spacing			Situ Testing
(m)	of		Graphic Log	Partie Carlo	B - Bedding	J - Joint	(m)	Sample Type	Rec. %	Test Results &
(,	Strata	War war ar Se ar		<u> </u>	S - Shear	D - Drif Break	0.0 0.00 0.50 0.50	Sar	عَ فِي الْحَدِي	Comments
0.2	\damp to moist SILTY SAND - Loose, light grey-brown fine to medium		/// -i-i-i -i-i-i					A		The state of the s
1.35	moist SAND - Loose, light grey-yellow fine to medium grained sand							s		3,4,9 N = 13
1,8 2	∳from 1.05m, brown-dark brown				:					
	with some silt, very moist SAND - Loose to medium dense, light brown-grey fine to medium grained sand, trace silt, wet to saturated							s		4,6,7 N = 13
3										
4	from about 3.9m, some fine black/red subrounded gravel and trace shell fragments							\$		2,4,6 N = 10
6	from about 5.8m, brown, silty							s		2,4,10 N = 14
7 7.1	CLAYEY SAND - Very loose, dark grey-grey clayey fine to medium grained sand, saturated		7/					S		1,0,0 N = 0
8	from 7.7m, clay content decreasing with depth									
.g 8.9	TEST BORE DISCONTINUED AT 8.95m			7				S		3,2,2 N ≃ 4

DRILLER: Atkins RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 2m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

Core chiling Pocket penatromeler (kPa)

PL. Point load strength Is(50) MPa S. Standard penetration test U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) V. Shear vane (kPa)





Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd CLIENT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

PROJECT:

PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.55 AHD

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

BORE No: 2 DATE: 15 Dec 03 SHEET 1 OF 1

AZIMUTH: ---

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	hic J	Rock Strength	Discor	ntinuities	Fracture Spacing			Situ Testing
(m)	of Strata	SE SWEET	Graphic Log	Strength Strength	B - Bedding S - Shear	J - Joint O - Drill Break	(m)	Sample Type Core	Rec. % RQD %	Test Results & Comments
0.25	TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty sand with trace clay abundant rootlets, damp to moist SILTY SAND,- Very loose, grey-brown fine to medium grained silty sand, trace clay, moist from about 0.6m, orange						01	A		
2	SAND - Very loose, light grey fine to medium grained sand, trace silt, wet to saturated from about 1.3m, saturated from 1.6m, silty							S		1,1,1 N = 2
2.9 3	SAND - Loose, light grey fine to medium grained sand, saturated							S		1,2,4 N = 6
4	from about 3.5m, medium dense from 4.4m, light grey							S		3,6,11 N = 17
5	from 5.9m, with some thin lenses of clayey silly sand (peat)							S		4,5,9 N = 14
7 7.1 6	CLAYEY SAND - Very loose, dark grey clayey fine to medium grained sand with some silt, saturated			4 : : : : : : :				S		4,0,1 N = 1
8.6 .g 8.95	SAND - Loose, grey fine to							S		5,4,2 N = 6
 RIG: 4	WD Mounted Drill Rig DR	RILLER: Atk	ins		LOGGED:	Blackert		ASING:	Uncase	d

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.3m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

Core drilling Pocket penairometer (kPa)

PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa S Standard penetration test U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vana (kPa)

CHECKED Initials: SIX



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872 **SURFACE LEVEL: 2.52 AHD** **DATE: 15 Dec 03** SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

AZIMUTH: -

BORE No: 3

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	일 _	Rock Strength		ntinuities		ract					Situ Testing
`	of		<u>[a</u> g	Ex Low Low Medium High Low Very High Ex High	B - Bedding	J - Joint	1 '	Spac m)) _	Sample Type	9 %	RQD %	Test Results
(ជា)	Strata	罗芙曼罗克尼	O	지원 기원 등 전 기	S - Shear	D - Drill Break	10'0	200	88	Sarr	ပြည့်	R 2 %	& Comments
ľ	TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty sand with some clay and rootlets, moist SILTY SAND - Grey fine to medium grained silty sand, trace clay, moist SAND - Light grey-yellow fine to medium grained sand, moist SAND - Loose to medium dense.		<i>221</i>					***************************************		A A A			5,3,8
·2 2.2	brown fine to medium grained sand with some silt, very moist from 1.3m to 2.2m, medium dense, indurated dark brown, lense saturated SAND - Loose to medium dense, light grey-brown fine to medium											The state of the s	N = 11
-3	grained sand, trace sill, saturated									S		THE ALL COMMON TO A LOCAL COMM	4,5,5 N = 10
3,7	SAND - Very loose, dark grey fine to medium grained sand with some silt and clay lenses, saturated								** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	S			1,0,0 N = 0
-6	from 5m, medium dense, silt and clay content decreasing						and their most from mile and any own of			S			3,8,14 N = 22
-7	from 6.8m, very loose, slit and clay content increasing									s			0,0,1 N = 1
-8 8.0 -9	CLAYEY SAND / SANDY CLAY - Very loose/soft, grey clayey fine to medium grained sand/sandy clay, saturated									S,pp			0,0.1 N = 1 20-40 kPa
9.5	yellow fine to medium grained sand, trace clay, saturated		K.K.							s			3,4,5 N = 9
10.45	TEST BORE DISCONTINUED AT 10.45m		1				;	11	 				

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.3m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

PL Point foed strength is (50) MPa S Standard penetration test U_s Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vane (kPa)

Core drilling Pocket penetromater (kPa)





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

BORE No: 3A **DATE: 15 Dec 03**

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.52 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

AZIMUTH: -

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	E	Rock Strength		tinuities	Fracture			_	Situ Testing
(m)	of Strata		Graphic Log	Ex Low Low Medum High Very High	B - Bedding S - Shear	J - Joint D - Orill Break	Spacing (m)	Sample Type	Sc. %	RQD %	Test Results &
-	TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty sand	WINGE	אנצ	지호[호[포]윤]호[집	2 - 211691	U - Una Break	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0 %	N.	Comments
0.25	with some clay and rootlets, moist — SILTY SAND - Grey fine to		1111	1				A			:
0.6	medium grained silty sand, trace		7 7 7]				A			
0.85 -1	SAND - Light grey-yellow fine to										
1.15	SAND - Loose to medium dense, brown fine to medium grained	{ 1									
	sand with some silt, very moist TEST BORE DISCONTINUED						1 11 11				
-2	AT 1.15m			11111			1 11 11				
ļ		11111									
[
-3		1 1 1 1 i									
							1 11 11				
							1 11 11				
				111111			1 11 11				
-4		1111		1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
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	W/D Mounted Orill Rig. DR	II I FR. Atk			L OGGED:			A CINI	I	·	L

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.3m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa S Standard ponotration test U_c Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vane (kPa)

Core drilling Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

CHECKED Initiats: 🕰



CLIENT: Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872 **SURFACE LEVEL: 2.47 AHD** BORE No: 4 **DATE: 16 Dec 03** SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION:

Manor Road, Harrington

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

AZIMUTH: --

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	. <u>je</u> _	Rock Strength	Discon	linuities	Fracture Spacing				Situ Testing
(m)	of Strata		Graphic Log	EX LOW Very Low Medium High Very High EX High	B - Bedding S - Shear	J - Joint D - Drill Break	(m)	Sample Type	Core Rec. %	g*	Test Results &
	TOPSOIL - Dark grey clayey fine	EW HAW	XX.	교실급 출동 3.9	2-5002	U - Drill Break	0.00 0.00 0.10 0.00 0.10	1	08	<u>~</u>	Comments
0.25	to medium grained sand some rootlets, moist SILTY SAND - Grey, fine to	;	· [· [·]				# 1	A			
0.7	medium grained silly sand, trace		444					А			
-1	SAND - Loose to medium dense, light grey-brown fine to medium						1 11 11				2,4,6
 - -	grained sand, trace silt, moist from 1m, light grey							s			N = 10
	from 1.4m, trace yellow lenses with some clay, wet to saturated										
-2											
	from 2 from along content	1111									
	from 2.5m, clay content decreasing]	s			3,6,6 N = 12
-3											
3.5	SAND - Very loose to loose,						*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **				
[grey-dark grey fine to medium grained sand with some silty clay										
-4	lenses/nodules	1111					1 11 11	s			3,2,0
							1 11 11				N = 2
المسائيس المسائيس											
-5 -	from about 5m, loose to medium dense									i	
		1 1 1					1 11 11		 		
6 5.95	TEST BODE DISCONTINUES	1 [1] 1					1 11 11	s			1,4,7 N = 11
	TEST BORE DISCONTINUED AT 5.95m										
-		1 1 1 1 1									
-7		11111					1 1: 11				
1											
-8		11111									
		11111									
-9											
-											
-		1 1 1 1 1									
<u> </u>		HI ED. AN	<u></u>	111111	LOCOED.		1 11 11				

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CHECKED

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.4m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample

Bulk sample Core drilling

Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa
S Slandard penetration test
U, Tube sample (x mm dia.)
V Shear vane (kPa) Initials: Standard penetration test Tubo sample (x mm dia.) Shear vane (kPa)



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.64 AHD

DATE: 16 Dec 03

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

SHEET 1 OF 1 AZIMUTH: --

BORE No: 5

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	<u>ن</u> ي	Rock Strength	Discontinuities	Fracture			Situ Testing
	of		Graphic Log	Ex Low Very Low Medium High Very High Ex High	B - Bedding J - Joint	Spacing (m)	Sample Type	Rec. %	Test Results &
(m)	Strata	WH WE SKY	Ū	P C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	S - Shear D - Drill Breat	0.50	San		Comments
0.2	moist SAND - Grey mottled orange slightly clayey sand with some silt, moist SAND - Very loose to loose, light grey-brown fine to medium grained sand trace silt, moist to very moist from 0.9m to 1.25m, with some dark brown indurated layering / nodules, brown		2011				A A		2,2,4 N = 6
-3	from 1.25m, grey, wet to saturated from 1.6m, medium dense, light grey, saturated						S		3,6,8 N = 14
-4	from 3.5m, grey						S		4,6,9 N = 15
-5 -6 5.95	TEST BORE DISCONTINUED AT 5.95m						s		4,6,8 N = 14
-7									
O Control of the Cont									

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.4m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample

Bulk sample Core drilling

Pocket penatrometer (kPa)

PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa S Standard penetration test U_c Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vane (kPa)





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.64 AHD

BORE No: 5A **DATE: 16 Dec 03**

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SHEET 1 OF 1

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

AZIMUTH: --

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	: 일	Rock Strength	Discontinuities	Fracture Spacing	Sampling & In	
(m)	of Strata	≥ ≥ ≥ ≥ ~	Graphic Log	Ex Low Very Hoh	B - Bedding J - Joint S - Shear D - Drill Break	(m)	Sample Type Core Rec. % RaD	Test Results &
	TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty sand	O T N D K E	XX	지원 기원 기원 기원	O-Dill diesk	1 10.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.		Comments
0.2	moist SAND - Grey mottled orange slightly clayey sand with some silf, moist						A	
-1	SAND - Very loose to loose, light grey-brown fine to medium grained sand trace silt, moist to very moist from 0.9m to 1.25m, with some						S	2,2,4 N = 6
	dark brown indurated layering / nodules, brown	1111				1 11 11		
2 2.0	from 1.25m, grey, wel to saturated from 1.6m, medium dense, light grey, saturated TEST BORE DISCONTINUED AT 2.0m							
-3								
-4								
-5								
-6								
7								
8								
-9 -								
	IWO Mounted Drill Rig BR	I I FR* Atk			LOGGED: Blackert		ASING: Lineage	

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.4m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Core drilling

Pockel penetrometer (kPa)

PL Point load strength is(50) MPa S Standard penetration (est U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear yane (kPa)





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872 SURFACE LEVEL: 2.50 AHD **DATE:** 16 Dec 03

PROJECT:

Manor Road, Harrington LOCATION:

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

SHEET 1 OF 1

BORE No: 6

AZIMUTH: --

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	. <u>g</u>	s	Roc treng	k alh	Discor	ntinuities		ture	Sa	amplir	ıg & Ir	Situ Testing
	of		Graphic Log		1 [145	8 - Bedding	J - Joint	Spa (n	cing n)	Sample Type	9 %	ے ی	Test Results
(m)	Strata	77 28 28 E	Ō		100 E		S - Shear	D - Drill Break	50.0	8.9. 8.9.	m X	ပ္ပည္တိ	RQD %	& Comments
0.2	TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty sand, trace clay and rootlets, moist SAND - Loose, brown fine to	11111	<i>YY</i>	1 1	1 } 1 i				1 11		A			
- - -1	medium grained sand, trace silt, moist from 0.6m, light grey from 0.9m, with some dark brown					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
	indurated sand lenses from 1.3m to 2m, light grey with trace brown indurated lenses, wet to saturated				11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				*** *** *** *** ***	S			3,3,4 N = 7
-2	from about 2m, medium dense, clayey													
-3	from 2.55m, clay content decreasing, light grey				11	1 1				11	s			3,5,8 N = 13
					H									
-4											s			6,10,10 for 100mm, N=20, no recovery
-5		E CONTROL CONT			Hi	1111111				*** *** *** ***				
-6 5.95	TEST BORE DISCONTINUED			. ;		1					s			5,9,13 N = 22 no recovery
7	AT 5.95m													
9									1					

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.5m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Core drilling

PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa S standard penetration lest U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vane (kPa)

Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

Standard penetration test Tube sample (x mm dia.) Shear vene (kPa)





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.27 AHD

DATE: 16 Dec 03

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington ·

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

SHEET 1 OF 1 AZIMUTH: --

BORE No: 7

	Description	Degree of Weathering	o o	Rock	Discon	tīnuities	Τ	Frac	ture	S	ampli	10 & Ir	Situ Testing
Depth	of	vveatnenng	Graphic Log	Strength		_		Spa	cing				
(m)	Strata	A R M A R &	5	Ex Low Very Low Medium Hon Very High Ex High	B - Bedding S - Shear	J - Joint D - Drill Break	0.01	0.05 0.15 U)		Sample	ខ្លួ	RQD %	& Comments
0.5	TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty clayey sand with trace rootlets, moist SILTY CLAYEY SAND - Dark		22)	A A			
0.9 -1 1.4	grey-orange fine to medium grained sand, trace silt, moist SAND - Brown-dark brown fine to								The sale has been been been the last	s			6,6,7 N = 13
3							the many three three true board doubt good group	the part when your term that the case was the same		S			16, 6 for 50mm, N>30
-4 4.05 -5	SAND - Medium dense, dark brown fine to medium grained sand with some silt to slightly silty sand, saturated				6 6					S			4,7,14 N = 21 4,8,13
6 5.95 7	TEST BORE DISCONTINUED AT 5.95m						and mean mean come unto have being many dang : thin these that tooks dang dang dang dang dang in			S			N°= 21
									1 [1 I 1 I				

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig

DRILLER: Atkins

LOGGED: Blackert

CASING: Uncased

TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.3m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

PL Point load strength Is(50) MPa S Standard penetration (est U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vane (kPa)

Core drilling Pocket penetrometer (kPa)





CLIENT: Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872 **SURFACE LEVEL: 2.27 AHD** **DATE: 16 Dec 03** SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

PROJECT:

DIP OF HOLE: 90°

AZIMUTH: --

BORE No: 7A

Depth	Description	Degree of Weathering	:일 _	Rock Strengt	h		tinuities	Fracture				Situ Testing
(m)	of Strata		Graphic Log	Kedin In	필	B - Bedding	J - Joint	Spacing (m)	Sample Type	ore n,%	RQD %	Test Results &
	Strata TOPSOIL - Dark grey silty clayey	7 4 8 8 E E	VIX		312	S - Shear	D • Drill Break	0.00		ပည္	œ.	Comments
0.2	sand with trace rootlets, moist				i			1 11 11	Α			
0.5	SILTY CLAYEY SAND - Dark ¬ grey-brown silty clayey sand,	11111	ZZ_{2}					1 11 11	A			
	\moist / SAND - Medium dense, light _	. j							A			
0.9	grey-orange fine to medium /							1 11 11				
1.15	SAND - Brown-dark brown fine to	1111		1111		.	-	!! :				
:	medium grained sand with some silt and clay and some indurated											
	lenses, very moist TEST BORE DISCONTINUED	1111		11111				1 11 11				
-2	AT 1.15m	i		11111	ļ			1 11 11				
.		I						1 11 11 1 11 11				
		1 1			1			1 11 1				
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RIG: A	I IWD Mounted Drill Rig DR	ILLER: Alk	ins			LOGGED:	Rischert		ASIN	ا ، ت آ		L

RIG: 4WD Mounted Drill Rig TYPE OF BORING: Hollow flight augers

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Free groundwater observed at about 1.3m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

Core drilling Pocket penetrometer (kPa)

PL. Point load strength Is(50) MPa S Standard penetration test U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) V Shear vane (kPa)





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 101

PROJECT: LOCATION:

Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.58 AHD

DATE: 15 Dec 03 SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth			- ***	Samplii	ng & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	ī	Гуре	Depth (m)	Results
0.18	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with abundant rootlets to 0.15m SAND: Grey, fine to medium sand with trace to some				
0.4	silt, moist SAND: Light yellow brown and light grey sand, moist				
	o wie. Eight you or or our distribution in a light groy carrie, moist		D	0.5	
-1	From 0.8 to 1m, slightly indurated orange brown and brown sand				
	From 1m, trace clay				
1.5	INDURATED SAND: Light grey and grey, moderately indurated sand				
1.8	SAND: Light grey, fine to medium grained sand, saturated		D	2.0	
2.5	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.5m, due to pit walls caving		and the second state of the second se		
-3					
-4					
	ard 5550 Extended as Dealthan			Do Mac-11	

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.4m depth, high flow from 2m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa)
PID Photo ionisation Detector
U_e Tube sample (x mm dia.)
Wp Plastic fimit





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.48 AHD

PIT No: 102 DATE: 15 Dec 03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

Depth	-			Sampli	ng & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	T	уре	Depth (m)	Results
0.16	SILTY SAND: Loose, brown silty sand, trace rootlefs,	i·i·i			
0.4			В	0.4	
0.75	INDURATED SAND: Dense to very dense, grey, light grey and brown, moderately cemented indurated sand, moist From 0.75m, to 1.0m, dark grey			0.75	
-2	SAND: Light grey, fine to medium grained sand, saturated		D	1.8	
2.3	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.3m, due to pit walls caving				

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6m depth

REMARKS: Pit walls caving from 1.7m

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

A Augersample B Bulk sample D Disturbed sample

Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Phote tonisation Detector U_s Tube sample (x mm die.) Wp Plastic limit

Wp Plastic





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.59 AHD

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 103 DATE: 15 Dec 03

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SHEET 1 OF 1

Deplh	Depth		Sampling & Testing				
(111)	Description of Strata	Т	уре	Depth (m)	Results		
0.22	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets, moist						
	SAND: Loose, light grey sand with trace clay and silt and rootlets, moist		D	0.3			
0.45	SAND: Loose to medium dense, light orange brown, fine to medium grained sand, trace silt, moist						
2	From 1.0m, orange brown mottled light grey, moist		A STATE OF THE STA				
2.4	From 2.1m, saturated TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.4m, due to pit walls		D	2.2			
3	caving						
4							

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.2m depth, at completion rose to 1.55m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo tonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Molsture content (%)

Initials: 🚜

CHECKED



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 104 DATE: 15 Dec 03

1100201.

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.56 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth	oth		Sampling & Testing			
(m)	Description of Strata	Тура	Depth (m)	Results		
. 0.2	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil, trace clay, some rootlets SILTY SAND: Loose, dark brown silty sand, trace clay	2				
0.5	and rootlets, moist	· ·				
	SAND: Loose to medium dense, orange brown sand with trace dark brown indurated sand layers (discontinuous)	D	0.65			
1 1.0	INDURATED SAND: Loose to medium dense, dark grey and dark brown slightly to moderately cemented indurated sand					
1.6	SAND - Light grey fine to medium grained sand, saturated					
2.1	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.1m, due to pit walls caving	1.1				
-3						
-4						
	ord 555C Extendahoe Backhoe		ED: McFarlane			

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

A Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%) pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo lonisation Detector U, Tubo sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit

Wp Plastic

CHECKED
Initials: SE



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 105 DATE: 15 Dec 03

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.46 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth			Sampling & Testing			
(m)	Description of Strata		Туре	Depth (m)	Results	
0.2	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets to 0.1m, moist SILTY SAND: Loose, dark grey brown silty sand with trace clay, moist	i i i i				
0.5	SAND: Loose, light grey and brown, fine to medium grained sand, trace clay with some dark grey slightly indurated lenses		D	0.7		
-1	INDURATED SAND: Medium dense, dark grey/brown slightly to moderately indurated sand, moist					
1.35	SAND: Light grey, fine to medium grained sand, saturated					
- 2.7 -3	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.7m, due to pit walls caving					
-4						
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A						

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.45m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa)
PID Photo tenisation Detector
U, Tube sample (x mm dia.)
Wp Plastic limit

CHECKED inibais: SK



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.48 AHD

PIT No: 106 DATE: 15 Dec 03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION:	Manor Road, Harrington
-----------	------------------------

Depth	Description of Strata		Sampling & Testing			
(m)			Гуре	Depth (m)	Results	
0.25	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil, with some rootlets, moist SILTY SAND: Loose to medium dense, dark brown			0.3		
0.65	sity sand, moist		В	0.5		
Armanak,	INDURATED SAND: Medium dense to very dense, dark brown and orange brown and light grey, moderately indurated sand					
1.2	SAND: Light brown sand with some clay, moist to wet		D	1.3		
-2	SAND: Light grey sand with trace clay, saturated		ļ			
2.1	SAND - Light grey fine to medium grained sand, saturated		D	2.3		
2.5	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.5m, due to pit walls caving	ننسنا				
53						
-4						
ļ.						

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.7m, high inflow into pit at 2.1m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Augar sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo tonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dis.) Wp Plastic limit





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 107 **DATE:** 15 Dec 03

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.49 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth	epth		Sampling & Testing			
(m)	Description of Strata	Ту	pe	Depth (m)	Results	
. 0.2	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil, with some rootlets, moist	2				
. 0.2	SILTY SAND: Loose, brown silty sand, moist .i	i-i-i i-i-i				
0.55	SAND: Medium dense, light grey brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist		o	0.7		
1.2	SAND: Dark grey and brown, slightly clayey sand with some indurated zones					
-2	INDURATED SAND: Dark brown and dark grey moderately to heavily cemented, indurated sand					
2.7	SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sand, saturated		0	3.0		
3.1	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 3.1m, due to pit walls caving					

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.5m to 1.8m, then from 1.7m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PiD Photo Ionisation Detector U_e Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit

CHECKED



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 108 DATE: 15 Dec 03

PROJECT: LOCATION:

Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.49 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth				Sampli	ng & Testing
(m)	Descriptioπ of Strata		Туре	Depth (m)	Results
	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets				<u>-</u>
· 0,2	SILTY SAND: Loose to medium dense, dark brown silty sand with trace clay/rootlets	1111			
0.5	SAND: Loose to medium dense, light grey and light brown sand with trace to some silt				
0.85 -1	INDURATED SAND: Medium dense, dark grey brown slightly to moderately indurated sand				
1.5	SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sand				
-2 -2	from 2m, light grey		****		
2.5	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.5m		ļ		
-3					
-4					
-					
	Ford 555C Extendance Backhoe			D: McFarlane	

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.5m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

A Auger sample
Bulk sample
Disturbed sample
Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo tonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic firnit CHECKED
Initials: Seg



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 109 DATE: 15 Dec 03

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.46 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth			Sampling & Testing		
(m)	Description of Strata		Туре	Depth (m)	Results
0.2	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets, moist SAND: Medium dense, yellow brown, fine to medium grained sand with trace silt and clay		D	0.6	
. 0.68 - - 1 - 1.1	INDURATED SAND: Medium dense to dense, grey and dark grey slightly indurated sand			•	
-	SAND: Medium dense to dense, light grey and orange brown sand, trace to some clay		D	1.3	
-2	From 1.8m, with trace clay .				
2.5	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.5m, due to pit walls collapsing	<u> </u>			
- Andreas and the second secon					
-4					
 - - -			ı.		
	Ford 555C Extendance Rackhoo		L	D: McEarlane	

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Slight seepage from 1.6m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pockel penetrometer (kPa)
PiD Photo tonisation Detector
U, Tube sample (x mm dia.)
Wp Plastic limit



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 110 **DATE: 15 Dec 03**

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2,40 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth				Sampl	ing & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	Т	уре	Depih (m)	Results
	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets, moist SILTY SAND: Loose, brown, fine to medium grained silty sand SAND: Medium dense to dense, light grey, fine to medium grained sand, trace silt		D	0.3	
0.85	INDURATED SAND: Medium dense to dense, dark grey brown slightly to moderately indurated sand, moist From 1.3m, with some light grey sand				
-2			D	1.6	
2.1	SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sllightly clayey sand, moist to saturated		***************************************		
2.8 -3 3.1	SAND: Light grey, fine to medium grained sand				
-4	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 3.1m, due to pit walls collapsing				
L	Ford 555C Extendation Rackhon			D: McEarlane	

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Slight seepage from 1.5 to 2.1m, strong seepage from 2.8m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetromater (kPa) PID Photo lonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 111 **DATE: 15 Dec 03**

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.32 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth				Samplin	g & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	Т	уре	Depth (m)	Results
0.15	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets, moist SILTY SAND: Medium dense, grey silty sand with	iiii	В	0.3	
· 0.4 ·	trace rootlets, moist SAND: Medium dense, light yellow brown and light grey, fine to medium grained sand			0.3	
0.75	SAND: Medium dense, grey, slightly clayey sand, moist				
· 1.4	INDURATED SAND: Dark grey brown slightly to moderately indurated sand with some lenses of light grey (saturated) sand				
-2	From 1.8m, moderately to heavily indurated		manage and the second s		
2.7	SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sand, saturated				
-3 3.0	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 3.0m	F- N- A			
-4					

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Slight seepage from 1.5m, strong seepage from 2.35m

REMARKS: Slow progress from 1.4 to 2.7m

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo tonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 112 **DATE: 15 Dec 03**

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2,47 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth		_		Sampling	& Testing
(m)	Description of Strata		Гуре	Depth (m)	Results
0.15	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand with some rootlets, moist	00			
	SILTY SAND: Loose, dark grey silty sand with trace rootlets, moist	1.1.1	В	0.3	
	From 0.45m, orange brown	1111		0.6	
0.75	SAND: Medium dense, light grey mottled orange brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist from 0.9m, dense		D	1.4	
1.7	INDURATED SAND: Dark grey moderately indurated sand		To concentrate the Administration of the Concentration of the Concentrat		
2.9 ·3	SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sand, saturated		D	3.1	
-4 4	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 3.5m	[5,15]			

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6 to 1.8m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PiO Photo lonisation Detector U_c Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

CHECKED tnitiats:



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 113 DATE: 15 Dec 03

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.33 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Deplh			Sampling & Testing			
(m)	Description of Strata	1	Гуре	Depth (m)	Resulls	
0.15	SILTY SAND: Medium dense, dark grey silty sand,	-i-i-i	D	0.25	V-101-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
0.4	moist SAND: Medium dense, light grey, fine to medium grained sand, moist		_	Addr-y-		
0.75	from 0.6m, very dense SAND: Light grey slightly clayey sand, moist		D	0.6		
1.35						
. 1.33	INDURATED SAND: Dark grey, moderately to heavily indurated sand with some light grey saturated sand lenses					
-2				The second secon		
2.7	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.7m, slow progress within indurated sand	1				
		i				
-4						
-	Ford 555C Extendaboe Rackhoe			D: McEarlana		

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Slight seepage from 1.4m

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa)
PID Photo Ionisation Detector
U, Tube sample (x mm dia.)
Wp Plastic limit



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2,46 AHD

PIT No: 114 DATE: 15 Dec 03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

Sampling & Testing Depth Description of Strata (m) Type Depth (m) Results TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand with some rootlets, moist SILTY SAND: Loose, dark grey silty sand, trace -1-1-1 0.3 rootlets, moist SAND: Loose to medium dense, grey, fine to medium grained sand, trace silt, moist D 0.5 INDURATED SAND: Medium dense, dark brown and dark grey slightly indurated sand From 1.1m, brown 1.6 SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sand, saturated D 1.7 2.0 INDURATED SAND: Brown, slightly indurated sand 2.3 SAND - Light grey fine to medium grained sand 2.6 TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.6m

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6m to 2m depth and from 2.3m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample

Disturbed sample Moisture content (%) pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PiD Photo lonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm die.) Wp Plastic limit

CHECKED Initials: 6



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 115

PROJECT:

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.25 AHD

DATE: 15 Dec 03 SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth			Sampl	ing & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	Туре	Depth (m)	Results
0.5	SILTY SAND - Loose, dark grey silty sand, trace rootlets From 0.3m depth, dark brown SAND: Medium dense, dark grey and dark brown sand with some silt (trace cementation), moist SAND: Medium dense to dense, light grey, fine to medium grained sand, moist INDURATED SAND: Dark grey/brown slightly indurated sand, moist	-		- NOMBO
2.4		D	2.0	
9				
PIC:	Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe	LOGGE	ED: McFarlane	

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penatrometer (kPa)
PiD Photo fortisation Detector
U_s Tubo sample (x mm dia.)
Wp Plastic limit



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 116

PROJECT: LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.33 AHD

DATE: 15 Dec 03 SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth		<u> </u>		Sampling	& Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	,	Туре	Depth (m)	Results
	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets				
0.2	SILTY SAND: Loose, dark grey, fine to medium grained silty sand with trace rootlets	·[·[·]			
V. -	SAND: Medium dense, light grey, fine to medium grained sand, trace orange brown mottling, moist		D	0.6	
	From 1.2m, grey and brown sand, trace silt				
2.0	From 1.8m, dark grey		and a second sec		
	INDURATED SAND: Dark grey, slightly to moderately indurated sand with some light grey saturated sand lenses				
2.7	SAND: Brown, fine to medium grained sand, saturated				
3 3.0	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 3.0m				

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.5m to 1.8m and from 2.1m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample
Bulk sample
Disturbed sample
Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo lonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Ptastic Emit





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 117

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.68 AHD

DATE: 15 Dec 03 **SHEET** 1 OF 1

Depth			Sampl	ing & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	Туре	Depth (m)	Results
0.1	SILTY SAND: Very loose to loose, dark grey silty sand, trace rootlets, moist SAND: Loose to medium dense, light grey mottled orange brown sand, trace clay, moist		0.6	
1.4	From 1.05m depth, light orange brown mottled grey and brown with some indurated zones SAND: Light brown, fine to medium grained sand, saturated	D	1.7	
-2				
2.5	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.5m, due to pit walls collapsing			
4				
	ord 555C Extendance Backhoe		D: McFarlano	

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.4m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

A Auger sample
B Bulk sample
D Disturbed sample
M Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo lonisation Detector U_z Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit CHECKED
Initials: SAS
Date: 7.7-04



CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision PROJECT No: 31872

PIT No: 118 DATE: 15 Dec 03

LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.49 AHD

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth				Samplia	ng & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata		Туре	Depth (m)	Results
0.2	TOPSOIL: Dark brown silty sand topsoil, with some rootlets, moist				
	SAND: Medium dense, orange brown and light grey, fine to medium grained sand				
-1	from 1m, light grey mottled dark brown, trace indurated sand lenses				
1,4	SAND: Light grey, fine to medium grained sand, saturated				
-2 2.1	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.1m, due to pit walls caving				
-3		And the second s	:		
-4					
	ord 555C Extendahoe Backhoe			D: McFarlane	Market and the second s

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.45m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo lorisation Detector U, Tubo sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic limit





CLIENT: PROJECT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision

PROJECT No: 31872

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.61 AHD

PIT No: 119

DATE: 15 Dec 03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION:	Manor Road, Harrington	

Depth				Samp	ling & Testing
	Description of Strata	•			
(m)			Туре	Depth (m)	Results
	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets, moist			***************************************	
0.2	SAND: Loose to medium dense, brown and dark brown, fine to medium grained sand, trace silt, moist				
0.75	INDURATED SAND: Medium dense to dense, brown and dark brown slightly indurated sand				
1.75					
-2	SAND: Light brown, fine to medium grained sand From 1.8m depth, light grey				
2.2	TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.2m, due to pit walls caving				
-3					
-4					
T					

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

A Auger sample
B Bulk sample
D Disturbed sample
Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo Ionisation Detector U_a. Tube sample (x mm dia.) Wp Plastic fimit





CLIENT:

Terra Consulting (Aust) Pty Ltd

PROJECT No: 31872

PROJECT:

Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision LOCATION: Manor Road, Harrington

SURFACE LEVEL: 2.56 AHD

PIT No: 120 **DATE: 15 Dec 03**

SHEET 1 OF 1

Depth			Samı	oling & Testing
(m)	Description of Strata	Туре	e Depth (m)	Results
-1	TOPSOIL: Dark grey silty sand topsoil with some rootlets, moist SAND: Loose to medium dense, light grey, fine to medium grained sand, moist From 0.3m depth, orange brown mottled yellow brown sand, moist Trace indurated nodules	0	0.5	
1.3	SAND: Light grey brown, fine to medium grained sand, wet to saturated	D	2.0	
2.4	Some cemented zones TEST PIT DISCONTINUED AT 2.4m, due to pit walls caving			
3				

RIG: Ford 555C Extendahoe Backhoe

LOGGED: McFarlane

WATER OBSERVATIONS: Seepage from 1.6m depth

REMARKS:

SAMPLING & IN SITU TESTING LEGEND

Auger sample Bulk sample Disturbed sample Moisture content (%)

pp Pocket penetrometer (kPa) PID Photo lonisation Detector U, Tube sample (x mm dis.) Wp Plastic limit





Appendix B

Laboratory Test Results
Quality Assurance / Quality Control Assessment
Chain of Custody (Field and Despatch)
Sample Receipts



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645

ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 219713

Client Details	
Client	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (Port Macquarie)
Attention	Joel Cowan
Address	PO Box 5463, Port Macquarie, NSW, 2444

Sample Details	
Your Reference	31872.02, Harrington
Number of Samples	4 Soil, 2 Material
Date samples received	17/06/2019
Date completed instructions received	17/06/2019

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details		
Date results requested by	24/06/2019	
Date of Issue	24/06/2019	
NATA Accreditation Number 2901	. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.	
Accredited for compliance with IS	O/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *	

Asbestos Approved By

Analysed by Asbestos Approved Identifier: Aida Marner Authorised by Asbestos Approved Signatory: Matt Tang

Results Approved By

Giovanni Agosti, Group Technical Manager Lucy Zhu, Senior Asbestos Analyst Matthew Tang, Asbsestos Supervisor Steven Luong, Organics Supervisor **Authorised By**

Nancy Zhang, Laboratory Manager

TECHNICAL COMPETENCE

vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	19/06/2019	19/06/2019	19/06/2019
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25
vTPH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2	<2	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1
naphthalene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1
Total +ve Xylenes	mg/kg	<3	<3	<3
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	103	103	102

svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	19/06/2019	19/06/2019	19/06/2019
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆ less Naphthalene (F2)	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	78	79	82

PAHs in Soil				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	21/06/2019	21/06/2019	21/06/2019
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total +ve PAH's	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc (zero)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(half)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(PQL)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	133	97	92

Organochlorine Pesticides in soil				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	21/06/2019	21/06/2019	21/06/2019
нсв	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
alpha-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
gamma-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
beta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Heptachlor	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
delta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aldrin	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
gamma-Chlordane	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
alpha-chlordane	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
pp-DDE	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Dieldrin	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Endrin	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
pp-DDD	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
pp-DDT	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Endrin Aldehyde	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total +ve DDT+DDD+DDE	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Surrogate TCMX	%	102	99	98

Organophosphorus Pesticides				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	21/06/2019	21/06/2019	21/06/2019
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Bromophos-ethyl	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Chlorpyriphos	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Chlorpyriphos-methyl	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Diazinon	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Dichlorvos	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Dimethoate	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Ethion	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Fenitrothion	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Malathion	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Parathion	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Ronnel	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Surrogate TCMX	%	102	99	98

PCBs in Soil				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	21/06/2019	21/06/2019	21/06/2019
Aroclor 1016	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aroclor 1221	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aroclor 1232	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aroclor 1242	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aroclor 1248	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aroclor 1254	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Aroclor 1260	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total +ve PCBs (1016-1260)	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Surrogate TCLMX	%	102	99	98

Acid Extractable metals in soil				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Arsenic	mg/kg	4	<4	<4
Cadmium	mg/kg	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4
Chromium	mg/kg	18	1	7
Copper	mg/kg	8	<1	8
Lead	mg/kg	4	4	6
Mercury	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Nickel	mg/kg	14	<1	6
Zinc	mg/kg	31	2	32

Moisture				
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Date analysed	-	19/06/2019	19/06/2019	19/06/2019
Moisture	%	16	18	18

Asbestos ID - soils					
Our Reference		219713-1	219713-2	219713-3	219713-6
Your Reference	UNITS	301	302	303	305a
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date analysed	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Sample mass tested	g	Approx. 25g	Approx. 20g	Approx. 15g	Approx. 20g
Sample Description	-	Brown sandy soil	Brown sandy soil	Brown sandy soil	Brown sandy soil
Asbestos ID in soil	-	No asbestos detected at reporting limit of 0.1g/kg Organic fibres			
		detected	detected	detected	detected
Trace Analysis	-	No asbestos detected	No asbestos detected	No asbestos detected	No asbestos detected

Asbestos ID - materials			
Our Reference		219713-4	219713-5
Your Reference	UNITS	304	305
Date Sampled		10/06/2019	10/06/2019
Type of sample		Material	Material
Date analysed	-	18/06/2019	18/06/2019
Mass / Dimension of Sample	-	117x18x7mm	65x48x6mm
Sample Description	-	Beige compressed fibre cement material	Beige layered fibre cement material
Asbestos ID in materials	-	Chrysotile asbestos detected	No asbestos detected Organic fibres
		Amosite asbestos detected Organic fibres	detected
		detected	

Method ID	Methodology Summary
ASB-001	Asbestos ID - Qualitative identification of asbestos in bulk samples using Polarised Light Microscopy and Dispersion Stain Techniques including Synthetic Mineral Fibre and Organic Fibre as per Australian Standard 4964-2004.
Inorg-008	Moisture content determined by heating at 105+/-5 °C for a minimum of 12 hours.
Metals-020	Determination of various metals by ICP-AES.
Metals-021	Determination of Mercury by Cold Vapour AAS.
Org-003	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID. F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Table (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
Org-003	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID.
	F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Table (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
	Note, the Total +ve TRH PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve TRH" is simply a sum of positive individual TRH fractions (>C10-C40).
Org-005	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC with dual ECD's.
Org-005	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC with dual
	ECD's. Note, the Total +ve reported DDD+DDE+DDT PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore simply a sum the positive individually report DDD+DDE+DDT.
Org-006	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC-ECD.
Org-006	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC-ECD. Note, the Total +ve PCBs PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore" Total +ve PCBs" is simply a sun the positive individual PCBs.
Org-008	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC with dual ECD's.

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Org-012	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-MS. Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater - 2013. For soil results:-
	 'EQ PQL'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql actually="" and="" approach="" are="" at="" be="" calculation="" can="" conservative="" contribute="" false="" give="" given="" is="" li="" may="" most="" not="" pahs="" positive="" pql.="" present.<="" teq="" teqs="" that="" the="" this="" to=""> 'EQ zero'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql and="" approach="" are="" below="" but="" calculation="" conservative="" contribute="" false="" is="" least="" li="" more="" negative="" pahs="" pql.<="" present="" susceptible="" teq="" teqs="" that="" the="" this="" to="" when="" zero.=""> 'EQ half PQL'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql a="" above.<="" and="" approaches="" are="" between="" conservative="" half="" hence="" least="" li="" mid-point="" most="" pql.="" stipulated="" the=""> </pql></pql></pql>
	Note, the Total +ve PAHs PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve PAHs" is simply a sum of the positive individual PAHs.
Org-014	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-016	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.
Org-016	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.
	Note, the Total +ve Xylene PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve Xylenes" is simply a sum of the positive individual Xylenes.

QUALITY CON			Duplicate			Spike Recovery %				
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]
Date extracted	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019	
Date analysed	-			19/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	19/06/2019	
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	25	Org-016	<25	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	93	
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	25	Org-016	<25	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	93	
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-016	<0.2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	104	
Toluene	mg/kg	0.5	Org-016	<0.5	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	92	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	1	Org-016	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	89	
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	2	Org-016	<2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	91	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	1	Org-016	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	89	
naphthalene	mg/kg	1	Org-014	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%		Org-016	109	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	107	

QUALITY CO	QUALITY CONTROL: svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil								Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]
Date extracted	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019	
Date analysed	-			19/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	19/06/2019	
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	50	Org-003	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	103	
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	120	
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	86	
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	50	Org-003	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	103	
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	120	
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	86	
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-003	89	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	113	

QUA	ALITY CONTRO	L: PAHs i	in Soil			Duplicate			Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]	
Date extracted	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019		
Date analysed	-			21/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	21/06/2019		
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	108		
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101		
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	98		
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	96		
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	102		
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	100		
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-012	<0.2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	Org-012	<0.05	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	99		
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-012	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-012	99	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	104		

QUALITY C	ONTROL: Organo	chlorine F	Pesticides in soil			Duplicate			Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]	
Date extracted	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019		
Date analysed	-			21/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	21/06/2019		
HCB	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
alpha-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	105		
gamma-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
beta-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	119		
Heptachlor	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	116		
delta-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Aldrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	117		
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	116		
gamma-Chlordane	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
alpha-chlordane	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
pp-DDE	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	118		
Dieldrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	124		
Endrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	122		
pp-DDD	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	97		
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
pp-DDT	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Endrin Aldehyde	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	114		
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Surrogate TCMX	%		Org-005	99	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101		

QUALITY CC	NTROL: Organ	ophospho	orus Pesticides			Duplicate			Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]	
Date extracted	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019		
Date analysed	-			21/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	21/06/2019		
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Bromophos-ethyl	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Chlorpyriphos	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	106		
Chlorpyriphos-methyl	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Diazinon	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Dichlorvos	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	105		
Dimethoate	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]		
Ethion	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101		
Fenitrothion	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	108		
Malathion	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109		
Parathion	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	108		
Ronnel	mg/kg	0.1	Org-008	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	86		
Surrogate TCMX	%		Org-008	99	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101		

QUALIT	Y CONTRO	L: PCBs	in Soil			Du	plicate		Spike Red	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]
Date extracted	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019	
Date analysed	-			21/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	21/06/2019	
Aroclor 1016	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Aroclor 1221	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Aroclor 1232	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Aroclor 1242	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Aroclor 1248	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Aroclor 1254	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	100	
Aroclor 1260	mg/kg	0.1	Org-006	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Surrogate TCLMX	%		Org-006	99	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101	

QUALITY CONT	QUALITY CONTROL: Acid Extractable metals in soil								Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]	
Date prepared	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019		
Date analysed	-			18/06/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	18/06/2019		
Arsenic	mg/kg	4	Metals-020	<4	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	113		
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.4	Metals-020	<0.4	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	107		
Chromium	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	112		
Copper	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	112		
Lead	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	113		
Mercury	mg/kg	0.1	Metals-021	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	92		
Nickel	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	108		
Zinc	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	117	[NT]	

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Blank This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
Duplicate This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matrix Spike A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample) This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortice that the control Sample with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surrogate Spike Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds wh are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Analysis of aqueous samples typically involves the extraction/digestion and/or analysis of the liquid phase only (i.e. NOT any settled sediment phase but inclusive of suspended particles if present), unless stipulated on the Envirolab COC and/or by correspondence. Notable exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, total recoverable metals and PFAS where solids are included by default.

Envirolab Reference: 219713 Page | 22 of 23 Revision No: R00

Client Reference: 31872.02, Harrington

Report Comments

Asbestos: Excessive sample volumes were provided for asbestos analysis. A portion of the supplied samples were sub-sampled according to Envirolab

We cannot guarantee that these sub-samples are indicative of the entire sample.

Envirolab recommends supplying 40-50g (50mL) of sample in its own

container as per AS4964-2004.

Note: Samples requested for asbestos testing were sub-sampled from bags

provided by the client.

Envirolab Reference: 219713 Revision No: R00



Quality Assurance / Quality Control Report Proposed Harrington Waters Lifestyle Village 26, 48 and 56 Manor Street, Harrington

Quality Assurance (QA) was maintained by:

- Compliance with a Project Quality Plan written for the objectives of the study;
- Using qualified and experienced personnel to undertake the field supervision and sampling;
- Following the Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (DP) operating procedures for sampling, field testing and decontamination as presented in Table D1; and
- Using National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia (NATA) registered laboratories for sample testing that generally utilise standard laboratory methods of the US EPA, the APHA and NSW EPA.

Table D1: Field Procedures

Abbreviation	Procedure Name
FPM LOG	Logging
FPM DECONT	Decontamination of Personnel and Equipment
FPM ENVID	Sample Identification, Handling, Transport and Storage of Contamination Samples
FPM PIDETC	Operation of Field Analysers
FPM ENVSAMP	Sampling of Contaminated Soils

Notes to Table D1:

From DP Field Procedures Manual

Quality Control (QC) of the laboratory programme was achieved by the following means:

- Method blanks the laboratory ran reagent blanks to confirm the equipment and standards used were uncontaminated;
- Laboratory replicates the laboratory split samples internally and conducted tests on separate extracts; and
- Laboratory spikes samples were spiked by the laboratory with a known concentration of contaminants and subsequently tested for percent recovery.

Discussion

B. Method Blanks

All method blanks returned results lower than the laboratory detection limit, therefore are acceptable.



B. Laboratory Replicates

Duplicate sample analysis was not conducted by the laboratory on the samples analysed for this project. The laboratory does, however, analyse replicate samples in batches of 20 samples at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. The duplicate sample relative percentage differences (RPDs) for the batch were within laboratory acceptance criteria.

C. Laboratory Spikes

Recoveries in the order of 70% to 130% are generally considered to be acceptable for inorganic material and 60% to 140% for organic material. The average percent recovery for individual contaminants ranged from 86% to 124%, which is within the quality control objectives. The results should however be qualified and may slightly under-estimate or over-estimate contaminant concentrations in certain samples (i.e. biased low or high respectively).

Conclusions

It is noted that the samples were sent on 13 June 2019 and where received by the laboratory on 17 June 2019 with the temperature of the samples recorded at 14° on arrival. PID results on the soils during sampling indicated the absence gross volatile hydrocarbon impacts (ie PID <1 ppm), which was consistent with the results of laboratory testing received.

In summary, the accuracy and precision of the soil testing procedures, as inferred by the laboratory QA / QC data is considered to be of sufficient standard to allow the data reported to be used in interpret site contamination conditions.



CHAIN OF CUSTODY FIELD SHEET

roject No:					Client Pro	ject Nan	1e:	Proposed	Harrington	Waters Life	estyle Village	9	
ient:	Bayline D	evelopmen	its (NSW) Pt	y Ltd	Location:		Manor Roa	d, Harringt	ton				
Project Manager: Joel Cowan							DP Lab Re	ceived	By: 11/6/	19	Date: JRC		
o samples c	ontain 'pot	ential' HBM	I? Yes ☑ N	lo 🗆 (If YES	, then hand	le, transp	ort and store	in accorda	nce with FPM	I HAZID)			
				Field					DP Lab	Fo	or Despatch	to	Notes
Sample	Depth	Duplicate	Sample Type	Container Type	ASS		Sampling		Storage	Lab 1 ^A	Lab 2 ^B	Lab 3 ^C	
ID	(m)	Sample	S - soil W - water	G - glass P - plastic	Samples	Ву	Date	Time	Locn *	Date	Date	Date	
301	0.05		S	GP		SRE	10/6/19	1600	priama	13/6/19			
302	0.05		^				1			1			
303	0.05		V	V									
304	-			P									
305	-							V					
305a	0.05		S	V		V	V	16 30	V	6/			
												19	
													2
												21	

^{*} Default storage: glass containers in fridge, plastic containers shelved, ASS in freezer, water samples in fridge

A Provide name of Lab 1 Frovide name of Lab 2

C Provide name of Lab 3



CHAIN OF CUSTODY DESPATCH SHEET

D. 1 4 N	04070				Ta		 -		·-					
Project No:	31872.02			Suburb		Harring			To: Envirolab Services Pty Ltd					
Project Name:					lumber	141169			12 Ashley Street, CHATSWOOD NSW 2067				TSWOOD NSW 2067	
	Manager: Joel Cowan									Attn: Jacinta Hurst				
Emails:								Phone: (02) 9910 6200						
Date Required:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													
Prior Storage:	□_Esk	y <u> </u>			Do samp	les contai	n 'potentia	I' HBM?	Yes □	No □	(If YES, th	en handle, t	ransport and	store in accordance with FPM HAZID)
		pjed	Sample Type	Container Type					Analytes	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	-	
Sample ID	Lab ID	Date Sampled	S - soil W - water	G - glass P - plastic	Combo 6A	Asbestos ID		•						Notes/preservation
301	1	10/06/19	S	G/P	•									includes sample 301a
302	2	10/06/19	S	G/P	•									includes sample 302a
303	ഹ	10/06/19	S	G/P	•									includes sample 303a
304	4	10/06/19	S	Р		•			_					
305	৸	10/06/19	S	Р		•								
305a	۵	10/06/19	S_	Р		•								1
								ยางใ	สต์เกต์	Envirolab Se 12 Asi	ley St			
			_				p			rtswood NS1 Ph: (02) 991	62 8 0			
								700	NO: 219	Marie				
_										17 कि	1			
				 .					Received:	N				
								Terr	p: Cool Appl ling: Ica (ce)	west .				
								Sec	urny: intac	Broken/Non				
												<u> </u>		~
			_								<u> </u>			<u> </u>
PQL (S) mg/kg							_					ANZEC	C PQLs r	req'd for all water analytes. 🗆
PQL = practical					to Labora	atory Meth	nod Dete	ction Limit		Lab R	eport/Re	ference N	lo:	
Metals to Analystotal number of					nguished	hw	 -	Transas	#od 45 !=	1	-			
Send Results to		ouglas Parti				υy.		ranspo	rted to la	woratory	by:	Phone		Fax:
Signed:	. 0	ougius i ai ii	ilois i ty Li	Received b	v: <u>¬. N</u>	MII DA		<u> </u>			Date & 1		16/19	
vigileu.				izereized D	λ· <u> · / </u>	~~\W\K(\)	\sim .			- 1	Date &	mne: 🏌	+ 10111	10,224



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd
ABN 37 112 535 645
12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067
ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201
customerservice@envirolab.com.au
www.envirolab.com.au

SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE

Client Details	
Client	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (Port Macquarie)
Attention	Joel Cowan

Sample Login Details	
Your reference	31872.02, Harrington
Envirolab Reference	219713
Date Sample Received	17/06/2019
Date Instructions Received	17/06/2019
Date Results Expected to be Reported	24/06/2019

Sample Condition	
Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis	YES
No. of Samples Provided	4 Soil, 2 Material
Turnaround Time Requested	Standard
Temperature on Receipt (°C)	14
Cooling Method	Ice Pack
Sampling Date Provided	YES

Comments	
Nil	

Please direct any queries to:

Aileen Hie	Jacinta Hurst
Phone: 02 9910 6200	Phone: 02 9910 6200
Fax: 02 9910 6201	Fax: 02 9910 6201
Email: ahie@envirolab.com.au	Email: jhurst@envirolab.com.au

Analysis Underway, details on the following page:



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd
ABN 37 112 535 645
12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067
ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201
customerservice@envirolab.com.au

www.envirolab.com.au

Sample ID	vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil	svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil	PAHs in Soil	Organochlorine Pesticidesin soil	Organophosphorus Pesticides	PCBsin Soil	Acid Extractable metalsin soil	Asbestos ID - soils	Asbestos ID - materials
301	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
302	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
303	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
303 304	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√

The '\sqrt{'} indicates the testing you have requested. THIS IS NOT A REPORT OF THE RESULTS.

Additional Info

Sample storage - Waters are routinely disposed of approximately 1 month and soils approximately 2 months from receipt.

Requests for longer term sample storage must be received in writing.

Please contact the laboratory immediately if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be included in the extraction and/or analysis (exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, Total Recoverable metals and PFAS analysis where solids are included by default.

TAT for Micro is dependent on incubation. This varies from 3 to 6 days.

Appendix C

Titles Deeds Search Information SafeWork Dangerous Goods Licence Search



ABN: 36 092 724 251 Ph: 02 9099 7400 (Ph: 0412 199 304)

Level 14, 135 King Street, Sydney Sydney 2000 GPO Box 4103 Sydney NSW 2001 DX 967 Sydney

Summary of Owners Report

<u>LRS NSW</u> <u>Sydney</u>

Address: - Harrington, 26, 48 and 56 Manor Road

Description: - Lot 2 in D.P. 1219123, Lot 4 in D.P. 1219124 and Lot 6 in D.P. 1217806

As regards Lot 2 in D.P. 1219123

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available	Reference to Title at Acquisition and sale
17.09.1902 (1902 to 1963)	Alexander Newton (Engineering Student)	Book 730 No 726
28.06.1963 (1963 to 1982)	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)	Book 2672 No 453 Now Vol 14737 Fol 183
09.07.1982 (1982 to 2016)	Terence Charles Clifton Janeen Rhonda Clifton	Vol 14737 Fol 183 Now 2/1219123
17.12.2016 (2016 to date)	# Riverside Manors (Harrington) Pty Ltd	2/1219123

Denotes current registered proprietor

Leases: - Nil

Easements: -

- 26.07.2016 (DP1219123) Right of Access 4 metres wide
- 26.07.2016 (DP1219123) Easement for Services
- 26.07.2016 (DP1219123) Easement for Overhead Power Lines 20 metres wide



ABN: 36 092 724 251 Ph: 02 9099 7400 (Ph: 0412 199 304)

Level 14, 135 King Street, Sydney Sydney 2000 GPO Box 4103 Sydney NSW 2001 DX 967 Sydney

As regards Lot 2 in D.P. 1219123

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available	Reference to Title at Acquisition and sale
17.09.1902 (1902 to 1963)	Alexander Newton (Engineering Student)	Book 730 No 726
28.06.1963 (1963 to 1982)	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)	Book 2672 No 453 Now Vol 14737 Fol 184
13.09.1982 (1982 to 1993)	John Andrew Clark Paul Michael Simon Peter James Callaghan	Vol 14737 Fol 184 Now 2/621005
22.02.1993 (1993 to 1995)	John Andrew Clark (& his bankrupt estate)	2/621005
19.12.1995 (1995 to 2016)	J & M MacDonald Pty Limited	2/621005 Now 4/1219124
08.12.2016 (2016 to date)	# Riverside Manors (Harrington) Pty Ltd	4/1219124

Denotes current registered proprietor

Leases: - Nil

Easements: -

- 04.07.2016 (DP1219124) Right of Access 4 metres wide
- 04.07.2016 (DP1219124) Easement for Services variable width
- 04.07.2016 (DP1219124) Easement for Overhead Power Lines 20 metres wide

As regards the former road tinted yellow on the attached cadastre

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available	Reference to Title at Acquisition and sale
01.10.1969	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)	Vol 11153 Fol 97 Now
		Vol 14737 Fol 185



ABN: 36 092 724 251 Ph: 02 9099 7400 (Ph: 0412 199 304)

Level 14, 135 King Street, Sydney Sydney 2000 GPO Box 4103 Sydney NSW 2001 DX 967 Sydney

As regards Lot 6 in D.P. 1217806

Date of Acquisition and term held	Registered Proprietor(s) & Occupations where available	Reference to Title at Acquisition and sale
17.09.1902 (1902 to 1963)	Alexander Newton (Engineering Student)	Book 730 No 726
28.06.1963 (1963 to 1984)	William Herbert Sheather (Dairy Farmer)	Book 2672 No 453 Now Vol 14737 Fol 185
27.04.1984 (1984 to 2016)	Kenneth Edgar Billings Shirley Margaret Billings	Vol 14737 Fol 185 Now 6/1217806
29.11.2016 (2016 to 2019)	Riverside Manors (Harrington) Pty Ltd	6/1217806
01.04.2019 (2019 to date)	# Blue Water (Aust) Pty Ltd	6/1217806

Denotes current registered proprietor

Leases: - Nil

Easements: -

- 08.04.2016 (DP1217806) Right of Access 4 metres wide
- 08.04.2016 (DP1217806) Easement for Services variable width
- 08.04.2016 (DP1217806) Right of Access 5 metres wide
- 08.04.2016 (DP1217806) Easement for Overhead Power Lines 20 metres wide

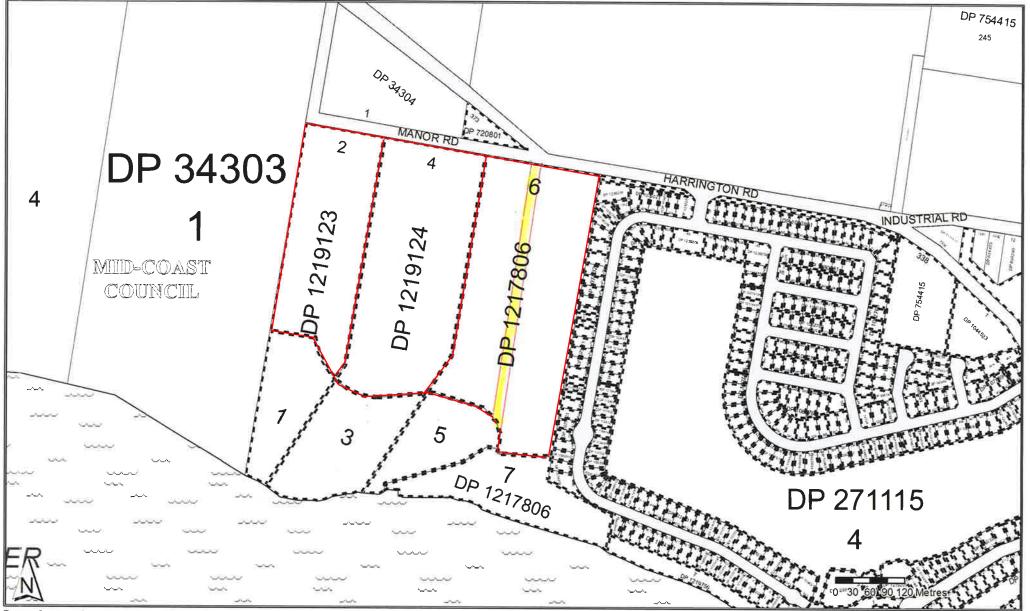
Yours Sincerely, Matthew Hillerman (checked by Mark Groll) 26 June 2019



Cadastral Records Enquiry Report: Lot 6 DP 1217806

Parish: HARRINGTON

Locality: HARRINGTON LGA: MID-COAST **County: MACQUARIE**



Page 1 of 30

Ref: Harrington

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION PLAN FORM 2 (A2) Sheet 1 of 1 sheets ePlan SEE DIAGRAM DP34304 HARRING TON MANOR 373 ROAD MANOR 990 DP720801 990 (E)/_H(A)(E) (20.115 WIDE) FCE (0.25) POST ROAD 180.01 ABOUT 30 YRS OLD ო ROAD 39, (E) of © (B) (B) (B) /Seq:1 (E) / (E) DIAGRAM 2 1:1000 (B) DIAGRAM 1 10:38 //(c) 1:500 (E) 👼 SSM132143 FD 1 3 - 170.207 MGA GND -170.204 SURVEY 5.33ha 400.025 X176°40'49 1.57 DP 34303 (E) 6 49. 28... (B) DP1217806 83.97 ^{99° 20′ 45″} (B) ≈ (G) 4 (F) (G) Ø SSM132144 FD 82.545 ESMT (1.42) (B) /5 DP1219124 PEG ED (B) PEG FD Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2012 CLAUSE 61(2) & CLAUSE 35 (1)(b) M.G.A. CO-ORDINATES MARK CLASS ORDER ORIGIN NORTHING 6472808.271 6473157.467 6472992.990 6472689.939 RMGIP FD EASTING
PM129422 466738.479
SSM132143 466859.794
SSM132144 466816.262
PM151478 466783.390 33°18'-1.43 (DP1219124) /(E) ZONE 56 SOURCE: LAND & PROPERTY INFORMATION, DATE: 2nd July 2015
COMBINED SCALE FACTOR 0.999609 2.292ha PM129422 FD Chord Bearing Distance Arc Radius 333°39'35" 80.85 82.02 (D) SEE DIAGRAM 2 (A) RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 WIDE. 1219123 :M (B) EASEMENT FOR SERVICES (ENTIRE LOT). (C) EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE OF WATER 3 WIDE. (D) EASEMENT FOR UNDERGROUND POWERLINES 1 WIDE. PM TO CNR 272° 16' - 541.853 300°54.4 (E) EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWERLINES 20 WIDE. MHWM IS BOUNDARY PM151478 FD (F) EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH VIDE DP1219124. (G) EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWERLINES 20 WIDE VIDE DP1219124. MANNING RIVER Registered Surveyor: Steven Peter Whiteman LGA: MID-COAST PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 DP621005 Date of Survey: 31st October 2006 2nd July 2015 Locality: HARRINGTON NOTE: THE LOCATION OF THE MHWM SHOWN HEREON IS SUBSTANTIALLY DP1219123 26.7.2016 Surveyor's Ref : 7494/1 REPORT Subdivision No: 33/2016/SC

(CAD F:\7494\7494DP1.DWG - V9 - 20/07/16)

Lengths are in metres. Reduction Ratio 1: 2000

/Prt:26-Jun-2019 /Pgs:ALL /Sts:SC.OK /Rev:26-Jul-2016 Д :R566558 /Doc:DP:harrington /Src:

THE SAME AS THAT SHOWN IN DP621005

10 20 30 40 50 Table of mm 90 100 110 120 130 140

PLAN FORM 6 (2013)

WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

DEPOSITED PLAN ADMIN	IISTRATION SHEET Sheet 1 of 2 sheet(s)
Office Use Only	Office Use Only
Registered: 26.7.2016	
Title System: TORRENS	DP1219123
Purpose: SUBDIVISION	
PLAN OF SUBDIVISION	LGA: GREATER TAREE MID - COAST
OF LOT 1 DP621005	Locality: HARRINGTON
	Parish: HARRINGTON
	County: MACQUARIE
Crown Lands NSW/Western Lands Office Approval	Survey Certificate
I	I, Steven Peter Whiteman
approving this plan certify that all necessary approvals in regard to the allocation of the land shown herein have been given.	of3. Wharf Street Forster. Po Box 510
Signature:	Act 2002,certify that:
Date:	*(a) The land shown in the plan was surveyed in accordance with the
File Number:	Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2012, is accurate and the survey was completed on:31st.October 2006
Office:	2nd July 2015 *(b) The part of the land shown in the plan (*being/*excluding ^
)
Subdivision Certificate ı, <i>Petula Bowden</i>	was surveyed in accordance with the Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2012, is accurate and the survey was completed onthe part not surveyed was compiled in accordance with that Regulation.
*Authorised Person/*General Manager/*Accredited Centifier, certify that the provisions of s.109J of the Environmental Planning and	*(c) The land shown in this plan was compiled in accordance with the
Assessment Act 1979 have been satisfied in relation to the proposed subdivision, new road or reserve set out herein.	Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2012,
Signature:	Signature: Dated: 3-7-15
Accreditation number:	Surveyor ID:2309
Consent Authority: Mid-Coast Council	Datum Line:'X'-'Y'
Date of Endorsement: 6 June 2016	Type: *Urban/* Rural -
	The terrain is *Level-Undulating / *Steep-Mountainous.
Subdivision Certificate number: 33/2016/SC File number: 75/2007/04	*Strike through if inapplicable,
File number:	^Specify the land actually surveyed or specify any land shown in the plan that is not the subject of the survey.
*Strike through inapplicable parts	,
Statements of intention to dedicate public roads, create public	Plans used in preparation of survey/compilation.
reserves and drainage reserves, acquire/resume land.	DP621005, DP847223, DP1219124
	If appear in inquifficient continue are DLAU FORM of
Signatures, Seals and Section 88B Statements should appear on	If space is insufficient continue on PLAN FORM 6A (CAD F:\7494\7494DP1.DWG - V2 - 15/07/15)
PLAN FORM 6A	Surveyor's Reference: 7494/1

ePlan

PLAN FORM 6A (2012) WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection DEPOSITED PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET Sheet 2 of 2 sheet(s) Office Use Only Office Use Only Registered: 26.7.2016 DP1219123 PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 1 DP621005 This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required: A schedule of lots and addresses - Sec 60(c) SSI Regulation 2012 Statements of intention to create and release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919. Signatures and seals - see 195D Conveyancing Act 1919. Subdivision Certificate Number:, Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of sheet 1 of the administration sheets. Date of Endorsement: 6 June PURSUANT TO Sec.88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919 IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE:-1. RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 WIDE. (A) 2. EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH. (B) (ENTRE LOT) 3. POSITIVE COVENANT. 4. EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWERLINES 20 WIDE. (E) 5. EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE OF WATER 3 WIDE. (C) 6. EASEMENT FOR UNDERGROUND POWERLINES 1 WIDE. (D) Peronce Charles CLIFTON El Mytho 22/03/2016 Mortgagee under Mortgage No. 4 492364 Signed at Tarce this ZIST day of Janeen Ronola CLIFTON ACHION 22/03/2016 20 6 for National June Australia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937 MARK KIRCHER its duly appointed Attorney under Power of Witness: Cuy Martin Att Business Banking Manager ... Taree Business Banking Attorney No. 39) Book 451 Attorney Centre Level 2, 1 Putternay St. Witness/Bank Officer Taree NSW 2430 Street Lot Street Name Street Type Locality Number **MANOR ROAD** HARRINGTON 1 **MANOR ROAD HARRINGTON**

If space is insufficient use additional annexure sheet

Surveyor's Reference: 7494/1 (CAD F:\7494\7494DP1.DWG - V4 - 09/03/16)

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/Prt:26-Jun-2019

/Pgs:ALL

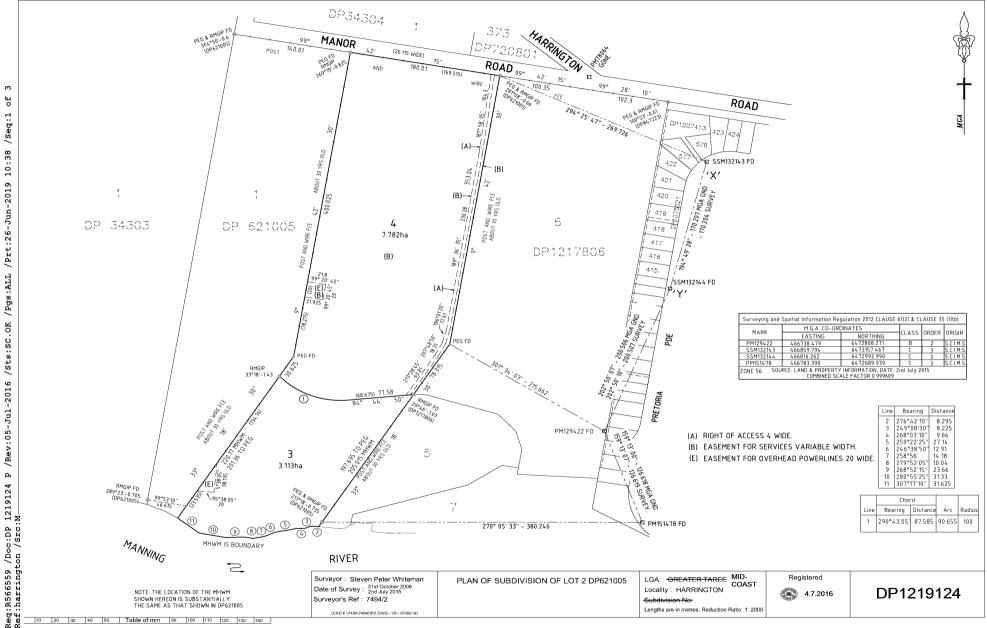
/Sts:SC.OK

/Rev:05-Jul-2016

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10 20 30 40 50 Table of mm 90 100 110 120 130 140

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION PLAN FORM 2 (A2) ePlan Sheet 1 of 1 sheets



PLAN FORM 6 (2013)

WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

ePlan

DEPOSITED PLAN ADMIN	VISTRATION SHEET Sheet 1 of 2 sheet(s)
Office Use Only Registered: 4.7.2016 Title System: TORRENS Purpose: SUBDIVISION	DP1219124
PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 2 DP621005	DP1219124 LGA: GREATER TAREE MID-COAST Locality: HARRINGTON Parish: HARRINGTON County: MACQUARIE Survey Certificate I, Steven Peter Whiteman of 3 Wharf Street Forster, Po Box 510 a surveyor registered under the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002,certify that:
Crown Lands NSW/Western Lands Office Approval I	*(a) The land shown in the plan was surveyed in accordance with the Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2012, is accurate and the survey was completed on:
Statements of intention to dedicate public roads, create public reserves and drainage reserves, acquire/resume land.	Plans used in preparation of survey/compilation. DP621005, DP847223, DP 1217606
Signatures, Seals and Section 88B Statements should appear on PLAN FORM 6A	If space is insufficient continue on PLAN FORM 6A (CAD F:\7494\7494DP2.DWG - V2 - 15/07/15) Surveyor's Reference: 7494/2

PLAN FORM 6A (2012)

WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

ePlan

DEPOSITED PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET Sheet 2 of 2 sheet(s)

Office Use Only

Office Use Only

Registered:

4.7.2016

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 2 DP621005

DP1219124

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- A schedule of lots and addresses Sec 60(c) SSI Regulation 2012
- Statements of intention to create and release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919.
- Signatures and seals see 195D Conveyancing Act 1919.
- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of sheet 1 of the administration sheets.

Subdivision Certificate Number: 34 2016/SC Date of Endorsement: 6 June 2016

PURSUANT TO Sec.88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919

IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE:-

- 1. RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 WIDE
- 2. EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH.
- 3. POSITIVE COVENANT.
- 4. EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWERLINES 20 WIDE (E)

JaM. Marchandld Pty/Ltd ACN 000269812 Marchandld John MALPONALD

Sole Director and Secretary

Lot	Street Number	Street Name	Street Type	Locality
3	50	MANOR	ROAD	HARRINGTON
4	48	MANOR	ROAD	HARRINGTON

If space is insufficient use additional annexure sheet

Surveyor's Reference: 7494/2 (CAD F:\7494\7494DP2.DWG - V3 - 23/02/16)

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10:38

/Prt:26-Jun-2019

/Sts:SC.OK

/Rev:11-Apr-2016

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1217806 :M

/Doc:DP ton /Src:

180.01

(20.115 WIDE)

POST & WIRE FCE

DP34304

MANOR

990

140.01

Line	Bearing	Distance
1	307°07'	15.41
2	286°49'25"	46.03
3	286°31'05"	99.085
4	287°59'40"	53.565
5	292°09'50"	15.51
6	313°46′35"	11.465
7	288°56'10"	20.955
8	274°56'40"	13.47
9	287°16′40"	18.555
10	264°47'10"	16.32
11	270°22'25"	62.5
12	287°57'25"	8.855
13	0°57'45"	9.195
14	273°56'55"	19.525
15	239°05'	6.865
16	239°05'	9.095
17	275°12'05"	30.19

	Chord			
Line	Bearing	Distance	Arc	Radius
18	187°12'50"	19.69		
19	189°36'30"	64.275		
20	189°53'50"	138.83		
21	189°10'25"	85.13		
22	265°04'30"	36.32	37.17	50
23	261°46'40"	37.455	38.635	45

	Chord			
Line	Bearing	Distance	Arc	Radius
24	95°33'35"	18.76	18.87	50

(X) LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)

(A) RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 WIDE.

(B) EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH.

(C) RIGHT OF ACCESS 5 WIDE.

(E) EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWERLINES 20 WIDE.

(D) EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 2 WIDE VIDE DP1075021

NOTE: THE LOCATION OF THE MHWM SHOWN HEREON IS SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME AS THAT SHOWN IN DP847223

MARK	M.G.A. CO-ORDINATES		C1 4 C C		
MARK	EASTING	NORTHING	CLASS	ORDER	URIGIN
PM129422	466738.479	6472808.271	В	2	S.C.I.M.S
SSM132143	466859.794	6473157.467	C	3	S.C.I.M.S
SSM132144	466816.262	6472992.990	C	3	S.C.I.M.S
PM151478	466783.390	6472689.939	C	3	S.C.I.M.S
ZONE 56 SOU	RCE: LAND & PROPERTY COMBINED SC	INFORMATION, DATE: 2 ALE FACTOR 0.999609	nd July 2	015	

Surveyor: Steven Peter Whiteman Date of Survey: 31st October 2006 2nd July 2015 Surveyor's Ref: 7494/31 (CAD F:\7494\7494DP31.DWG - V3 - 26/02/16)

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 31 DP847223

LGA: GREATER TAREE Locality: HARRINGTON Subdivision No: 12/2016/SC Lengths are in metres. Reduction Ratio 1: 2000

8.4.2016

149° 32′ 20″ 90.265

ROAD

(20.115 WIDE & VARIABLE)

DP1217806

10 20 30 40 50 Table of mm 90 100 110 120 130 140



ัก SSM132143 FD 2 621005 DP 353.04 28, PDE 417 (B) 416 6 415 9.550ha SSM132144 FD (X) (D)-202° 50' 0 202° 50' 11 35.975 106°22'20" , UB)(C)(E) RMGIP 29°46'-1.0 PM129422 FD 1.185 84°44'50' 2.004ha 14.135 MHWM 10 TO PEG 3.001ha PUBLIC RESERVE DP1198390 MHWM IS BOUNDARY 2 MANNING RIVER Registered

HARRINGTON S

15"

POST & WIRE FCE

100.35 (90.315) 28' 10"

ABT 30YRS

102.3 [78.44]

DP720801

ROAD

PLAN FORM 6 (2013)

WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

ePlan

DEPOSITED PLAN ADMIN	NISTRATION SHEET Sheet 1 of 2 sheet(s)
Office Use Only Registered: 8.4.2016 Title System: TORRENS Purpose: SUBDIVISION	DP1217806
PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 31 DP847223	LGA: GREATER TAREE Locality: HARRINGTON Parish: HARRINGTON County: MACQUARIE
Crown Lands NSW/Western Lands Office Approval I	Survey Certificate I, Steven Peter Whiteman of 3 Wharf Street Forster. Po.Box 510 a surveyor registered under the Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002, certify that: *(a) The land shown in the plan was surveyed in accordance with the Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2012, is accurate and the survey was completed on
Signatures, Seals and Section 88B Statements should appear on PLAN FORM 6A	If space is insufficient continue on PLAN FORM 6A (CAD F:\7494\7494DP31.DWG - V2 - 14/07/15) Surveyor's Reference: 7494/31

PLAN FORM 6A (2012)

WARNING: Creasing or folding will lead to rejection

ePlan

DEPOSITED PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET Sheet 2 of 2 sheet(s)

Office Use Only

Office Use Only

Registered: 8.4.2016

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF LOT 31 DP847223

DP1217806

This sheet is for the provision of the following information as required:

- A schedule of lots and addresses Sec 60(c) SSI Regulation 2012
- Statements of intention to create and release affecting interests in accordance with section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919.
- Signatures and seals see 195D Conveyancing Act 1919.
- Any information which cannot fit in the appropriate panel of sheet 1 of the administration sheets.

Subdivision Certificate Number: 12/2016/SC Date of Endorsement: 30 Novemm 2015

PURSUANT TO Sec.88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919

IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE:-

- 1. RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 WIDE (A)
- 2. EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH (B)
- 3. RIGHT OF ACCESS 5 WIDE (C)
- 4. POSITIVE COVENANT.
- 5. EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWERLINES 20 WIDE. (E)

Shirley In Billing.

Lot	Street Number	Street Name	Street Type	Locality
5		MANOR	ROAD	HARRINGTON
6		MANOR	ROAD	HARRINGTON
7	N/A			HARRINGTON

If space is insufficient use additional annexure sheet

Surveyor's Reference: 7494/31 (CAD F:\7494\7494DP31.DWG-V2-14/07/15)

NEW SOUTH WALES

FICATE OF TITLE AL PROPERTY ACT, 1900



IVA No. 37093



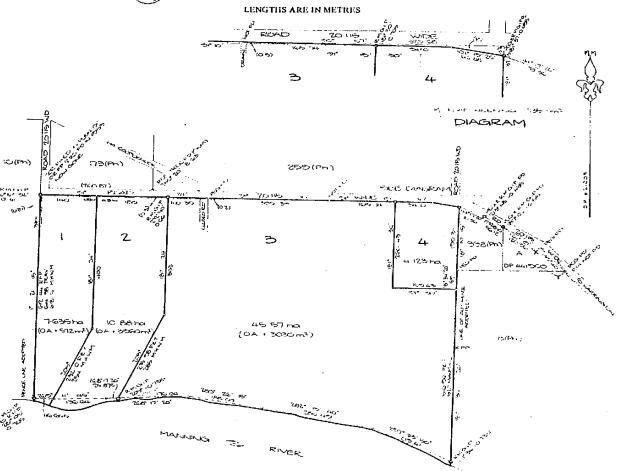
EDITION ISSUED

1982 5

I certify that the person described in the First Schedule is the registered proprietor of the undermentioned estate in the land within described subject nevertheless to such exceptions encumbrances and interests as are shown in the Second Schedule.

SEE HUTTE FOLLO

PLAN SHOWING LOCATION OF LAND



ESTATE AND LAND REFERRED TO

Estate in Fee Simple in Lot in Deposited Plan 621005 at Harrington in the City of Greater Taree Parish of Harrington County of Macquarie being part of Portion 3 granted to Alexander Newton and William Malcolm on 15-11-1852.

FIRST SCHEDULE

SECOND SCHEDULE

1. Reservations and conditions, if any, contained in the Crown Grant above referred to.
2. CAUTION. The land within described is held subject to any subsisting interest (as defined in Section 28A Real Property Act, 1900). 11.5.1982

PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST ALTERING OR ADDING TO THIS CERTIFICATE OR ANY NOTIFICATION HEREON

Req:R561625 /Doc:CT 14737-183 CT /Rev:20-Jan-2011 /Sts:OK.OK /Pgs:ALL /Prt:25-Jun-2019 13:42 Ref:harrington /Src:M:s) Vol. 14/3/ Fol.103

94137C 4.81 D. West, Government Printe

	FIRST SCHEDULE (continued)		n :
Terence Charles Clifton 9.7.1982.	REGISTERED PROPRIETOR on and Janeen Rhonda Clifton as joint tenants by Transf	er T136079. Registered	Registrar Genera
	CARTELL	[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	
	SEE AUTO FOL!		
	•		
	SECOND SCHEDULE (continued) PARTICULARS		
	PARTICULARS	Registrar General	CANCELLATION
·			j
	NOTATIONS AND UNREGISTERED DEALINGS		

NOTE: ENTRIES RULED THROUGH AND AUTHENTICATED BY THE SEAL OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL ARE CANCELLED



Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:41PM

FOLIO: 1/621005

First Title(s): SEE PRIOR TITLE(S)
Prior Title(s): VOL 14737 FOL 183

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
28/3/1988		TITLE AUTOMATION PROJECT	LOT RECORDED FOLIO NOT CREATED
14/9/1988		CONVERTED TO COMPUTER FOLIO	FOLIO CREATED CT NOT ISSUED
2/8/1994	U492364	MORTGAGE	EDITION 1
24/11/2003	AA189088	CAVEAT	
20/2/2008	AD693451	APPLICATION FOR PREPARATION OF LAPSING NOTICE	
26/7/2016	DP1219123	DEPOSITED PLAN	FOLIO CANCELLED

*** END OF SEARCH ***



Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:41PM

FOLIO: 2/1219123

First Title(s): OLD SYSTEM
Prior Title(s): 1/621005

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
26/7/2016	DP1219123	DEPOSITED PLAN	FOLIO CREATED EDITION 1
17/12/2016	AM7949	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	
17/12/2016	AM7950	TRANSFER	
17/12/2016	AM7951	MORTGAGE	EDITION 2
30/8/2017	AM688282	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	EDITION 3
4/12/2017	AM936428	CAVEAT	
6/3/2019	AP102677	DEPARTMENTAL DEALING	

*** END OF SEARCH ***

NEW SOUTH WALES

ICATE OF TITLE L PROPERTY ACT, 1900



(Page 1) Vol.

IVA No. 37093



EDITION ISSUED

5 1982 11

I certify that the person described in the First Schedule is the registered proprietor of the undermentioned estate in the land within described subject nevertheless to such exceptions encumbrances and interests as are shown in the Second Schedule.





Registrar General. SEE AUTO FOLIO

PLAN SHOWING LOCATION OF LAND

LENGTHS ARE IN METRES

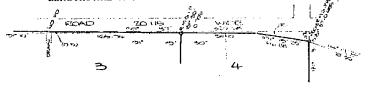


DIAGRAM 250 (Ph) 2 3 45 51 HX RIVER.

ESTATE AND LAND REFERRED TO

in Deposited Plan 621005 at Harrington in the City 2 Estate in Fee Simple in Lot of Greater Taree Parish of Harrington County of Macquarie being part of Portion 3 granted to Alexander Newton and William Malcolm on 15-11-1852.

FIRST SCHEDULE

T-SHEATHER. (xR)

SECOND SCHEDULE

1. Reservations and conditions, if any, contained in the Crown Grant above referred to.
2. CAUTION. The land within described is held subject to any subsisting interest (as defined in Section 28A Real Property Act, 1900). [1.5.1982

RG 2/64

Vol	14737	Eat 184
Y OI,		FOI

	94137C 4.81 D. West, C	Government Printer
FIRST SCHEDULE (continued)		
REGISTERED PROPRIETOR		Registrar General
John Andrew Clark in $\frac{1}{3}$ share, Paul Michael Simon in $\frac{1}{3}$ share and Peter James Callaghan tenants in common by Transfer T218243. Registered 13-9-1982.	in $\frac{1}{3}$ share as	hamenis
CANCELLER		
SEE AUTO FOLIO		
SECOND SCHEDULE (continued)		
PARTICULARS	Registrar General	CANCELLATION
NOTATIONS AND UNREGISTERED DEALINGS		
2		
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Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

05/6/0010 1.40

25/6/2019 1:42PM

FOLIO: 2/621005

First Title(s): SEE PRIOR TITLE(S)
Prior Title(s): VOL 14737 FOL 184

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
28/3/1988		TITLE AUTOMATION PROJECT	LOT RECORDED FOLIO NOT CREATED
14/9/1988		CONVERTED TO COMPUTER FOLIO	FOLIO CREATED CT NOT ISSUED
19/10/1990	Z287741	MORTGAGE	EDITION 1
7/4/1993 7/4/1993 7/4/1993 7/4/1993	1245068	REQUEST DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE TRANSFER MORTGAGE	
7/4/1993 20/12/1993	I245069 I892041	MORTGAGE	EDITION 2
11/8/1994	U523314	WRIT	
12/4/1995	0158489	CAVEAT	
9/11/1995 9/11/1995 9/11/1995	O497355 O672620 O489559	WITHDRAWAL OF CAVEAT WITHDRAWAL OF CAVEAT REQUEST	EDITION 3
22/12/1995 22/12/1995 22/12/1995	0793687	APPLICATION TO CANCEL RECORDING OF WRIT DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	
22/12/1995 22/12/1995	0793688 0793689	TRANSFER MORTGAGE	EDITION 4
2/4/1996	2058478	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	EDITION 5
19/4/1999	5759131	DEPARTMENTAL DEALING	
24/11/2003	AA189092	CAVEAT	
4/5/2006	AC282733	WITHDRAWAL OF CAVEAT	
11/7/2006	AC435733	DEPARTMENTAL DEALING	

END OF PAGE 1 - CONTINUED OVER

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:42PM

FOLIO: 2/621005 PAGE 2

Recorded Number Type of Instrument C.T. Issue

4/7/2016 DP1219124 DEPOSITED PLAN FOLIO CANCELLED

*** END OF SEARCH ***

		3-May-2010 /Sts:OK.SC /Pgs:ALL /Prt:26-Jun-2019 09:42 /Seq:1 of 1
Kei:ha	RP13	TRANSFER Rect Property Act. 1900 245067 V
		OFFICE CALLY REVENUE N12 STAMP BUTY 130 D03 19T RECN (160 2 62 711
		i
A	LAND TRANSFERRED Show no more than 20 References to Title. If appropriate, specify the share transferred.	IDENTIFIER 2/621005
(B)	LODGED BY	L.T.O. Box Name, Address or DX and Telephonic A BANK LIMITED
		Aco A National Australia Bank Limited
		255 George Street, Sydney 237 - 1111 FAX 237 - 1284
32. 1. 1. 1		REFERENCE (max. 15 characters): D06502
	·	PAUL MICHAEL SIMON AND PETER JAMES CALLAGHAN
(C)	TRANSFEROR	THOU PICTURE SINGS AND PETER SAMES CALLAGHAN
(D)	acknowledges receipt of the consideration	s120,000.00
	and as regards the land specified above tr	ansfers to the transferee an estate in fee simple as to Transferor's two third
Œ	subject to the following ENCUMBRANCE	2
(F)	TRANSFEREE	
		JOHN ANDREW CLARK of Lot 2 Manor Road, Harrington
(G)		as joint tenants/tenants in common
ို့		
(H)	We certify this dealing correct for the pur	poses of the Real Property Act, 1900. DATE OF EXECUTION 22 no feeting 2/993
	Signed in my presence by the transferor w	ho is personally known to me.
	MHermans Signature of Witness	
	K.D. Hermans	44 (1 2) (1 (1 (1
:	Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTE	Not booklynder
	Address of Witness	Signature of Transferor
· ····································	Signed in my presence by the transferee w	vho is personally known to me
	Signature of Witness	A(16)
:	Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTE	n a
	Address of Witness	Solicitor for Signature of Transferee
		RE AVAILABLE FROM THE LAND TITLES OFFICE CHECKED BY (office use only)

Ausdoc Commercial and Law Stationers 1991

CHECKED BY (office use only)



Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:41PM

FOLIO: 4/1219124

First Title(s): OLD SYSTEM
Prior Title(s): 2/621005

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
4/7/2016	DP1219124	DEPOSITED PLAN	FOLIO CREATED
26/7/2016	DP1219123	DEPOSITED PLAN	
8/12/2016 8/12/2016	AK980890 AK980891	TRANSFER MORTGAGE	EDITION 2
19/10/2017	AM818888	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	EDITION 3
4/12/2017	AM936428	CAVEAT	
6/3/2019	AP102677	DEPARTMENTAL DEALING	

*** END OF SEARCH ***



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 4/1219124

LAND

LOT 4 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 1219124
AT HARRINGTON
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MID-COAST
PARISH OF HARRINGTON COUNTY OF MACQUARIE
TITLE DIAGRAM DP1219124

FIRST SCHEDULE

RIVERSIDE MANORS (HARRINGTON) PTY LTD

(T AK980890)

SECOND SCHEDULE (7 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 DP1219124 RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 METRE(S) WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- DP1219124 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 4 DP1219124 POSITIVE COVENANT
- 5 DP1219124 EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWER LINE(S) 20 METRE(S) WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 6 DP1219123 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- * 7 AM936428 CAVEAT BY BAYLINE INVESTMENTS (NSW) PTY LTD

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: PP DP271219 PP DP280078 PP DP280079

PP DP280080 PP DP280081 PP DP280082 PP DP280083 PP DP280084 PP DP280085 PP DP280086 PP DP280087

PP DP280088.

*** END OF SEARCH ***

harrington

PRINTED ON 26/6/2019

No. 19 69/1962 Ture conto

New South Males



11153097

Vol. 11153 Fol. 97
Registered 16-10-1969
Registrar General.

GRANT UPON PURCHASE OF UNNECESSARY ROAD

(Under the Public Roads Act. 1902)

HHUZABHER the SECOND, by the Greece of God of the United Bingdom, Australia and her ather Bealms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Initly:-

To All to behow these presents shall come, Greeting:-

CANCELLED

DOCUMENT

NG5

RESOVED TO

Mhereus

NORTH

WILLIAM BERBERT SHEATHER of Harrington Road Barrington in Our State of New South Wales

(hereinafter called the GRANTEE) heing the owner of land adjoining the land hereinafter described and intended to be hereby granted (formerly a good which was duly closed in accordance with the provisions of the Public Roads Act, 1902) agreed to have such land granted to him upon payment of the sum of seventy five dollars being the value thereof agreed upon between Our Minister for Lands and the GRANTEE AND WIFEEAS, the raid sum has been duly and all things required by law to be done

AND WHEREAS the sold sum has been duly paid and all things required by law to be done
to entitle the GRANTEE to a Grant of the fee simple of the sold land Subject to the Reservations and Exceptions hereinafter contained have been done
and performed NOW THESE PRESENTS WITNESS That in consideration of the premises WE DO HEREBY GRANT unto the GRANTEE Subject to the
Reservations and Exceptions hereinafter contained ALL THAT parcel of land containing by admeasurement three acres

be the same more or loss situated in the

County of Macquarie — Purish of Marrington Being the closed road separating portion 3 from portion 6

3 6 Water Mark

LOT 71N D.P. 111792

SCALE

O 2 4 5 16 CHAINS

<u> Area:3acres</u>

As per Plan hereon TO HOLD unto the GRANTEE in fee simple
PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS AND WE DO HEREBY RESERVE AND EXCEPT unto Us Our Heirs and Successors all minerals which the said Land contains with full power and authority for Us Our Heirs and Successors and such person or persons as shall from time to time be authorised by Us or Them to enter upon the said Land and to search for mine dig and remove the said minerals AND ALSO all such parts and so much of the said Land as may hereafter be required for public ways in over and through the same to be sat out by Our Governor for the time being of Our said State ar some persons by him authorised in that respect with full power for Us Our Heirs and Successors and for Our Governor as aforesaid by such person or persons as shall be by Us Them or him authorised in that behalf to make and conduct all such public ways And the right of full and free ingress egress and regress into out of and upon the said Land for the several purposes aforesaid or any of them IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused this Our Grant to be Sealed with the Seal of Our said State

Mitness Our Governor of Our State of New South Wales and its

Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, at Sydney in Our said State, this first day of October in the eighteenth year of Our Reign and in the year of Our Lord one Thousand nine hundred and sixty nine

Governor -

	SCHEDULE OF REGISTERE	D PROPRIETORS				
	REGISTERED PROPRIETOR		INSTRUMENT		FAITERER	Signatur
	NEW CESTFORMERS OF THE HELDER OF DP 621005	NATURE	NUMBER	DATE	ENTERED	Signatur Registrar-C
	NEW CERTIFICATION OF THE HEAVEN OF DP 621005	·				
	SUMMER DANTHAGE TANDE ,			 		
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SCHEDULE OF ENCUMBRANCES ETC.							
ATURE	NUMBER	DATE	PARTICULARS	ENTERED	Signature of Registrar-General	CANCELLATION	
·	-						
			the deaths concludes to whole				
	_		While				
			18205, Ted				
 -			14-5-1982 14 14737 83/86 140 I.V.A. 37093 Consolidation				····
			VIDE IVA 27092	2.			
			Consolidation				
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NOTE: ENTRIES RULED THROUGH AND AUTHENTICATED BY THE SEAL OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL ARE CANCELLED

(Page 2 of 2 pages)

Fol

5.3

Ref:harrington /Src:M

IVA No. 37093 (Part)



PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST ALTERING OR ADDING TO THIS CERTIFICATE OR ANY NOTIFICATION HEREON

NEW SOUTH WALES

Prior Title Vol. 11153 Fol. 97

L PROPERTY ACT, 1900



14737 Fol. 185

EDITION ISSUED

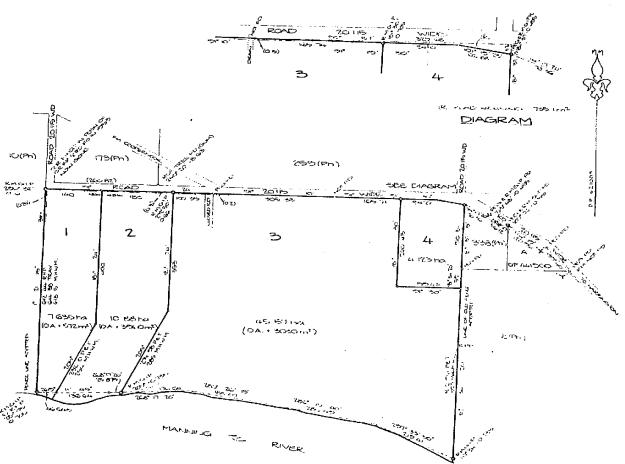
5 1982 11

I certify that the person described in the First Schedule is the registered proprietor of the undermentioned estate in the land within described subject nevertheless to such exceptions encumbrances and interests as are shown in the Second Schedule.



PLAN SHOWING LOCATION OF LAND

LENGTHS ARE IN METRES



ESTATE AND LAND REFERRED TO

Estate in Fee Simple in Lot 3 in Deposited Plan 621005 at Harrington in the City of Greater Taree Parish of Harrington County of Macquarie being part of Portion 3 granted to Alexander Newton and William Malcolm on 15-11-1852, Portion 6 and part of Portion 7 separately granted to Alexander Newton and William Malcolm on 12-8-1856 and Lot 7 in Deposited Plan 111792 granted by Crown Grant Volume 11153 Folio 97. EXCEPTING THEREOUT the minerals reserved by the Crown Grant for Lot 7 in Deposited Plan 111792.

FIRST SCHEDULE



SECOND SCHEDULE

1. Reservations and conditions, if any, contained in the Crown Grants above referred to.
2. CAUTION. The land within described is held subject to any subsisting interest (as defined in Section 28A Real Property Act, 1900) affecting the part of the land above described comprised in Deed Book 2672 No. 453.

	94137C 4.81 D.	West, Government Printer
FIRST SCHEDULE (continued)		
REGISTERED PROPRIETOR		Registrar General
Kenneth Edgar Billings and Shirley Margaret Billings as Joint Tenants by Tran Registered 27–4–1984.	sfer V75017.	la
ि । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । ।	FOLIO	
		f
SECOND SCHEDULE (continued)		
PARTICULARS	Registrar G	eneral CANCELLATION
NOTATIONS AND UNREGISTERED DEALINGS		
NOTATIONS AND UNREGISTERED DEALINGS		



Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:43PM

FOLIO: 3/621005

First Title(s): SEE PRIOR TITLE(S)
Prior Title(s): VOL 14737 FOL 185

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
28/3/1988		TITLE AUTOMATION PROJECT	LOT RECORDED FOLIO NOT CREATED
24/10/1988		CONVERTED TO COMPUTER FOLIO	FOLIO CREATED CT NOT ISSUED
27/9/1994	U654845	DISCHARGE OF MORTGAGE	EDITION 1
27/2/1995	DP847223	DEPOSITED PLAN	FOLIO CANCELLED

*** END OF SEARCH ***



REGISTRY SERVICES Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:43PM

FOLIO: 31/847223

First Title(s): VOL 11153 FOL 97 OLD SYSTEM

Prior Title(s): 3/621005

Recorded	Number	Type of Instrument	C.T. Issue
	DP847223	DEPOSITED PLAN	FOLIO CREATED EDITION 1
26/8/2003	9912686	CAVEAT	
24/11/2003	AA189075	CAVEAT	
21/10/2004	DP1075021	DEPOSITED PLAN	
19/4/2005	DP1080881	DEPOSITED PLAN	
20/2/2008	AD693455	APPLICATION FOR PREPARATION OF LAPSING NOTICE	
6/4/2016	AK335885	WITHDRAWAL OF CAVEAT	
8/4/2016	DP1217806	DEPOSITED PLAN	FOLIO CANCELLED

*** END OF SEARCH ***



Historical Title



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - HISTORICAL SEARCH

SEARCH DATE

25/6/2019 1:41PM

FOLIO: 6/1217806

First Title(s): VOL 11153 FOL 97 OLD SYSTEM

Prior Title(s): 31/847223

Recorded	Number	Type of In	strument	C.T. Issue
8/4/2016	DP1217806	DEPOSITED	PLAN	FOLIO CREATED EDITION 1
17/12/2016 17/12/2016	AM7911 AM7912	TRANSFER MORTGAGE		EDITION 2
30/8/2017	AM688283	DISCHARGE (OF MORTGAGE	EDITION 3
4/12/2017	AM936428	CAVEAT		
6/3/2019	AP102677	DEPARTMENTA	AL DEALING	
1/4/2019	AP156194	WITHDRAWAL	OF CAVEAT	
1/4/2019	AP159285	TRANSFER		EDITION 4
2/4/2019	AP161878	CAVEAT		

*** END OF SEARCH ***

	on /Src:M	•			. 1_	
Form: Licence	01T e: 01-05-02	5	TRA	NSFER		
License	ee: LEAP Le	gal Software Pty Limit HOOKE LAWYERS		South Wales	AM7911	lR
			Property Act 1900 (RP	Act) authorises the	Registrar General to collect the in	
		the establishment ar available to any perso			Act Register, Section 96B RP	. Act_requires the
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					Asst details:	
(A) TORRE	ENS TITLE	6/1217806				
(B) LODGI	ED BY	Document Na	me Address or DX	Telephone and Cu	stomer Account Number if any	CODES
(B) 2000		Collection	EY LEGAL AGENTS		moner / toodan tvamoor is any	T
		Box STDINI 268D LUP: 3	EY LEGAL AGENT: 132579W	5 - INFOTRACK		<u> </u>
		1	ference:	Hoolee/	311677	TW
(C) TRANS	SFEROR	Kenneth Edgar B	ILLINGS and Shirle	y Margaret BILLII	NGS	
(D) CONSI	DERATION	The transferor ac	knowledges receipt o	of the consideration	of \$495,000.00 and as regards	
(E) ESTAT			ned land transfers to t		-	,
(F) SHARI	E				•	
	SFERRED					
(G)		Encumbrances (in				
(H) TRAN	SFEREE	Riverside Manors	s (Harrington) Pty Lt	d ACN 167 219 80	01	
		TENANCY:				
(I)		L				
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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 6/1217806

LAND

LOT 6 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 1217806
AT HARRINGTON
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MID-COAST
PARISH OF HARRINGTON COUNTY OF MACQUARIE

FIRST SCHEDULE

BLUE WATER (AUST) PTY LTD

TITLE DIAGRAM DP1217806

(T AP159285)

SECOND SCHEDULE (12 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS WITHIN THE PART(S) SHOWN SO INDICATED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 3 DP1075021 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 4 METRES WIDE APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 4 DP1075021 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 3 METRES WIDE APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 5 DP1075021 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 2 METRES WIDE APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 6 DP1080881 EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER 2 METRE(S) WIDE APPURTENANT
 TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 7 DP1217806 RIGHT OF ACCESS 4 METRE(S) WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 8 DP1217806 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 9 DP1217806 RIGHT OF ACCESS 5 METRE(S) WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 10 DP1217806 POSITIVE COVENANT
- 11 DP1217806 EASEMENT FOR OVERHEAD POWER LINE(S) 20 METRE(S) WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- * 12 AP161878 CAVEAT BY RIVERSIDE MANORS (HARRINGTON) PTY LTD

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: PP DP271219 PP DP280078 PP DP280079 PP DP280080 PP DP280081 PP DP280082 PP DP280083

PP DP280084 PP DP280085 PP DP280086 PP DP280087

END OF PAGE 1 - CONTINUED OVER

harrington

PRINTED ON 26/6/2019

FOLIO: 6/1217806

PAGE 2

NOTATIONS (CONTINUED)

PP DP280088.

*** END OF SEARCH ***

harrington

PRINTED ON 26/6/2019

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



Locked Bag 2906, Lisarow NSW 2252
Customer Experience 13 10 50
ABN 81 913 830 179 | www.safework.nsw.gov.au

Our Ref: D19/150805

27 June 2019

Douglas Partners Mr Joel Cowan PO Box 5463 PORT MACQUARIE NSW 2444

Dear Mr Cowan

RE SITE: 56, 48, 26 Manor Rd, Harrington NSW

I refer to your site search request received by SafeWork NSW on 25 June 2019 requesting information on Storage of Hazardous Chemicals for the above site.

A search of the records held by SafeWork NSW has not located any records pertaining to the above-mentioned premises.

For further information or if you have any questions, please call us on 13 10 50 or email licensing@safework.nsw.gov.au

Yours sincerely

Customer Service Officer

Customer Experience - Operations

SafeWork NSW

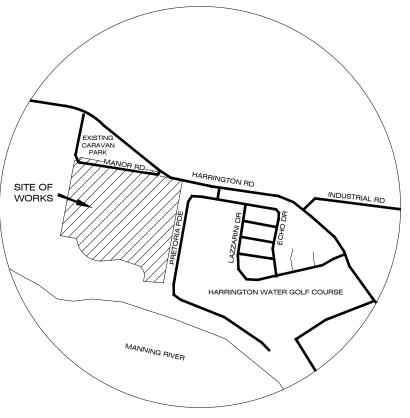
Appendix D

Plans Supplied by Client

HARRINGTON WATERS LIFESTYLE VILLAGE

MANOR ROAD, HARRINGTON DA DESIGN PLANS ROAD, DRAINAGE & ASSOCIATED WORKS

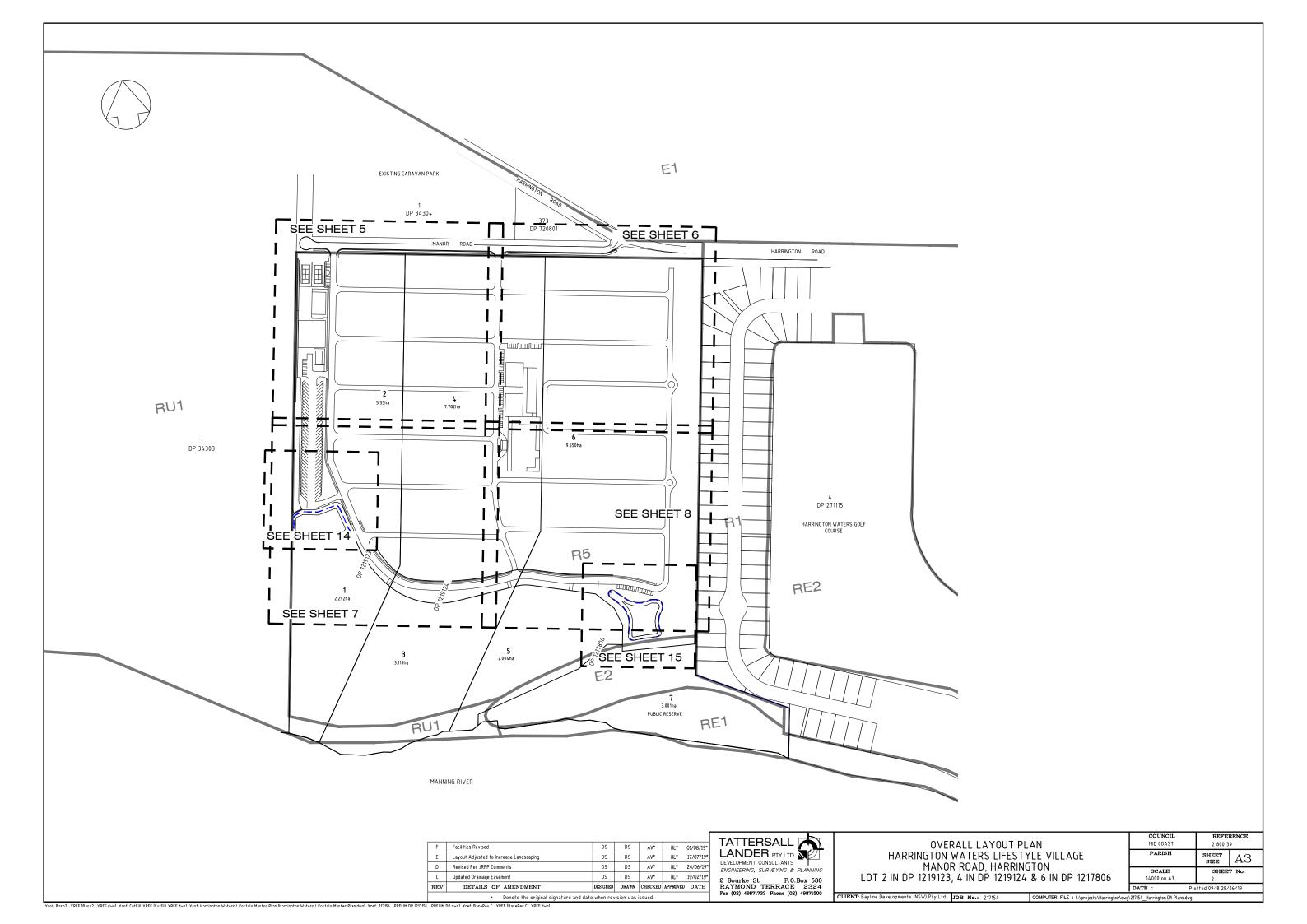
		Schedule of Drawings	
Shee	t File Number	Description	Revision
1	21800138	TITLE PAGE, DRAWING INDEX & LOCALITY SKETCH	F
2	21800139	OVERALL LAYOUT PLAN	F
3	21800140	INDICATIVE STAGING PLAN	F
4	21800141	OVERALL DETAIL PLAN	F
5	21800142	DETAIL SHEET 1	F
6	21800143	DETAIL SHEET 2	F
7	21800144	DETAIL SHEET 3	F
8	21800145	DETAIL SHEET 4	F
9	21800146	GENERAL DETAILS & ROAD TYPICAL SECTIONS	F
10	21800147	ROAD LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS	F
11	21800148	ROAD LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS - SHEET 2	F
12	21800149	ROAD LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS - SHEET 3	F
13	21800150	ROAD LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS - SHEET 4	F
14	21800151	BASIN 1 DETAIL PLAN	F
15	21800152	BASIN 2 DETAIL PLAN	F
16	21800153	BASIN SECTIONS	F
17	21800154	TYPICAL DRAINAGE LONGITUDINAL SECTION	F
18	21800155	SITE CUT-FILL PLAN	F
19	21800156	TYPICAL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN	F
20	21800157	TYPICAL SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN NOTES	F

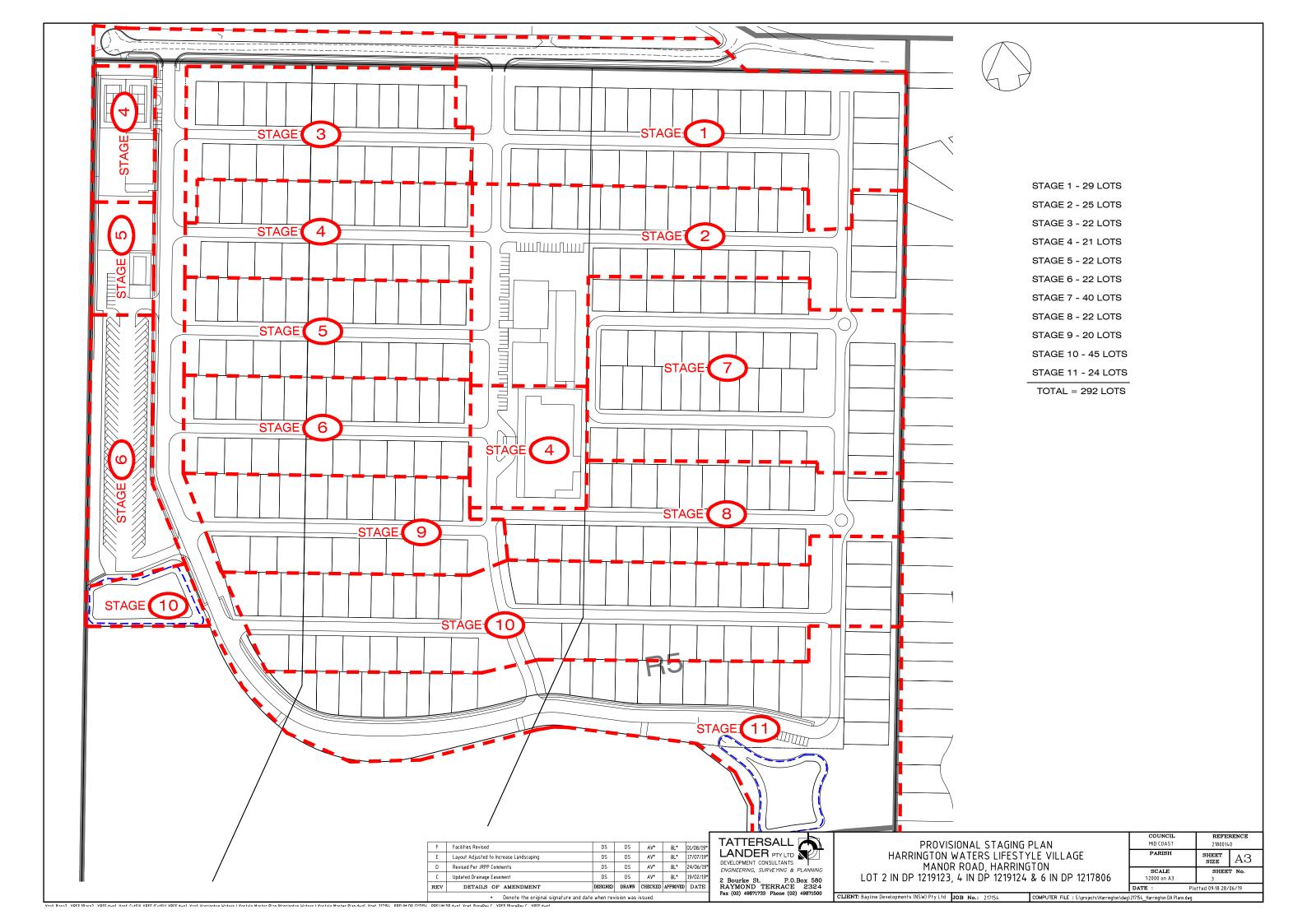


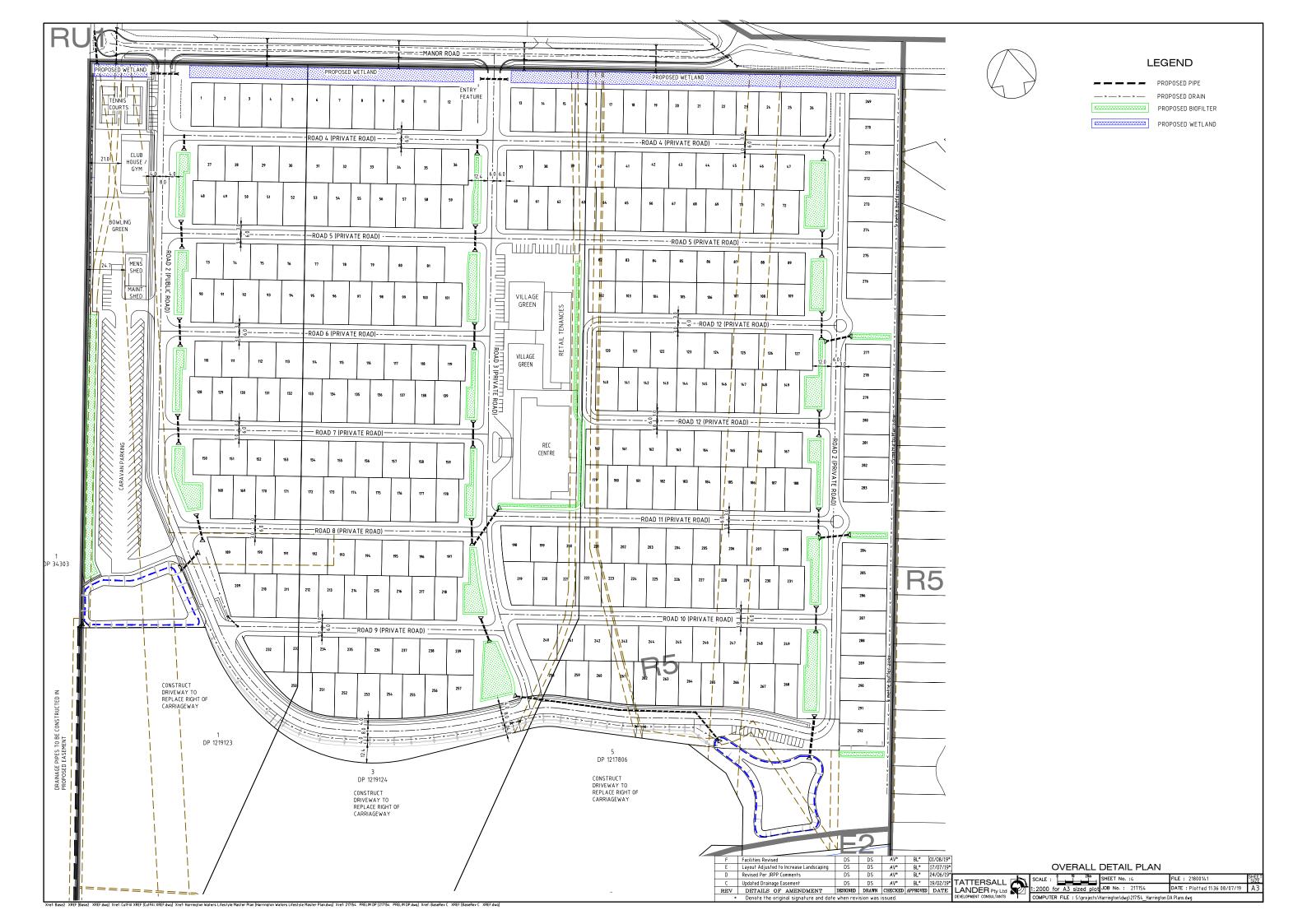
LOCALITY SKETCH

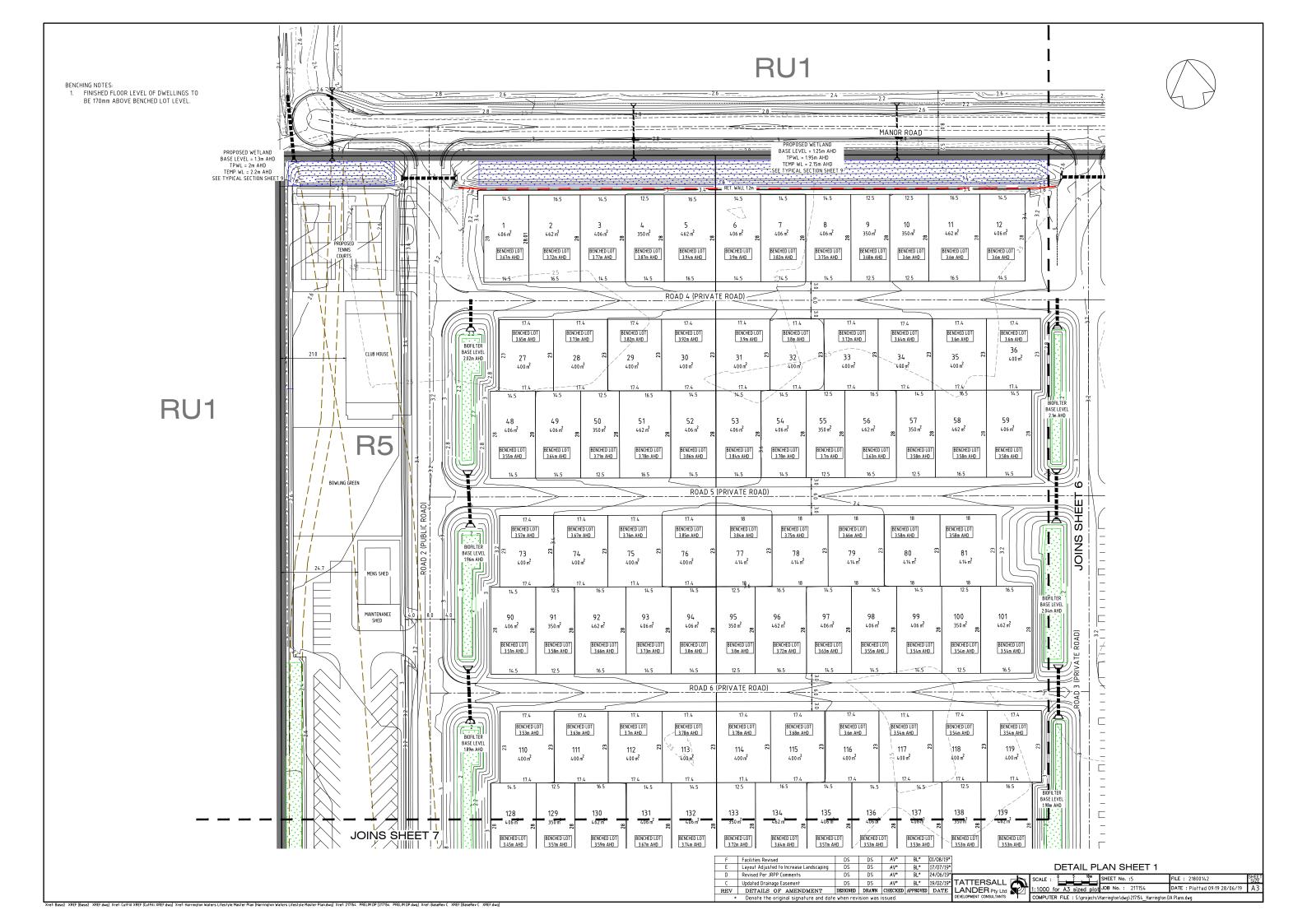
Designed By

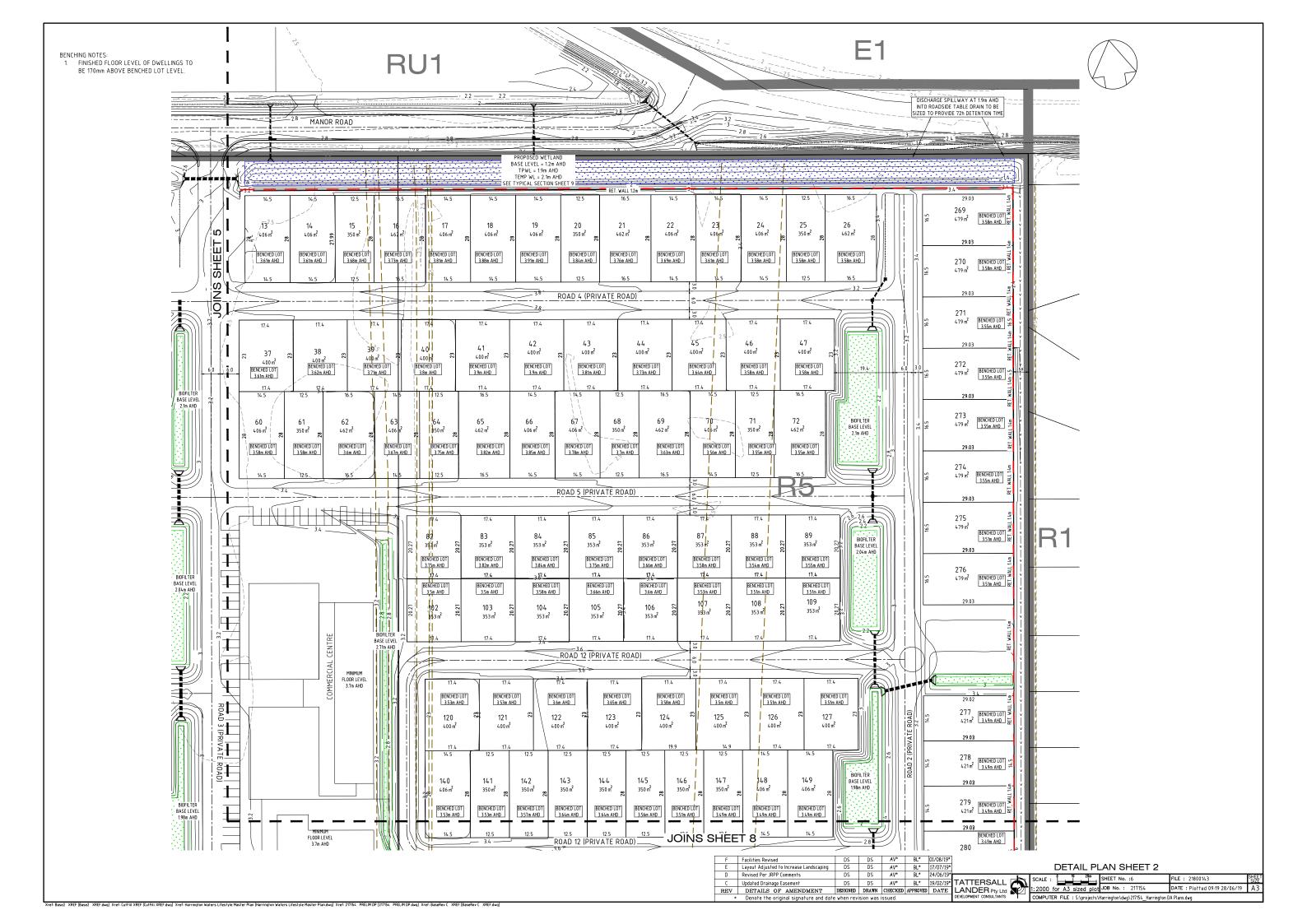
TATTERSALL LANDER PTY LTD DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS IN ENGINEERING, SURVEYING & PLANNING PO Box 580 RAYMOND TERRACE Phone (02) 4987 1500

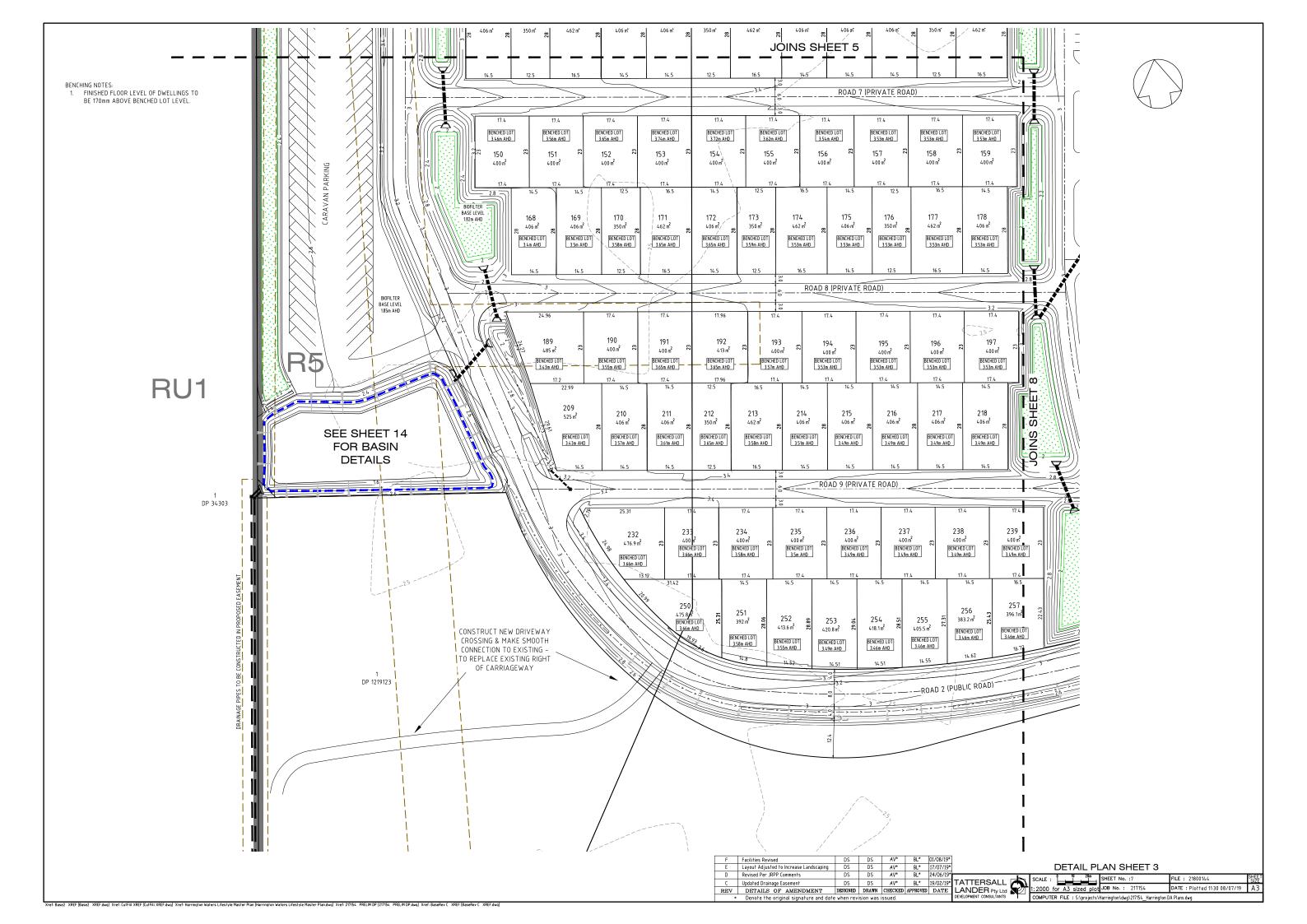


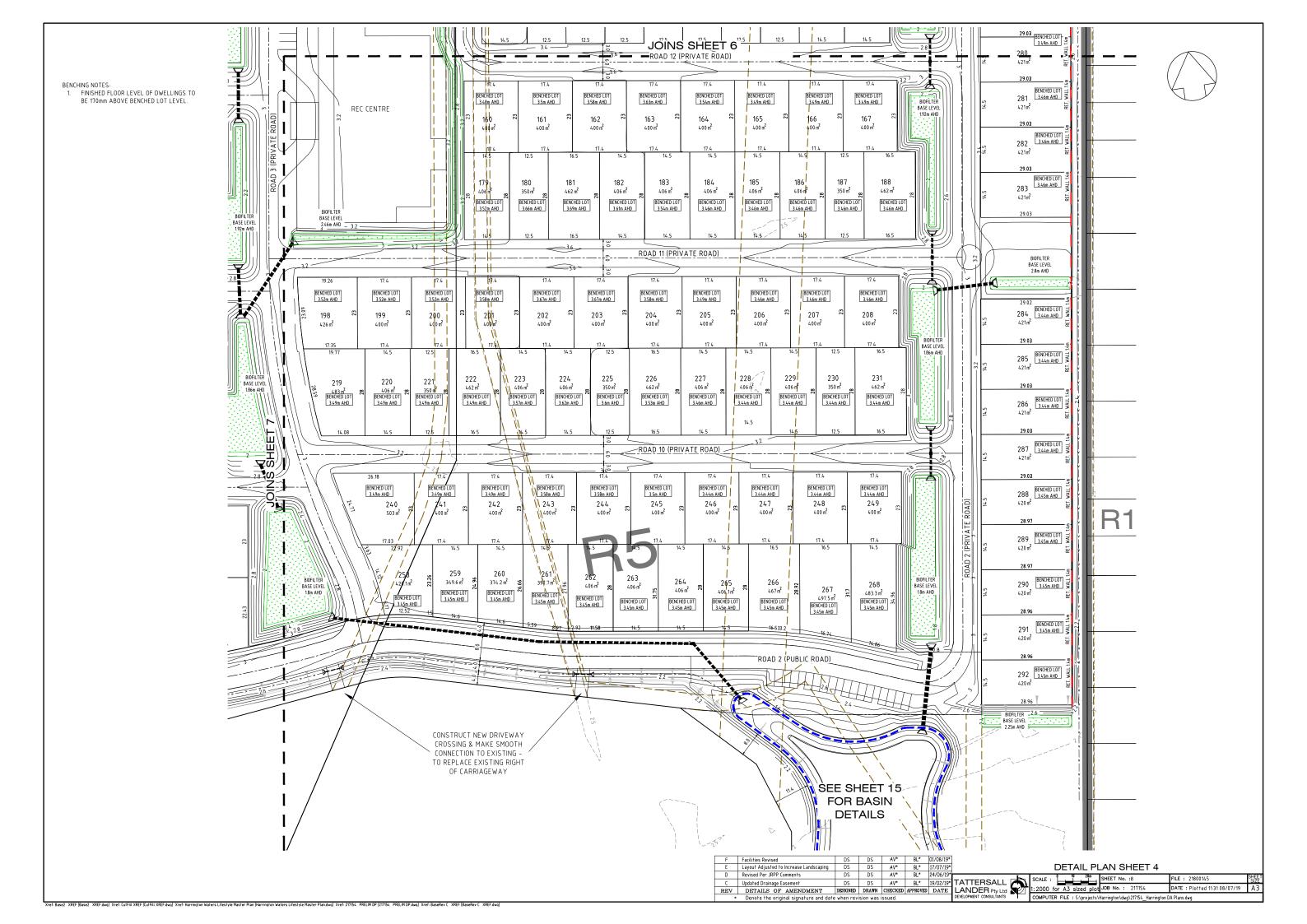


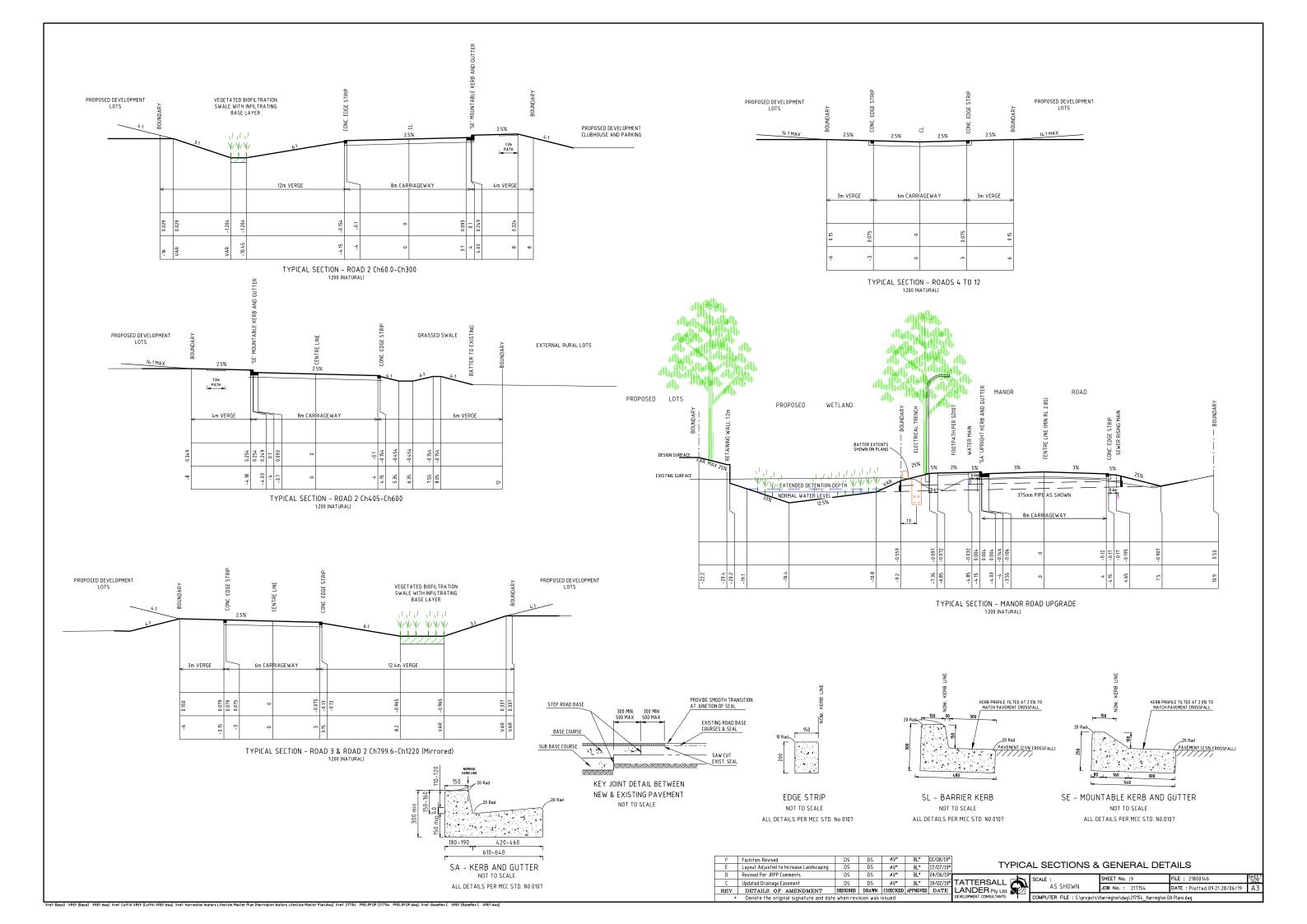


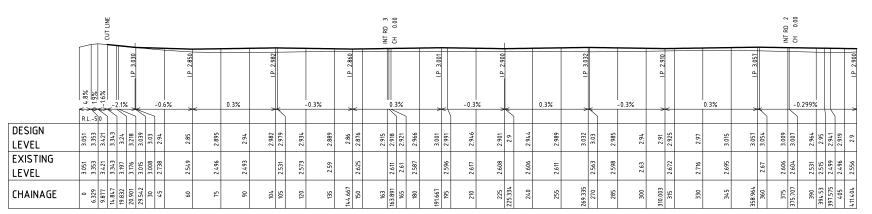








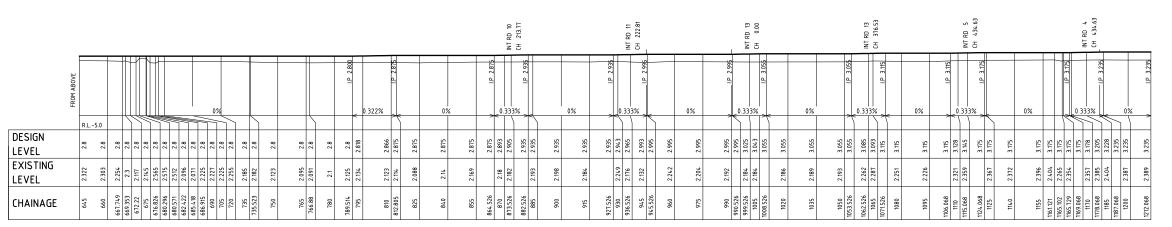




MANOR ROAD H=1:2000 V=1:400

INT RD 6 CH 0.00 RD 8 INT RD 3 CH 425.51 E E 불동 불표 돌프를 E ∃ 3.5% DESIGN 3.131 3.125 3.09 3.09 3.09 3.071 3.065 3.025 3.02 3.02 3.02 3.02 3.02 2.95 2.95 2.95 3.002 2.833 2.818 2.8 2.8 3.269 3.193 2.923 LEVEL 4,627 4,722 4,722 4,722 6,232 1,7284 1,813 7,284 1,813 1,621 1 EXISTING 2.546 600 2.393 604.973 2.394 611.117 2.395 615 2.391 2.674 2.681 2.683 2.685 2.685 2.648 2.604 2.604 LEVEL CHAINAGE

ROAD.No.2 H=1:2000 V=1:400



ROAD.No.2 H=1:2000 V=1:400

г	DEST	DEMAND OF AMENDMENT	DEGICNED	DID A WAY	CHECKED	ADDDOVIDO	DATE	
	С	Updated Drainage Easement	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	19/02/19*	T/
	D	Revised Per JRPP Comments	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	24/06/19*	
	E	Layout Adjusted to Increase Landscaping	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	17/07/19*	
	F	Facilities Revised	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	01/08/19*	

ROAD LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS

D Revised Per JRPP Comments DS DS AV* BL* 24/06/19*
C Updated Drainage Easement DS DS AV* BL* 19/02/19*
REV DETAILS OF AMENDMENT DISSIGNED DRAWN (LINCKERD) APPROVED DATE
* Denote the original signature and date when revision was issued.

* Denote the original signature and date when revision was issued.

* SCALE:

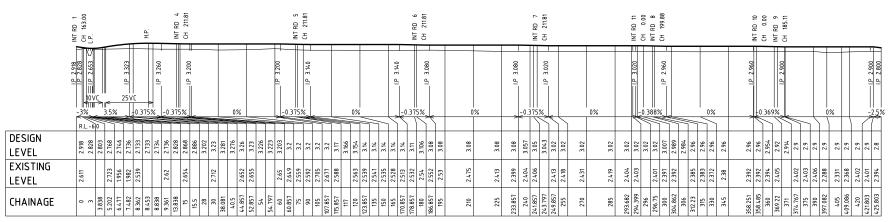
SHEET No. :10 FILE: 2180014.7 SHEET

AS SHOWN

JOB No. : 217154

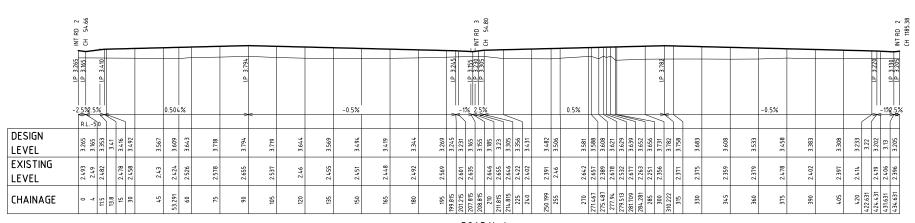
DATE: Plothed 09:21 28/06/19 A3

DEVELOPMENT COMPUTER FILE: S.\projects\Harrington\Day\9\217154_Harringto



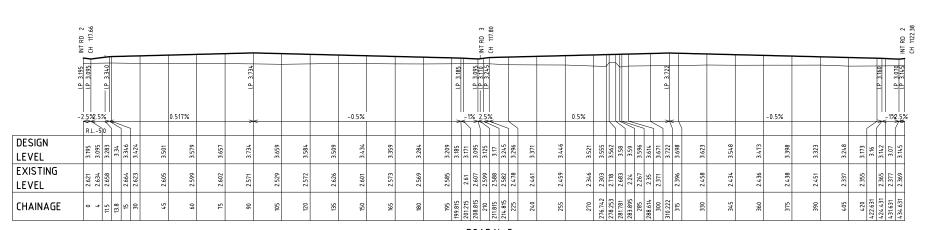
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H=1:2000 V=1:400



ROAD.No.4

H=1:2000 V=1:400



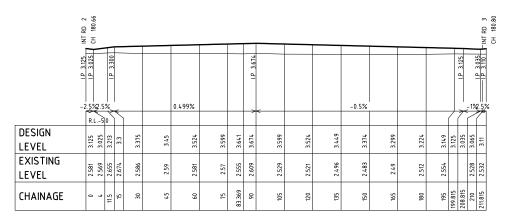
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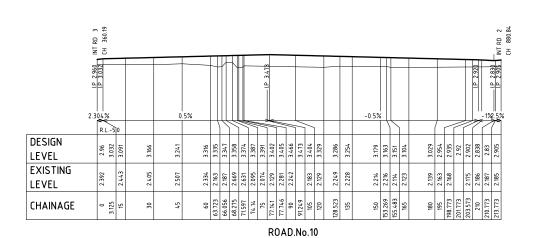
*	* Denote the original signature and date when revision was issued.						DEVELOPME
REV	DETAILS OF AMENDMENT	DESIGNED	DRAWN	CHECKED	APPROVED	DATE	LAND
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D	Revised Per JRPP Comments	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	24/06/19*	
E	Layout Adjusted to Increase Landscaping	DS	DS	AV*		17/07/19*	
F	Facilities Revised	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	01/08/19*	

ROAD LONGITUDINAL S	PUTIONS

RSALL 📥	SCALE :	SHEET No. :11	FILE: 21800148	SHEET
R Pty Ltd	AS SHOWN	JOB No. : 217154	DATE: Plotted 09:21 28/06/19	Α3
CONSULTANTS	COMPUTER FILE : S:\projects\	Harrington\dwg\217154_Harrington [A Plans.dwg	

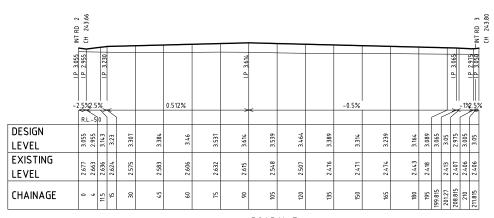


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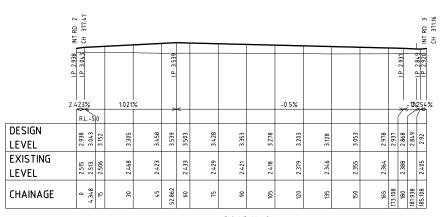


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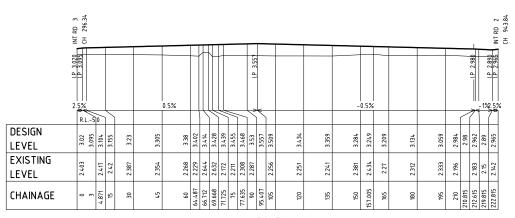
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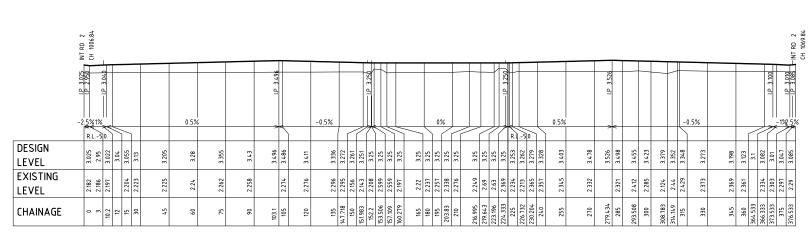


ROAD.No.11 H=1:2000 V=1:400

ı	-	* Denote the original signature and date when revision was issued.						DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS	- 1
	REV	DETAILS OF AMENDMENT	DESIGNED	DRAWN	CHECKED	APPROVED	DATE	LANDER Pty Ltd	N
	С	Updated Drainage Easement	DS	DS	AV*	BL*		TATTERSALL	
[D	Revised Per JRPP Comments	DS	DS	AV*		24/06/19*		ᅚ
	E	Layout Adjusted to Increase Landscaping	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	17/07/19*		F
	F	Facilities Revised	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	01/08/19*		_

ROAD	LONGITUDINA	I SECTIONS

F	SCALE :	SHEET No. :12	FILE: 21800149	SHEET SIZE
ď	AS SHOWN	JOB No. : 217154	DATE: Plotted 09:21 28/06/19	Α3
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 Denote the original signature and date when revision was issued. 						
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D	Revised Per JRPP Comments	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	24/06/19*
E	Layout Adjusted to Increase Landscaping	DS	DS	AV*		17/07/19*
F	Facilities Revised	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	01/08/19*

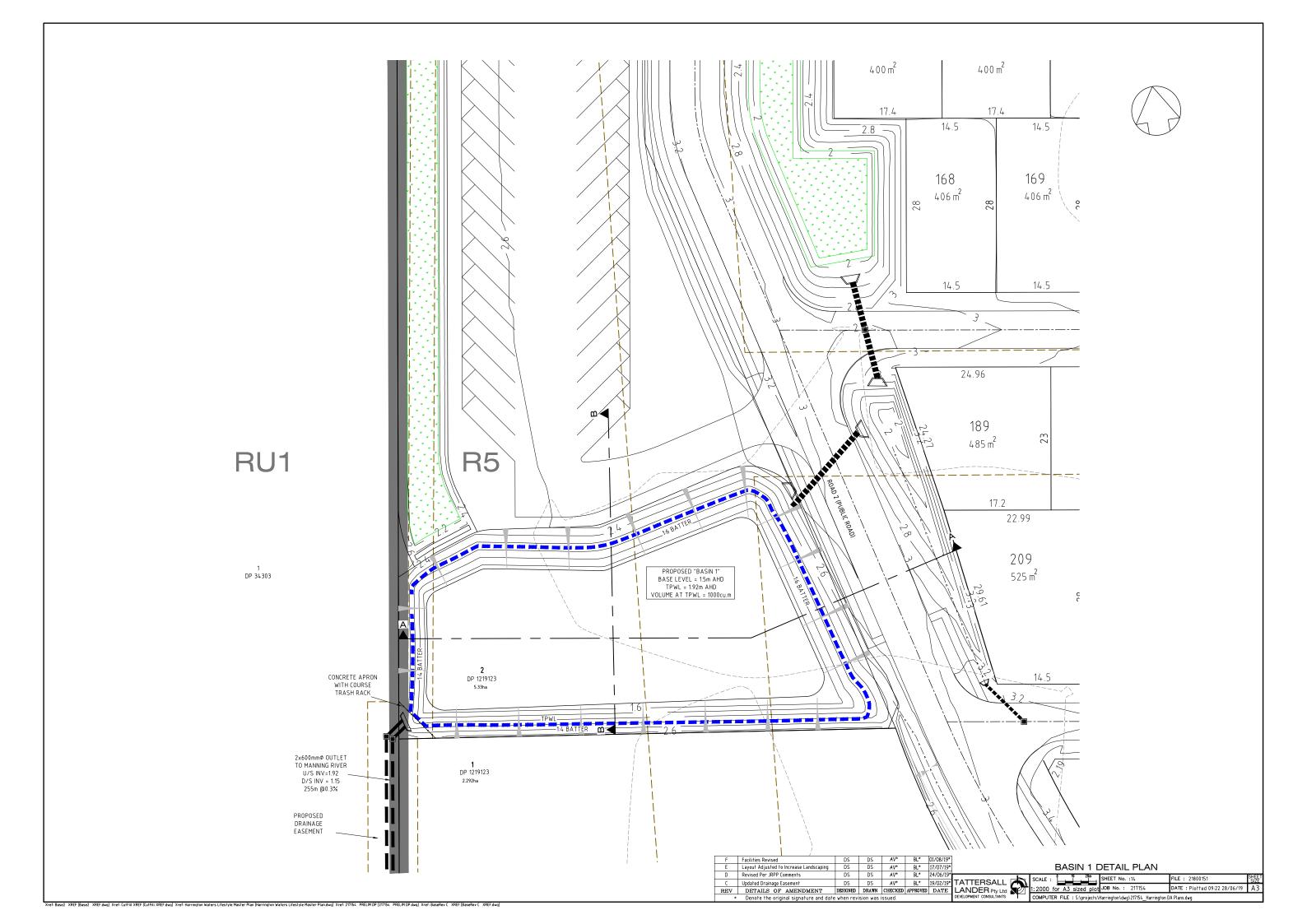
ROAD LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS

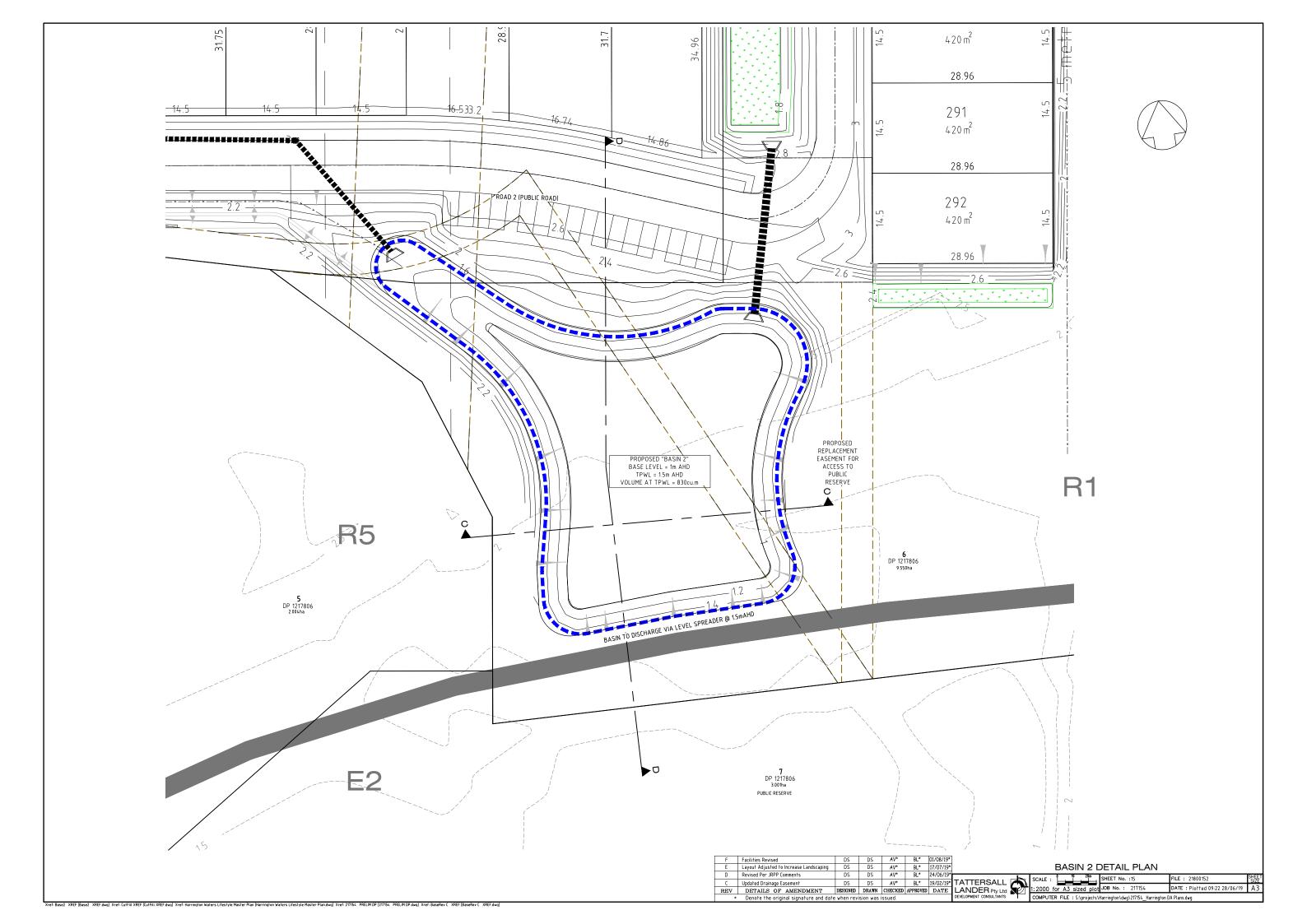
TATTERSALL LANDER Pty Ltd DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS

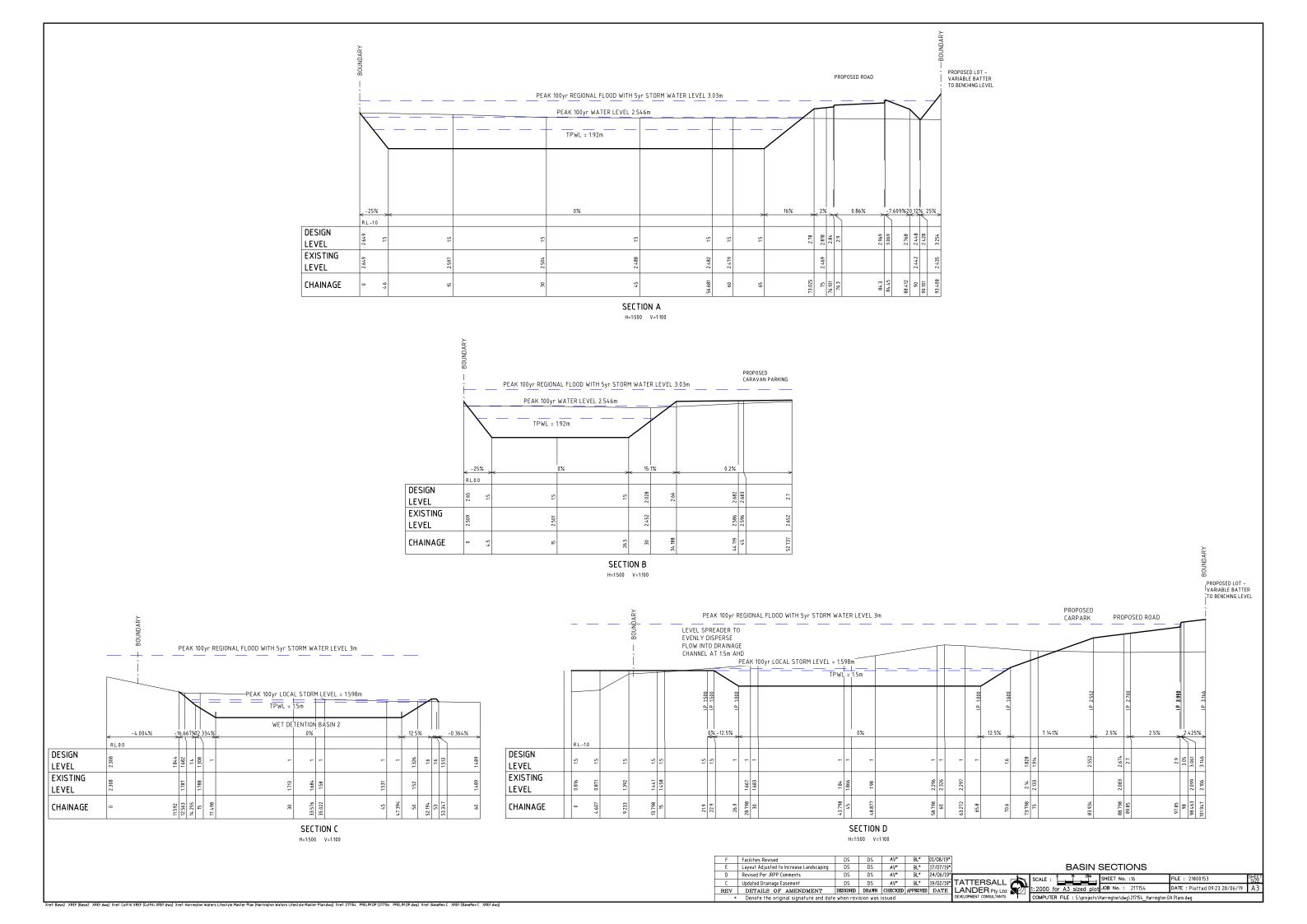
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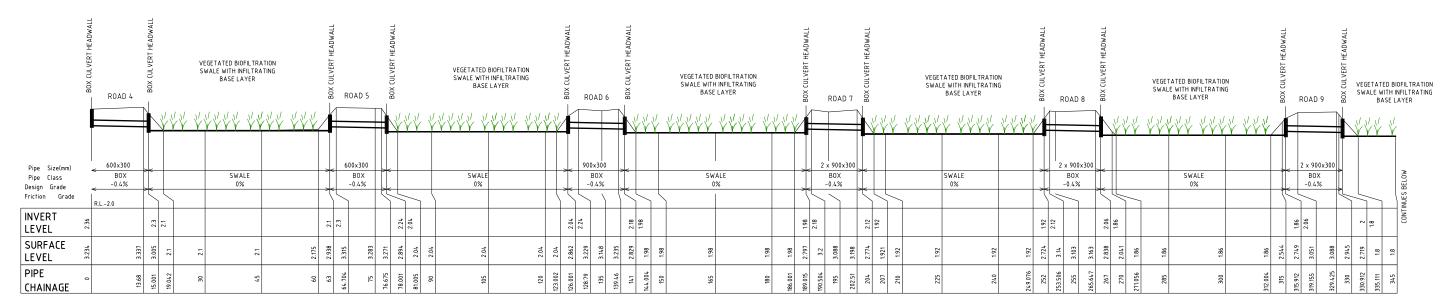
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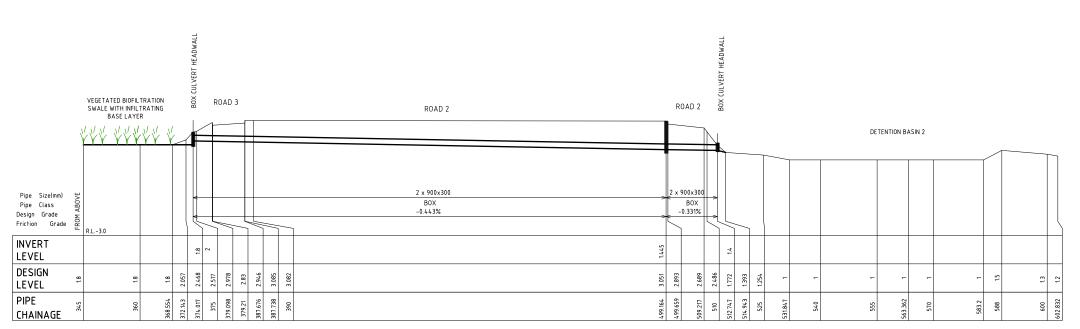






ROAD 3 DRAINAGE LINE

H=1:1000 V=1:200



ROAD 3 DRAINAGE LINE

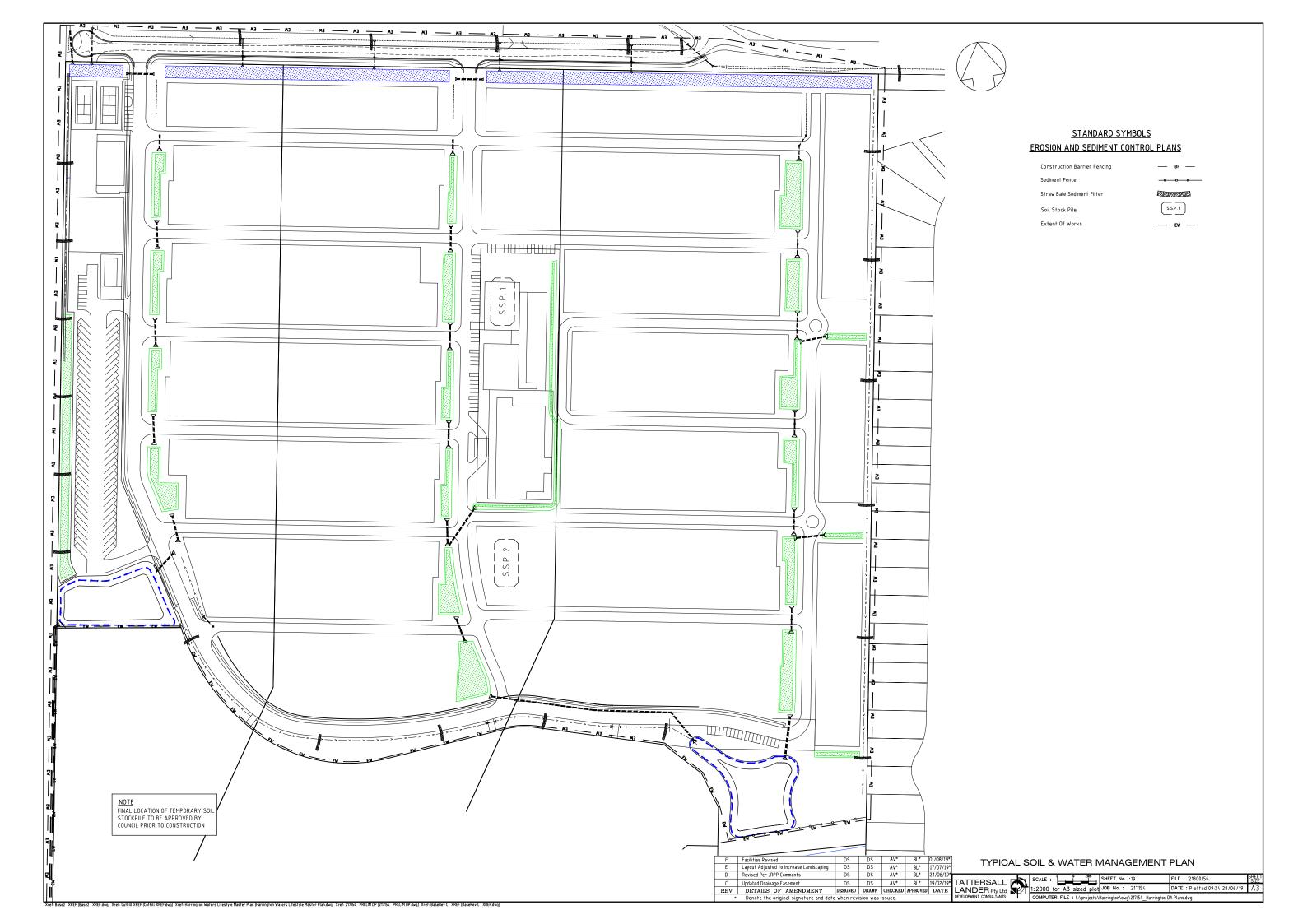
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 Denote the original signature and date when revision was issued. 				DEVELO			
REV	DETAILS OF AMENDMENT	DESIGNED	DRAWN	CHECKED	APPROVED	DATE	LAI
С	Updated Drainage Easement	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	19/02/19*	
D	Revised Per JRPP Comments	DS	DS	AV*		24/06/19*	
Е	Layout Adjusted to Increase Landscaping	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	17/07/19*]
F	Facilities Revised	DS	DS	AV*	BL*	01/08/19*	

TYPICAL DRAINAGE SECTION

ATTERSALL | SCALE : | SHEET No. :17 | FILE : 21800154 | SHEET SIZE |
ANDER Pty Ltd | AS SHOWN | JOB No. : 217154 | DATE : Plotted 09:23 28/06/19 | A3 |
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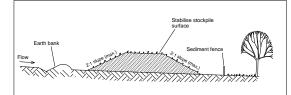




SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT NOTES

- 1. This plan is to be read in conjunction with other engineering plans and any written instructions that may be issued.
- 2. The contractor shall implement all soil erosion and sediment control measures prior to disturbance of the related catchment area and to the satisfaction of the Superintendent
- 3. All positions shown are indicative only and are best determined on site in conjunction with the superintendent. Variations will be permitted to best suit the circumstances.
- 4. Cleared vegetation must be disposed of by :-
- i) chipping or mulching for future landscaping and usage, or
- ii) transport to an approved landfill facility.
- 5. Temporary crossbanks (bunds constructed with earth, straw bales or sandbags), shall be constructed during roadworks to limit slope length, where possible, to 80 metres. These shall be constructed immediately prior to forecast rain and during temporary closure of the site, including weekends
- 6. Temporary rehabilitation should be undertaken on disturbed areas where works have stopped and soils are expected to remain exposed
- 7. Sediment barriers (e.g. sandbags or straw bales) should be located upstream of stormwater inlet pits prior to the road surface being paved and lands upslope being rehabilitated
- 8. At the conclusion of each day sand bags are to be placed at the end of completed sections of road pavement to prevent scouring.
- 9. The contractor will inspect all erosion and pollution control works at least weekly and following every rainfall event greater than 5mm, providing particular attention to the following matters :
- (a) Ensure drains operate effectively and initiate repair as required.(b) Remove spilled sand (or other materials) from hazard areas, including lands closer than 5 metres from likely areas of concentrated or high velocity flows such as waterways and paved areas.
- (c) Ensure rehabilitated lands have effectively reduced the erosion hazard and initiate upgrading or repair as appropriate.
 (d) Construct additional erosion and/or sediment control works as might become necessary to ensure the desired protection is given to
- downslope lands and waterways, i.e.,make ongoing changes to the plan.

 (e) Maintain erosion and sediment control measures in a functioning condition until all earthwork activities are completed and the site is
- (f) Remove temporary soil conservation structures as a last activity in the rehabilitation program.
- 10. Utilise a single access only to the stock pile sites.
- 11. Drop inlets which do not outlet to silt traps shall be blocked until all works are completed.
- 12. Limit disturbed areas on site as much as possible at any one time, and stabilise competed areas as soon as practicable. Lands where works are not to continue for more than 20 working days must be rehabilitated. Such rehabilitation shall involve the spraying of a straw-bitumen mulch to the disturbed lands or equivalent
- 13. Access areas limited to a maximum width of 10 (preferably 5) metres
- 14. Conformity with this plan shall in no way reduce the responsibility of the Contractor to protect against water damage during the course of the contract.
- 15. Topsoil and spoil shall be stockpiled in non-hazard areas and protected from surface run-off by diversion drains or similar. Stockpiles shall be surrounded on downstream sides by silt fencing. Stockpiles shall be suitably compacted to inhibit erosion. Where the stockpiling period exceeds four (4) weeks, the stockpile shall be seeded to encourage vegetation growth.
- 16. Topsoil shall be respread and stabilised as soon as possible. Disturbed areas shall be left with a scarified surface to encourage water infiltration and assist keying in topsoil.
- 17. The contractor shall provide a turf strip behind all kerb and gutter at completion of footpath formation.
- 18. The contractor shall maintain grass cover until all works have been completed including the maintenance period, by frequent watering and mowing where required.
- 19. All drainage works shall be constructed and stabilised as quickly as possible to minimise risk of erosion.
- 20. Vehicular traffic shall be controlled during construction confining access where possible to proposed or existing road alignments plus 3 metres. Areas to be left undisturbed shall be marked off
- 21. Site access shall be restricted to a nominated point. The construction of a shake-down area will be required at the entry to the site.
- 22. Facilities and/or equipment must be provided for the application of water to disturbed areas to minimise the generation of airborne dust from any area disturbed by construction activities.
- 23. Material removed from sediment control structures must be disposed of in a way that does not pollute waters or bushland.
- 24. Waste disposal containers must be provided on site for the collection and disposal of all industrial and domestic type wastes generated
- 25. Concrete wastes or washings from any concrete mixture or deliveries must not be deposited in any location where they can flow or be washed into waters.
- 26. Runoff from vehicle, construction plant or mobile plant maintenance and cleaning areas must be contained, collected and disposed of in a manner to prevent entry into any waters, including sediment retention ponds
- 27. Fuelling of vehicles and construction plant must be carried out with an operator or driver present, and in a way that prevents any spillage occurring.
- 28. Prior to the controlled discharge (e.g. de-watering activities from excavations and sediment basins) of any water (groundwater or sediment laden water) from the site during construction, the following water quality objectives shall be achieved:
 - * not exceed Total Suspended Solids of 50mg/L
 - not exceed Turbidity of 50 NTU
 - * range within pH value of 6 to 8
 - * be < 80% and > 20% saturation dissolved oxygen
 - * have no odour or visible petro-chemical sheen
 - * have no visible litter or waste matter
 - * not contain any other contaminant, chemical or biological condition which causes any measurable adverse effect



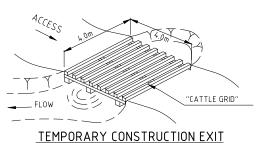
Construction Notes

- Place stockpiles more than 2m (preferably 5m) from existing vegetation, concentrated water flow

- 1. Place stockpiles more than /m preferably 5m) from existing vegeration, concentrared water flow, roads and hazard areas.
 2. Construct on the contour as low, flat, elongated mounds.
 3. Where there is sufficient area, topsoil stockpiles shall be less than 2m in height.
 4. Where they are to be in place for more than 10 days, stabilise following the approved ESCP or SVMP to reduce the C-factor to less than 0.10.
 5. Construct earth banks (Std Drawing 5-5) on the upslope side to divert water around stockpiles & continued from the Control of th sediment fences (Std Drawing 6-8) 1-2m downslope

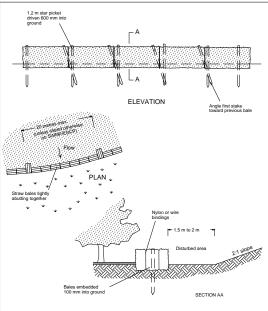
STOCKPILES

SD 4-1



SHAKE-DOWN FACILITY DETAIL (CATTLE GRID)

NOT TO SCALE



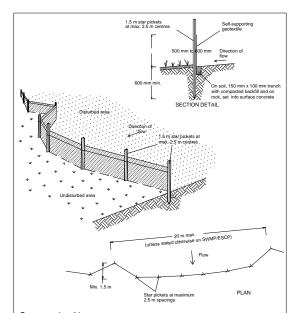
Construction Notes

- Construct the straw bale filter as close as possible to being parallel to the contours of the site.

- Lonstruct the straw bale filter as close as possible to being parallel to the contours of the site.
 Place bales lengthwise in a row with ends thightly abutting. Use straw to fill any gaps between bales. Straws are to be placed parallel to ground.
 Ensure that the maximum height of the filter is one bale.
 Embed each bale in the ground 75 mm to 100 mm and anchor with two 12 metre star pickets or stakes. Angle the first star picket or stake in each bale towards the previously laid bale. Drive them 600 mm into the ground and, if possible, flush with the top of the bales. Where star pickets are used and they protrude above the bales, ensure they are fitted with safety caps.
- Where a straw bale filter is constructed downslope from a disturbed batter, ensure the bales are placed 1 to 2 metres downslope from the too
- Establish a maintenance program that ensures the integrity of the bales is retained they could require replacement each two to four months.

STRAW BALF FILTER

SD 6-7



Construction Notes

- Onstruct sediment fences as close as possible to being parallel to the contours of the site, but with small returns as shown in the drawing to limit the catchment area of any one section. The catchment area should be small enough to limit flow if concentrated at one point to 50 l/s in the design storm, usually the floyr event.

 Cut a 150-mm deep trench along the upslope line of the fence for the bottom of the fabric to be
- Drive 1.5m long star pickets into ground at 2.5m intervals (max) at the downslope edge of the trenc
- Drive 15m long star pickets into ground at 25m intervals (max) at the downslope edge of the trenct
 Ensure any star pickets are fitted with safety caps.
 Fix self-supporting geofextile to the upslope side of the posts ensuring it goes to the base of the
 trench. Fix the geofextile with wire ties or as recommended by the manufacturer. Only use
 geofextile specifically produced for sediment fencing. The use of shade cloth for this purpose is no
 satisfactory.
- satisticationy.

 5. Join sections of fabric at a support post with a 150mm overlap.

 6. Backfill the trench over the base of the fabric and compact it thoroughly over the geotextile

SEDIMENT FENCE

SD 6-8

TYPICAL SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN NOTES

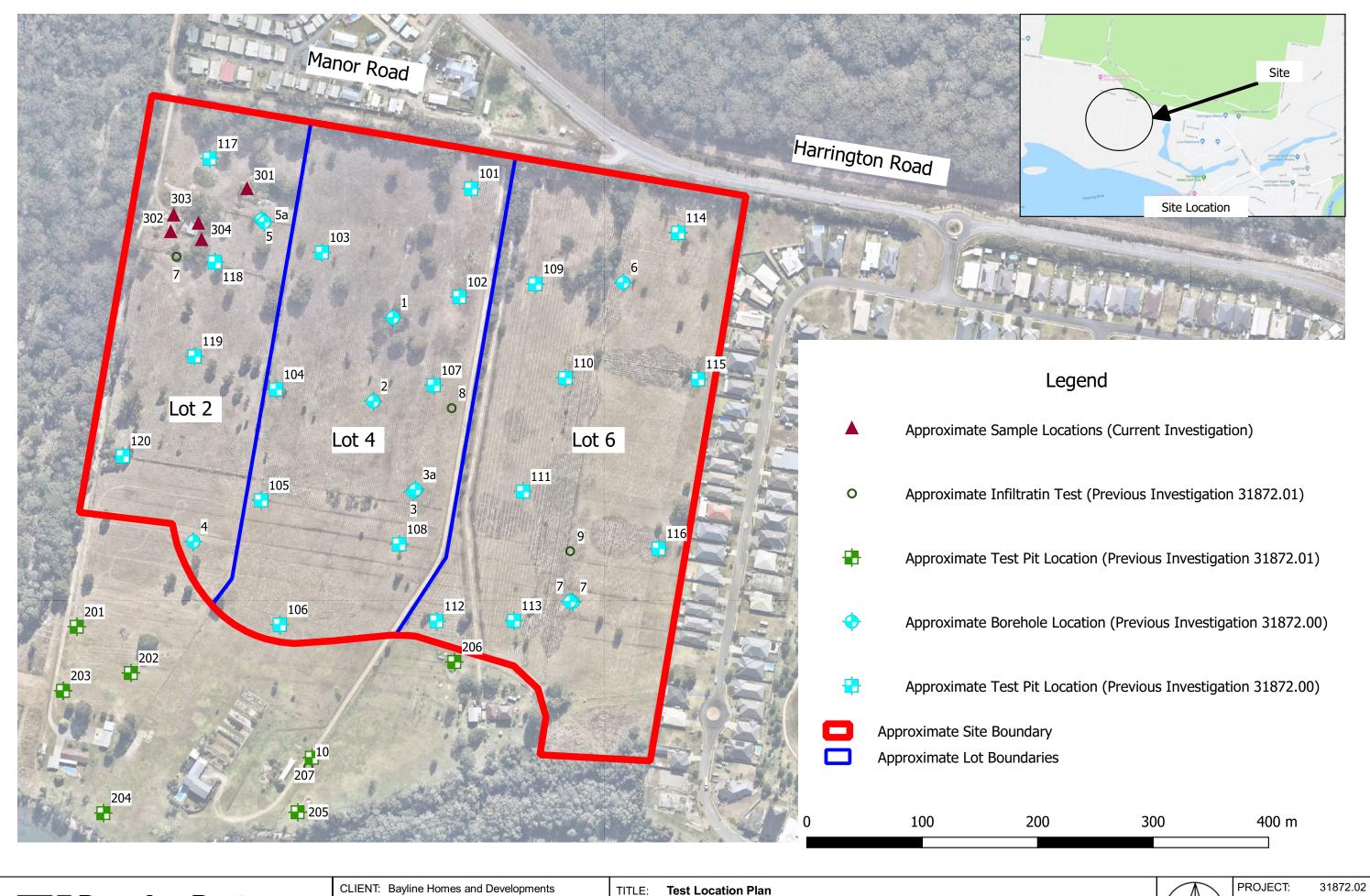
Facilities Revised Layout Adjusted to Increase Landscaping DS DS AV* BL* 17/07/1
DS DS AV* BL* 24/06/1 Revised Per JRPP Comments C Updated Drainage Easement DS DS AV* BL* 19/02/19* TATTERSALL

REV DETAILS OF AMENDMENT DESIGNED DRAWN CHECKED APPROVED DATE

* Denote the original signature and data who revision are increased.**

Appendix E

Drawing 1 – Site Location Plan Drawing 2 – Observed Site Features during Walkover



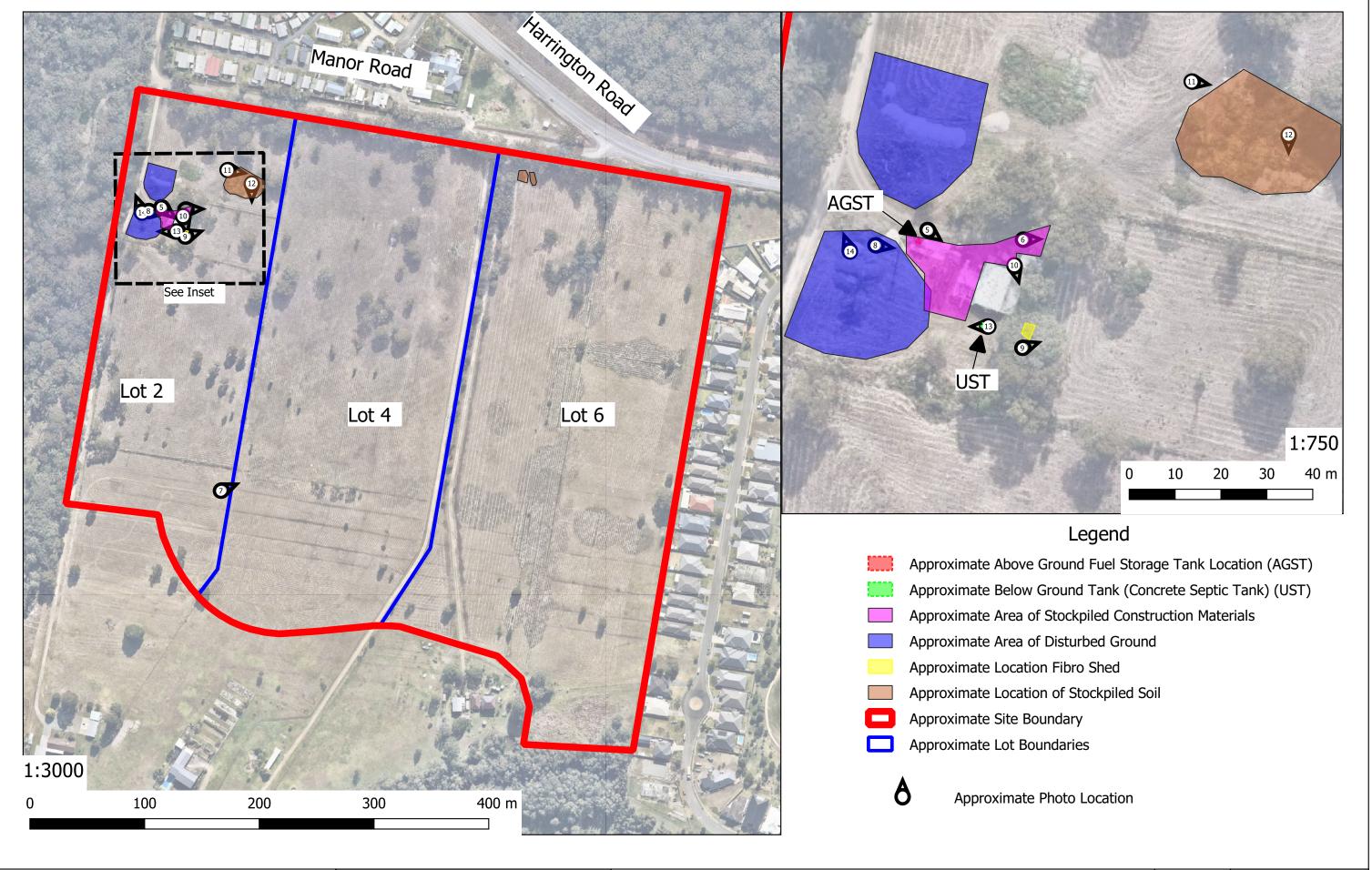


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OFFICE: Port Macquarie	DRAWN BY: JRC
SCALE: 1:3000 @ A3	DATE: 08 July 2019

Test Location Plan
Proposed Harrington Waters Lifestyle Village
26, 48 and 56 Manor Road, Harrington



/	PROJECT:	31872.02
)	DRAWING No:	1
/	REVISION:	0





CLIENT: Bayline Homes and Developments		
OFFICE: Port Macquarie DRAWN BY: JRC		
SCALE: See Drawing	DATE: 08 July 2019	

Observed Site Features During Walkover Proposed Harrington Waters Lifestyle Village 26, 48 and 56 Manor Road, Harrington



/	PROJECT:	31872.02
	DRAWING No:	2
/	REVISION:	0